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Rules summary sheet for the Billabong Creek Alluvial Groundwater Source

Water Sharing Plan for the Murray Alluvial Groundwater Sources 2020

Table 1. Plan details

Water sharing plan	Murray Alluvial Groundwater Sources 2020
Plan commencement	1 July 2020
Term of the plan	10 years

Important: This fact sheet summarises the rules contained in the *Water Sharing Plan for the Murray Alluvial Groundwater Sources 2020.* It is intended as a guide only. Consult the water sharing plan for further details which can be accessed via the department's website: https://www.industry.nsw.gov.au/water/plans-programs/water-sharing-plans/status.

Approvals and licences also contain conditions that holders must comply with. You can access this information from your 'Statement of Approval' or 'Statement of Conditions' or alternatively via https://waternsw.com.au.

Table 2. Limits to the availability of water

Limit	Explanation
Long-term average annual extraction limit	The long-term average annual extraction limit (LTAAEL) is 7,500 ML/year.
Compliance with the long-term average annual extraction limit	Average extractions for the preceding five-year period will be assessed against the LTAAEL. If growth in extractions causes the five-year average to exceed LTAAEL by more than 10%, maximum water account debits or available water determinations will be used to return the average extraction volume to the LTAAEL.
Available water determinations	Available water determinations (AWDs) will be made at the start of each water year for: • domestic and stock, local water utility and, salinity and water table management access licences—100% of the share component unless the minister determines otherwise • aquifer access licences—1 ML/unit share or a lower amount if required to return the five-year average extraction volume to the LTAAEL.



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Table 3. Rules for granting access licences

Туре	Rules
Granting of access licences	Granting of specific purpose access licences may be considered for the following categories:
	specific purpose access licences under the Water Management (General) Regulation 2018 (or any replacement regulation)
	 aquifer (Aboriginal cultural) access licences up to a maximum of 10 ML/year per application
	salinity and water table management access licence.

Table 4. Rules for managing access licences

Туре	Rules
Carryover and account limit	No carryover is permitted for domestic and stock, local water utility and salinity and water table management access licences.
	For aquifer access licences, carryover of up to 2 ML per unit share of the access licence share component is permitted to be carried over from one water year to the next water year, with a maximum account take limit of 3 ML per unit share of the access licence or a lower volume if required to return the five-year average extraction volume to the LTAAEL, plus any adjustments made for allocation assignments or water allocation re-credited into the account.

Table 5. Trading rules

Trade type	Rules
Into groundwater source	Not permitted.
Within groundwater source	Permitted, subject to assessment.
Out of groundwater source	Not permitted.



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Table 6. Rules for water supply works approvals

Туре	Rules
Rules to minimise interference between bores	Water supply work (bores) approvals may not be granted or amended if the work is within the following distances:
	 500 m of an existing bore, on another landholding in the same water source, that is used solely for basic landholder rights
	 500 m of an existing bore, on another landholding in the same water source, that is not used solely for basic landholder rights
	 250 m of the boundary of the property (unless written consent gained from neighbour)
	 500 m of a local water utility or major water utility bore, in the same water source (unless written consent gained from the utility)
	 500 m of a government monitoring or observation bore.
	The plan lists circumstances in which these distance conditions may be varied.
	Note: These rules do not apply to replacement bores.
Rules for bores located near	Water supply work (bores) approvals may not be granted or amended if the work is located within the following distances:
contamination sources	500 m of a contamination source
3001003	250 m of the edge of a plume associated with a contamination source
	 between 250 m and 500 m from the edge of a plume associated with a contamination source unless no drawdown of water will occur within 250 m of the plume
	250 m of an on-site sewage disposal system.
	The plan lists circumstances in which these distance conditions may be varied.
	Note: Contamination sources are identified in Schedule 2 of the plan.
	Note: These rules apply to new and replacement bores and bores used solely for basic landholder rights.
	Note: These rules do not apply for bores that are to be used for monitoring, environmental remediation activities or emergency services.



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Туре	Rules
Rules for bores located near high-priority, groundwater-	Water supply work (bores) approvals may not be granted or amended if the work is within the following distances of any high-priority, groundwater-dependent ecosystem (GDE), or a river:
dependent	40 m from the top of the high bank of a river
ecosystems	 200 m of a high priority GDE for bores that are not used solely for basic landholder rights.
	The plan lists circumstances in which these distance conditions may be varied.
	Note: High-priority GDEs (vegetation ecosystems) are defined on the legal map (full colour and zoomable) found at http://www.legislation.nsw.gov.au . An overview of this map can be found in Appendix 2 of the plan.
	Note: These rules do not apply to replacement bores.
	Note: These rules do not apply for bores that are to be used for monitoring, environmental remediation activities or emergency services.
Rules for bores located near groundwater-	Water supply work (bores) approvals may not be granted or amended if the work is located within the following distances of a groundwater-dependent, culturally significant area:
dependent, culturally significant areas	200 m for bores not used for solely basic landholder rights.
significant areas	The plan lists circumstances in which these distance conditions may be varied.
	Note: Groundwater-dependent, culturally significant areas may be identified during the term of the plan. Aboriginal people may also identify culturally significant areas when applications for new or amended water supply works are advertised. Potential groundwater-dependent, culturally significant areas will be considered in the assessment of any application for a water supply work approval within the area of the plan.
	Note: These rules do not apply to replacement bores.
	Note: These rules do not apply for bores that are to be used for monitoring, environmental remediation activities or emergency services.



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Туре	Rules
Rules for bores used solely for basic landholder rights	Water supply work (bores) approvals used solely for basic landholder rights may not be granted or amended if the work is within the following distances:
	 100 m of a government monitoring or observation bore 40 m from the top of the high bank of a river 100 m of a high-priority GDE 100 m of a groundwater-dependent, culturally significant area.
	The plan lists circumstances in which these distance conditions may be varied.
	Note: These rules do not apply to replacement bores.
	Note: High-priority GDEs (vegetation ecosystems) are defined on the legal map (full colour and zoomable) found at http://www.legislation.nsw.gov.au . An overview of this map can be found in Appendix 2 of the plan.
	Note: Groundwater-dependent, culturally significant areas may be identified during the term of the plan. Aboriginal people may also identify culturally significant areas when applications for new or amended water supply works are advertised. Potential groundwater-dependent, culturally significant areas will be considered in the assessment of any application for a water supply work approval within the area of the plan.
Rules for replacement	Replacement groundwater works means a water supply work that:
groundwater works	will replace an existing authorised water supply work, constructed to extract groundwater from same groundwater source and at same depth of existing works
	within 20 m of existing works, and no closer to top of high riverbank if within 40 m from top of high riverbank
	will have no greater internal diameter or excavation footprint than existing works.

More information about the planning process and the *Water Sharing Plan for the Murray Alluvial Groundwater Sources 2020* is available at the Department of Planning, Industry and Environment's website: https://www.industry.nsw.gov.au/water/plans-programs/water-sharing-plans.

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Rules summary sheet for the Lower Murray Groundwater Source

Water Sharing Plan for the Murray Alluvial Groundwater Sources 2020

Table 1. Plan details

Water sharing plan	Murray Alluvial Groundwater Sources 2020
Plan commencement	1 July 2020
Term of the plan	10 years

Important: This fact sheet summarises the rules contained in the *Water Sharing Plan for the Murray Alluvial Groundwater Sources 2020.* It is intended as a guide only. Consult the water sharing plan for further details which can be accessed via the department's website: https://www.industry.nsw.gov.au/water/plans-programs/water-sharing-plans/status.

Approvals and licences also contain conditions that holders must comply with. You can access this information from your 'Statement of Approval' or 'Statement of Conditions' or alternatively via https://waternegister.waternsw.com.au.

Table 2. Limits to the availability of water

Limit	Explanation
Long-term average annual extraction limit	The long-term average annual extraction limit (LTAAEL) is 88,900 ML/year.
Compliance with the long-term average annual extraction limit	Average extractions for the preceding five-year period will be assessed against the LTAAEL. If growth in extractions causes the five-year average to exceed LTAAEL by more than 5%, maximum water account debits or available water determinations will be used to return the average extraction volume to the LTAAEL.
Available water determinations	Available water determinations (AWDs) will be made at the start of each water year for:
	 domestic and stock, and local water utility access licences—100% of the share component unless the minister determines otherwise aquifer access licences—1 ML/unit share or a lower amount if required to return the five-year average extraction volume to the LTAAEL.

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Table 3. Rules for granting access licences

Туре	Rules
Granting of access licences	Granting of specific purpose access licences may be considered for the following categories:
	 specific purpose access licences under the Water Management (General) Regulation 2018 (or any replacement regulation) aquifer (Aboriginal cultural) access licences up to a maximum of 10 ML/year per application.

Table 4. Rules for managing access licences

Туре	Rules
Carryover and account limit	No carryover is permitted for domestic and stock and local water utility access licences.
	For aquifer access licences, carryover of up to 2 ML per unit share of the access licence share component is permitted to be carried over from one water year to the next water year, with a maximum account take limit of 1.5 ML per unit share of the access licence or a lower volume if required to return the five-year average extraction volume to the LTAAEL, plus any adjustments made for allocation assignments or water allocation re-credited into the account.

Table 5. Trading rules

Trade type	Rules
Into groundwater source	Not permitted.
Within groundwater source	Permitted, subject to assessment.
Out of groundwater source	Not permitted.

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Table 6. Rules for water supply works approvals

Туре	Rules
Rules to minimise interference between	Water supply work (bores) approvals may not be granted or amended if the work is within the following distances:
bores	 400 m of an existing bore, on another landholding in the same water source, that is used solely for basic landholder rights 1,000 m of an existing bore, on another landholding in the same water source, that is not used solely for basic landholder rights 500 m of the boundary of the property (unless written consent gained from neighbour) 1,000 m of a local water utility or major water utility bore, in the same water source (unless written consent gained from the utility) 500 m of a government monitoring or observation bore.
	The plan lists circumstances in which these distance conditions may be varied.
	Note: These rules do not apply to replacement bores.
Rules for bores located near	Water supply work (bores) approvals may not be granted or amended if the work is located within the following distances:
contamination sources	500 m of a contamination source
333	250 m of the edge of a plume associated with a contamination source
	 between 250 m and 500 m from the edge of a plume associated with a contamination source unless no drawdown of water will occur within 250 m of the plume
	 250 m of an on-site sewage disposal system.
	The plan lists circumstances in which these distance conditions may be varied.
	Note: Contamination sources are identified in Schedule 2 of the plan.
	Note: These rules apply to new and replacement bores and bores used solely for basic landholder rights.
	Note: These rules do not apply for bores that are to be used for monitoring, environmental remediation activities or emergency services.





Туре	Rules
Rules for bores located near high- priority, groundwater-	Water supply work (bores) approvals may not be granted or amended if the work is within the following distances of any high-priority, groundwater-dependent ecosystem (GDE), or a river:
dependent	40 m from the top of the high bank of a river
ecosystems	 200 m of a high-priority GDE for bores that are not used solely for basic landholder rights.
	The plan lists circumstances in which these distance conditions may be varied.
	Note: High-priority GDEs (vegetation ecosystems) are defined on the legal map (full colour and zoomable) found at http://www.legislation.nsw.gov.au . An overview of this map can be found in Appendix 2 of the plan.
	Note: These rules do not apply to replacement bores.
	Note: These rules do not apply for bores that are to be used for monitoring, environmental remediation activities or emergency services.
Rules for bores located near groundwater-	Water supply work (bores) approvals may not be granted or amended if the work is located within the following distances of a groundwater-dependent, culturally significant area:
dependent, culturally significant areas	200 m for bores not used solely for basic landholder rights.
significant areas	The plan lists circumstances in which these distance conditions may be varied.
	Note: Groundwater-dependent, culturally significant areas may be identified during the term of the plan. Aboriginal people may also identify culturally significant areas when applications for new or amended water supply works are advertised. Potential groundwater-dependent, culturally significant areas will be considered in the assessment of any application for a water supply work approval within the area of the plan.
	Note: These rules do not apply to replacement bores.
	Note: These rules do not apply for bores that are to be used for monitoring, environmental remediation activities or emergency services.





Туре	Rules
Rules for bores used solely for basic landholder rights	Water supply work (bores) approvals used solely for basic landholder rights may not be granted or amended if the work is within the following distances:
	 100 m of a government monitoring or observation bore 40 m from the top of the high bank of a river 100 m of a high-priority GDE 100 m of a groundwater-dependent, culturally significant area. The plan lists circumstances in which these distance conditions may be varied. Note: These rules do not apply to replacement bores. Note: High-priority GDEs (vegetation ecosystems) are defined on the legal map (full colour and zoomable) found at http://www.legislation.nsw.gov.au. An overview of this map can be
	found in Appendix 2 of the plan. Note: Groundwater-dependent, culturally significant areas may be identified during the term of the plan. Aboriginal people may also identify culturally significant areas when applications for new or amended water supply works are advertised. Potential groundwater-dependent, culturally significant areas will be considered in the assessment of any application for a water supply work approval within the area of the plan.
Rules for replacement groundwater works	 Replacement groundwater works means a water supply work that: will replace an existing authorised water supply work, constructed to extract groundwater from same groundwater source and at same depth of existing works within 20 m of existing works, and no closer to top of high riverbank if within 40 m from top of high riverbank will have no greater internal diameter or excavation footprint than existing works.

More information about the planning process and the *Water Sharing Plan for the Murray Alluvial Groundwater Sources 2020* is available at the Department of Planning, Industry and Environment's website: https://www.industry.nsw.gov.au/water/plans-programs/water-sharing-plans.



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Rules summary sheet for the Lower Murray Shallow Groundwater Source

Water Sharing Plan for the Murray Alluvial Groundwater Sources 2020

Table 1. Plan details

Water sharing plan	Murray Alluvial Groundwater Sources 2020
Plan commencement	1 July 2020
Term of the plan	10 years

Important: This fact sheet summarises the rules contained in the *Water Sharing Plan for the Murray Alluvial Groundwater Sources 2020.* It is intended as a guide only. Consult the water sharing plan for further details which can be accessed via the department's website: https://www.industry.nsw.gov.au/water/plans-programs/water-sharing-plans/status.

Approvals and licences also contain conditions that holders must comply with. You can access this information from your 'Statement of Approval' or 'Statement of Conditions' or alternatively via https://waternegister.waternsw.com.au.

Table 2. Limits to the availability of water

Limit	Explanation
Long-term average annual extraction limit	The long-term average annual extraction limit (LTAAEL) is 81,893 ML/year.
Compliance with the long-term average annual extraction limit	Average extractions for the preceding five-year period will be assessed against the LTAAEL. If growth in extractions causes the five-year average to exceed LTAAEL by more than 10%, maximum water account debits or available water determinations will be used to return the average extraction volume to the LTAAEL.
Available water determinations	Available water determinations (AWDs) will be made at the start of each water year for: • domestic and stock, local water utility and, salinity and water table management access licences—100% of the share component unless the minister determines otherwise • aquifer access licences—1 ML/unit share or a lower amount if required to return the five-year average extraction volume to the LTAAEL.



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Table 3. Rules for granting access licences

Туре	Rules
Granting of access licences	Granting of specific purpose access licences may be considered for the following categories:
	 specific purpose access licences under the Water Management (General) Regulation 2018 (or any replacement regulation)
	 aquifer (Aboriginal cultural) access licences up to a maximum of 10 ML/year per application
	salinity and water table management access licence.

Table 4. Rules for managing access licences

Туре	Rules
Carryover and account limit	No carryover is permitted for domestic and stock, local water utility and salinity and water table management access licences.
	For aquifer access licences, carryover of up to 1 ML per unit share of the access licence share component is permitted to be carried over from one water year to the next water year, with a maximum account take limit of 1.5 ML per unit share of the access licence or a lower volume if required to return the five-year average extraction volume to the LTAAEL, plus any adjustments made for allocation assignments or water allocation re-credits into the account.

Table 5. Trading rules

Trade type	Rules
Into groundwater source	Not permitted.
Within groundwater source	Generally permitted, subject to assessment, except prohibited when from the Lower Murray Shallow (Western) Management Zone to the Lower Murray Shallow (Eastern) Management Zone.
Out of groundwater source	Not permitted.



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Table 6. Rules for water supply works approvals

Туре	Rules
Rules to minimise interference between bores	Water supply work (bores) approvals may not be granted or amended if the work is within the following distances:
	 400 m of an existing bore, on another landholding in the same water source, that is used solely for basic landholder rights
	 400 m of an existing bore, on another landholding in the same water source that is not used solely for basic landholder rights
	 200 m of the boundary of the property (unless written consent gained from neighbour)
	 1,000 m of a local water utility or major water utility bore, in the same water source (unless written consent gained from the utility)
	200 m of a government monitoring or observation bore
	 100 metres of an irrigation channel (unless written consent gained from rural water service provider).
	The plan lists circumstances in which these distance conditions may be varied.
	Note: These rules do not apply to replacement bores.
Rules for bores located near	Water supply work (bores) approvals may not be granted or amended if the work is located within the following distances:
contamination	500 m of a contamination source
sources	250 m of the edge of a plume associated with a contamination source
	 between 250 m and 500 m from the edge of a plume associated with a contamination source unless no drawdown of water will occur within 250 m of the plume
	250 m of an on-site sewage disposal system.
	The plan lists circumstances in which these distance conditions may be varied.
	Note: Contamination sources are identified in Schedule 2 of the plan.
	Note: These rules apply to new and replacement bores and bores used solely for basic landholder rights.
	Note: These rules do not apply for bores that are to be used for monitoring, environmental remediation activities or emergency services.



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Туре	Rules
Rules for bores located near high- priority, groundwater-	Water supply work (bores) approvals may not be granted or amended if the work is within the following distances of any high-priority, groundwater-dependent ecosystem (GDE), or a river:
dependent	40 m from the top of the high bank of a river
ecosystems	 200 m of a high-priority GDE for bores that are not used solely for basic landholder rights.
	The plan lists circumstances in which these distance conditions may be varied.
	Note: High-priority GDEs (vegetation ecosystems) are defined on the legal map (full colour and zoomable) found at http://www.legislation.nsw.gov.au . An overview of this map can be found in Appendix 2 of the plan.
	Note: These rules do not apply to replacement bores.
	Note: These rules do not apply for bores that are to be used for monitoring, environmental remediation activities or emergency services.
Rules for bores located near groundwater-	Water supply work (bores) approvals may not be granted or amended if the work is located within the following distances of a groundwater-dependent, culturally significant area:
dependent, culturally significant areas	200 m for bores not used solely for basic landholder rights.
significant areas	The plan lists circumstances in which these distance conditions may be varied.
	Note: Groundwater-dependent, culturally significant areas may be identified during the term of the plan. Aboriginal people may also identify culturally significant areas when applications for new or amended water supply works are advertised. Potential groundwater-dependent, culturally significant areas will be considered in the assessment of any application for a water supply work approval within the area of the plan.
	Note: These rules do not apply to replacement bores.
	Note: These rules do not apply for bores that are to be used for monitoring, environmental remediation activities or emergency services.



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Туре	Rules
Rules for bores used solely for basic landholder rights	Water supply work (bores) approvals used solely for basic landholder rights may not be granted or amended if the work is within the following distances:
	 100 m of a government monitoring or observation bore 40 m from the top of the high bank of a river 100 m of a high-priority GDE 100 m of a groundwater-dependent, culturally significant area.
	The plan lists circumstances in which these distance conditions may be varied.
	Note: These rules do not apply to replacement bores.
	Note: High-priority GDEs (vegetation ecosystems) are defined on the legal map (full colour and zoomable) found at http://www.legislation.nsw.gov.au . An overview of this map can be found in Appendix 2 of the plan.
	Note: Groundwater-dependent, culturally significant areas may be identified during the term of the plan. Aboriginal people may also identify culturally significant areas when applications for new or amended water supply works are advertised. Potential groundwater-dependent, culturally significant areas will be considered in the assessment of any application for a water supply work approval within the area of the plan.
Rules for replacement	Replacement groundwater works means a water supply work that:
groundwater works	 will replace an existing authorised water supply work, constructed to extract groundwater from same groundwater source and at same depth of existing works
	 within 20 m of existing works, and no closer to top of high riverbank if within 40 m from top of high riverbank
	will have no greater internal diameter or excavation footprint than existing works.

More information about the planning process and the *Water Sharing Plan for the Murray Alluvial Groundwater Sources 2020* is available at the Department of Planning, Industry and Environment's website: https://www.industry.nsw.gov.au/water/plans-programs/water-sharing-plans.

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Rules summary sheet for the Upper Murray Groundwater Source

Water Sharing Plan for the Murray Alluvial Groundwater Sources 2020

Table 1. Plan details

Water sharing plan	Murray Alluvial Groundwater Sources 2020
Plan commencement	1 July 2020
Term of the plan	10 years

Important: This fact sheet summarises the rules contained in the *Water Sharing Plan for the Murray Alluvial Groundwater Sources 2020.* It is intended as a guide only. Consult the water sharing plan for further details which can be accessed via the department's website: https://www.industry.nsw.gov.au/water/plans-programs/water-sharing-plans/status.

Approvals and licences also contain conditions that holders must comply with. You can access this information from your 'Statement of Approval' or 'Statement of Conditions' or alternatively via https://waternegister.waternsw.com.au.

Table 2. Limits to the availability of water

Limit	Explanation
Long-term average annual extraction limit	The long-term average annual extraction limit (LTAAEL) is 14,109 ML/year.
Compliance with the long-term average annual extraction limit	Average extractions for the preceding five-year period will be assessed against the LTAAEL. If growth in extractions causes the five-year average to exceed LTAAEL by more than 10%, maximum water account debits or available water determinations will be used to return the average extraction volume to the LTAAEL.
Available water determinations	Available water determinations (AWDs) will be made at the start of each water year for:
	 domestic and stock, and local water utility access licences—100% of the share component unless the minister determines otherwise aquifer access licences—1 ML/unit share or a lower amount if required to return the five-year average extraction volume to the LTAAEL.

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Table 3. Rules for granting access licences

Туре	Rules
Granting of access licences	 Granting of access licences may be considered for the following categories: specific purpose access licences under the Water Management (General) Regulation 2018 (or any replacement regulation) aquifer (Aboriginal cultural) access licences up to a maximum of 10 ML/year per application.

Table 4. Rules for managing access licences

Туре	Rules
Carryover and account limit	No carryover is permitted for domestic and stock and local water utility access licences.
	For aquifer access licences, carryover of up to 0.74 ML per unit share of the access licence share component is permitted to be carried over from one water year to the next water year, with a maximum account take limit of 1.37 ML per unit share of the access licence or a lower volume if required to return the five-year average extraction volume to the LTAAEL plus any adjustments made for allocation assignments or water allocation re credited into the account.

Table 5. Trading rules

Trade type	Rules
Into groundwater source	Not permitted.
Within groundwater source	Permitted, subject to assessment.
Out of groundwater source	Not permitted.

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Table 6. Rules for water supply works approvals

Туре	Rules
Rules to minimise interference between bores	Water supply work (bores) approvals may not be granted or amended if the work is within the following distances:
	 400 m of an existing bore, on another landholding in the same water source, that is used solely for basic landholder rights
	 1,000 m of an existing bore, on another landholding in the same water source, that is not used solely for basic landholder rights
	 500 m of the boundary of the property (unless written consent gained from neighbour)
	 1,000 m of a local water utility or major water utility bore, in the same water source (unless written consent gained from the utility)
	 500 m of a government monitoring or observation bore.
	The plan lists circumstances in which these distance conditions may be varied.
	Note: These rules do not apply to replacement bores.
Rules for bores located near	Water supply work (bores) approvals may not be granted or amended if the work is located within the following distances:
contamination	500 m of a contamination source
sources	250 m of the edge of a plume associated with a contamination source
	between 250 m and 500 m from the edge of a plume associated with a contamination source unless no drawdown of water will occur within 250 m of the plume
	250 m of an on-site sewage disposal system.
	The plan lists circumstances in which these distance conditions may be varied.
	Note: Contamination sources are identified in Schedule 2 of the plan.
	Note: These rules apply to new and replacement bores and bores used solely for basic landholder rights.
	Note: These rules do not apply for bores that are to be used for monitoring, environmental remediation activities or emergency services.





Туре	Rules
Rules for bores located near high- priority, groundwater-	Water supply work (bores) approvals may not be granted or amended if the work is within the following distances of any high-priority, groundwater-dependent ecosystem (GDE), or a river:
dependent	40 m from the top of the high bank of a river
ecosystems	 200 m of a high-priority GDE for bores that are not used solely for basic landholder rights.
	The plan lists circumstances in which these distance conditions may be varied.
	Note: High-priority GDEs (vegetation ecosystems) are defined on the legal map (full colour and zoomable) found at http://www.legislation.nsw.gov.au . An overview of this map can be found in Appendix 2 of the plan.
	Note: These rules do not apply to replacement bores.
	Note: These rules do not apply for bores that are to be used for monitoring, environmental remediation activities or emergency services.
Rules for bores located near groundwater- dependent, culturally significant areas	Water supply work (bores) approvals may not be granted or amended if the work is located within the following distances of a groundwater-dependent, culturally significant area:
	200 m for bores not used solely for basic landholder rights.
	The plan lists circumstances in which these distance conditions may be varied.
	Note: Groundwater-dependent, culturally significant areas may be identified during the term of the plan. Aboriginal people may also identify culturally significant areas when applications for new or amended water supply works are advertised. Potential groundwater-dependent, culturally significant areas will be considered in the assessment of any application for a water supply work approval within the area of the plan.
	Note: These rules do not apply to replacement bores.
	Note: These rules do not apply for bores that are to be used for monitoring, environmental remediation activities or emergency services.





Туре	Rules
Rules for bores used solely for basic landholder rights	Water supply work (bores) approvals used solely for basic landholder rights may not be granted or amended if the work is within the following distances:
	 100 m of a government monitoring or observation bore 40 m from the top of the high bank of a river 100 m of a high-priority GDE 100 m of a groundwater-dependent, culturally significant area. The plan lists circumstances in which these distance conditions may be varied. Note: These rules do not apply to replacement bores. Note: High-priority GDEs (vegetation ecosystems) are defined on the legal map (full colour and zoomable) found at http://www.legislation.nsw.gov.au. An overview of this map can be
	found in Appendix 2 of the plan. Note: Groundwater-dependent, culturally significant areas may be identified during the term of the plan. Aboriginal people may also identify culturally significant areas when applications for new or amended water supply works are advertised. Potential groundwater-dependent, culturally significant areas will be considered in the assessment of any application for a water supply work approval within the area of the plan.
Rules for replacement groundwater works	 will replace an existing authorised water supply work, constructed to extract groundwater from same groundwater source and at same depth of existing works within 20 m of existing works, and no closer to top of high riverbank if within 40 m from top of high riverbank will have no greater internal diameter or excavation footprint than existing works.

More information about the planning process and the *Water Sharing Plan for the Murray Alluvial Groundwater Sources 2020* is available at the Department of Planning, Industry and Environment's website: https://www.industry.nsw.gov.au/water/plans-programs/water-sharing-plans.