# **Department of Planning and Environment**

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# General Purpose Water Accounting Report for the NSW Lachlan and Belubula Catchments 2021–22



# Acknowledgement of Country

The Department of Planning and Environment NSW acknowledges Aboriginal people as Australia's First Peoples practicing the oldest living culture on earth and as the Traditional Owners and Custodians of the lands and waters on which we rely.

We acknowledge the people of the Nari Nari, Ngiyampaa, Wiradjuri, and Yita Yita Nations that the land and waters of the Lachlan and Belubula River catchment areas are of spiritual, cultural, customary and economic importance.

We recognise the intrinsic connection of Traditional Owners to Country and acknowledge their contribution to the management of the Lachlan River catchment landscape and natural resources.

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# **Abbreviations**

| Abbreviation/acronym | Description  |
|----------------------|--|
| ARCGIS               | mapping and spatial analysis platform for designing and managing solutions through the application of geographic knowledge |
| AWAS 1               | Australian Water Accounting Standard 1   |
| AWD                  | available water determination  |
| CAIRO                | computer-aided improvements to river operations  |
| Ck                   | creek  |
| D/S                  | downstream   |
| DISV                 | dry inflow sequence volume   |
| EWA                  | environmental water allowance  |
| GPWAR                | general purpose water accounting report  |
| MDBA                 | Murray–Darling Basin Authority   |
| MIL                  | Murray Irrigation Limited  |
| ML                   | megalitres (1,000,000 litres)  |
| ML/d                 | megalitres per day   |
| MODFLOW              | modular, three-dimensional, finite-difference groundwater flow model   |
| SILO                 | climatic data provision system run by Queensland government for the provision of both measured and modelled data.          |
| U/S                  | upstream   |

# Glossary

| Term  | Definition   |
|---|--|
| Allocation  | the specific volume of water allocated to water allocation accounts in a given season, defined according to rules established in the relevant water plan   |
| allocation assignments                                  | the transfer of water between licence holder allocation accounts as a result of a trade agreement  The assignment becomes part of the receiver's current year allocation account water.  |
| allocation account                                      | water account attached to an access licence used to track the balance of account water   |
| available water determination (AWD)                     | the process by which water is made available for use and shared amongst water users who hold a water access licence It determines the volume of water that is to be added to an individual's licence allocation account.                                     |
| Australian Water<br>Accounting Standard<br>(AWAS)       | a national standard that prescribes the basis for preparing and presenting a general-purpose water accounting report (GPWAR)  It sets out requirements for the recognition, quantification, presentation and disclosure of items in a GPWAR.                 |
| back-calculation  | a calculation approach using a mass balance to determine an unknown variable (used to calculate storage inflows based on balancing the change in storage volume where inflow is the only unknown)  |
| basic rights  | the non-licensed right to extract water to meet basic requirements for household purposes (non-commercial uses in and around the house and garden) and for watering of stock  It is available for anyone who has access to river frontage on their property. |
| computer aided improvements to river operations (CAIRO) | a spreadsheet-based water balance model used for optimising river operations (orders and releases)   |
| Carryover   | the volume or share component that may be reserved by a licence holder for use in the subsequent year  |
| Catchment   | the areas of land that collect rainfall and contribute to surface water (streams, rivers, wetlands) or to groundwater  A catchment is a natural drainage area, bounded by sloping ground, hills or mountains, from which water flows to a low point.         |
| dead storage  | the volume in storage that is generally considered unavailable for use (e.g. water level below release valves) due to access and often poor water quality  |
| effective storage                                       | the total volume of storage minus the dead storage component — the volume generally considered as useable  |
| Effluent  | flow leaving a place or process Sewage effluent refers to the flow leaving a sewage treatment plant. An effluent stream is one which leaves the main river and does not return.  |

| result of evaporation from any surface and transpiration from plants  the pumping or diverting of water from a river or aquifer by licensed users for a specific purpose (irrigation, stock, domestic, towns, etc.)  The volume is measured at the point of extraction or diversion (river pump, diversion works, etc.).  general purpose water accounting report (GPWAR)  a report prepared according to the Australian Water Accounting Standard It comprises several components including a contextual statement, a statement of water assets and water liabilities, a statement of change in water assets and water liabilities, a statement of physical water flows, notes and disclosures, and an assurance and accountability statement.  General Security licence  a category of water access licence implemented under the Water Management Act 2000  This forms the bulk of the water access licence entitlement volume in NSW and is a low-priority entitlement (i.e. it only receives water once essential and High Security entitlements are met in the available water determination process).  Groundwater  Water location beneath the ground in soil pore spaces and in the fractures of  | Term                     | Definition   |
|---|--------------------------|--|
| environmental water  water allocated to support environmental outcomes and other public benefits Environmental water provisions recognise the environmental water requirements and are based on environmental, social and economic considerations, including existing user rights.  Evaporation  the process by which water or another liquid becomes a gas Water from land areas, bodies of water, and all other moist surfaces is absorbed into the atmosphere as a vapour.  the process by which water is transmitted as a vapour to the atmosphere as the result of evaporation from any surface and transpiration from plants  Extraction  the pumping or diverting of water from a river or aquifer by licensed users for a specific purpose (irrigation, stock, domestic, towns, etc.). The volume is measured at the point of extraction or diversion (river pump, diversion works, etc.).  general purpose water accounting report (GPWAR)  a report prepared according to the Australian Water Accounting Standard It comprises several components including a contextual statement, a statement of water assets and water liabilities, a statement of change in water assets and water liabilities, a statement of physical water flows, notes and disclosures, and an assurance and accountability statement.  General Security licence  a category of water access licence implemented under the Water Management Act 2000 This forms the bulk of the water access licence entitlement volume in NSW and is a low-priority entitlement (i.e. it only receives water once essential and High Security entitlements are met in the available water determination process).  Groundwater  Water location beneath the ground in soil pore spaces and in the fractures of | Entity                   |  |
| Evaporation  the process by which water or another liquid becomes a gas Water from land areas, bodies of water, and all other moist surfaces is absorbed into the atmosphere as a vapour.  evapotranspiration  the process by which water is transmitted as a vapour to the atmosphere as the result of evaporation from any surface and transpiration from plants  Extraction  the pumping or diverting of water from a river or aquifer by licensed users for a specific purpose (irrigation, stock, domestic, towns, etc.) The volume is measured at the point of extraction or diversion (river pump, diversion works, etc.).  general purpose water accounting report (GPWAR)  a report prepared according to the Australian Water Accounting Standard It comprises several components including a contextual statement, a statement of water assets and water liabilities, a statement of change in water assets and water liabilities, a statement of change in water assets and water liabilities, a statement.  General Security licence  a category of water access licence implemented under the Water Management Act 2000 This forms the bulk of the water access licence entitlement volume in NSW and is a low-priority entitlement (i.e. it only receives water once essential and High Security entitlements are met in the available water determination process).  Groundwater  Water location beneath the ground in soil pore spaces and in the fractures of   | end of system            |  |
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| result of evaporation from any surface and transpiration from plants  the pumping or diverting of water from a river or aquifer by licensed users for a specific purpose (irrigation, stock, domestic, towns, etc.)  The volume is measured at the point of extraction or diversion (river pump, diversion works, etc.).  a report prepared according to the Australian Water Accounting Standard It comprises several components including a contextual statement, a statement of water assets and water liabilities, a statement of change in water assets and water liabilities, a statement of physical water flows, notes and disclosures, and an assurance and accountability statement.  General Security licence  a category of water access licence implemented under the Water Management Act 2000  This forms the bulk of the water access licence entitlement volume in NSW and is a low-priority entitlement (i.e. it only receives water once essential and High Security entitlements are met in the available water determination process).  Groundwater  Water location beneath the ground in soil pore spaces and in the fractures of   | Evaporation              | Water from land areas, bodies of water, and all other moist surfaces is  |
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| Act 2000  This forms the bulk of the water access licence entitlement volume in NSW and is a low-priority entitlement (i.e. it only receives water once essential and High Security entitlements are met in the available water determination process).  Groundwater  Water location beneath the ground in soil pore spaces and in the fractures of   | accounting report        | It comprises several components including a contextual statement, a statement of water assets and water liabilities, a statement of change in water assets and water liabilities, a statement of physical water flows, notes and |
|   | General Security licence | Act 2000  This forms the bulk of the water access licence entitlement volume in NSW and is a low-priority entitlement (i.e. it only receives water once essential and High   |
| rock formations   | Groundwater              |  |
| High Security licence  a category of water access licence implemented under the Water Management Act 2000  It receives a higher priority than General Security licences but less priority than essential requirements in the available water determination process.   | High Security licence    | Act 2000 It receives a higher priority than General Security licences but less priority than   |
| HYDSTRA database a database used by NSW Department of Planning and Environment to store continuous, time-series data such as river flow, river height, and water quality  | HYDSTRA database         |  |
| Inflows  surface water runoff and deep drainage to groundwater (groundwater recharge) and transfers into the water system (both surface and groundwater) for a defined area   | Inflows                  | recharge) and transfers into the water system (both surface and groundwater)   |
| inter-valley trade trade of licence holder allocation account water via allocation assignment from one catchment to another catchment (or state)  | inter-valley trade       | trade of licence holder allocation account water via allocation assignment from one catchment to another catchment (or state)  |
| intra-valley trade trade of licence holder allocation account water via allocation assignment within the same catchment   | intra-valley trade       |  |
|   | Median                   | the middle point of a distribution, separating the highest half of a sample from the lowest half   |

| Term                     | Definition  |
|--------------------------|---|
| non-physical transaction | an accounting transaction representing a process that is not a component of the water cycle (e.g. an available water determination)   |
| physical transaction     | an accounting transaction representing a process of the water cycle (e.g. an extraction)  |
| regulated river          | a river system where flow is controlled via one or more major man-made structures such as dams and weirs  For the purposes of the Water Management Act 2000, a regulated river is one that is declared by the minister to be a regulated river. Within a regulated river system, licence holders can order water against a held entitlement.  |
| share component          | an entitlement to water specified on the access licence, expressed as a unit share or, in the case of specific purpose licences (e.g. Local Water Utility, Major Water Utility and Domestic and Stock), a volume in megalitres  The amount of water a licence holder is allocated because of an available water determination and the amount they can take in any year is based on their share component. |
| Storage                  | a state-owned dam, weir or other structure that is used to regulate and manage river flows in the catchment and the water bodies impounded by these structures  |
| storage reserve          | proportion of water in a storage reserved in the resource assessment process for future essential or High Security requirements (e.g. town water)   |
| storage volume           | the total volume of water held in storage at a specified time   |
| supplementary water      | unregulated river flow available for extraction under a Supplementary Water licence   |
| surface water            | all water that occurs naturally above ground including rivers, lakes, reservoirs, creeks, wetlands and estuaries  |
| Tributary                | a smaller river or stream that flows into a larger river or stream Usually several smaller tributaries merge to form a river.   |
| ungauged catchment       | a catchment without a flow gauge to accurately record stream flows<br>Modelled estimates must be used to approximate the contribution of ungauged<br>catchments to the main river.  |
| water accounting         | the systematic process of identifying, recognising, quantifying, reporting, assuring and publishing information about water, the rights or other claims to that water, and the obligations against that water   |
| water assets             | the physical water held in storage, as well as any claims to water that are expected to increase the future water resource (e.g. external water entering the system through inter-valley trading)   |
| water liabilities        | claims on the water assets of the water report entity including water that has been allocated to licence holder accounts or environmental accounts, but yet to be taken at the end of the reporting period  |
| water sharing plan       | a water management plan that defines the rules for sharing of water within a region under the Water Management Act 2000   |

# Director's foreword

This is the 12<sup>th</sup> release of the annual general-purpose water accounting report (GPWAR) for the regulated component of the Lachlan and Belubula Regulated River Water Sources. It has been prepared for the accounting period 1 July 2021 to 30 June 2022 (the reporting period) under the Australian Water Accounting Standard 1 (WASB, 2012).

The GPWAR provides stakeholders with a consolidated, comparable and publicly accessible set of water accounting information for the water source. The information presented is also used internally for a range of water planning functions and legislative reporting obligations.

#### Included in the GPWAR are:

- a contextual statement, summarising the climatic conditions, water resources, environmental holdings, water trading market and water resource management in the water source for the reporting period
- a physical flow diagram, illustrating changes in storage volumes and the associated inflows and outflows
- water accounting statements presenting the opening and closing balances, and itemised changes to these balances for available water resources (water assets) and licensed allocation accounts (water liabilities)
- disclosure notes (linked to the figures within the water accounting statements) providing detailed information of accounting components including:
  - access licence account balances
  - planned and held environmental water account balances
  - available water determination detailed report
  - temporary trading by licence category
  - supplementary announcements and usage by river reach (Belubula)
  - physical inflows and outflows to the system for the water year.

Quantification of the physical groundwater interactions between major connected groundwater sources and the Lachlan regulated river are also provided.

As Director of Water Analytics, NSW Department of Planning and Environment, I declare:

- the information presented in these accounts as a faithful representation of the management and operation of the Lachlan and Belubula Regulated River Water Sources for the reporting period
- all data presented in this report provides the best accounting information available at the time of publication
- NSW Department of Planning and Environment has to the best of its ability prepared this GPWAR in accordance with the Australian Water Accounting Standard 1.

Danielle Baker

Director Water Analytics

NSW Department of Planning and Environment

# Contextual statement

The Lachlan catchment occupies an area of around 90,000 square kilometres. The Lachlan River begins in the Great Dividing Range near Gunning and flows 1,400 kilometres across western NSW to its junction with the Murrumbidgee River near Oxley. Under normal conditions the Lachlan River is a terminal system with little water flowing past the Great Cumbung Swamp at the end of the river. Only in large flood events does water flow through into the Murrumbidgee River.

The Lachlan River moves through a diverse range of landscapes. The headwaters rise at elevations of up to 1,400 meters and are characterised by rapidly flowing streams with sandy and pebbly beds which flow through a mix of steep forested ranges and cleared grazing lands. The undulating landscape of the middle catchment has been extensively cleared but pockets of remnant vegetation remain. The extensive floodplain environment of the western part of the catchment is generally less than 200 metres in elevation and features many wetlands and effluent streams.

Water in the Lachlan catchment is regulated by Wyangala Dam which was built in 1935 and then enlarged in 1970 to provide a regulated source of water for irrigators and towns along the river. In the Belubula catchment, a tributary of the Lachlan, water is regulated by Carcoar Dam which was built in 1970 to supply water for irrigation and domestic and stock. Several natural lakes have also been modified for use as storages, the largest of these being Lake Cargelligo and Lake Brewster. Irrigated agriculture occurs along the river and its major effluents downstream of Wyangala Dam, and in the Jemalong–Wyldes Plains Irrigation District. Outside of these areas, land use is dominated by grazing and dryland cropping. Groundwater is an important source of water in the western part of the catchment, with a large irrigation industry in the Hillston area reliant on groundwater to produce citrus and vegetable crops.

The Lachlan catchment has been home to Aboriginal people for 40,000 years. Most of the catchment falls within Wiradjuri country but it also includes lands occupied by the Dhurug, Ngunawal and Gundungurra people of the upper catchment, and the Wongaibon, Barindji, Ngiyampaa, Yita Yita, Muthi Muthi and Nari Nari in the far west.

The catchment is home to approximately 106,000 people. Of these, around 30% live within the major rural centres of Cowra, Parkes, Forbes and Young which all have populations of 7,000-10,000 people. Smaller towns with populations ranging from 1,000 to 4,000 people include Blayney, Crookwell, Boorowa, Canowindra, Molong and Grenfell in the upper catchment, and Temora, West Wyalong, Condobolin, Lake Cargelligo and Hillston in the mid to lower catchment.

Several significant wetlands in the catchment are considered of national significance, particularly as waterbird habitat. These include Lake Cowal near Forbes, Lake Brewster, and the Booligal wetlands and Great Cumbung Swamp in the lower Lachlan valley.

A more detailed description of the catchment can be found in the document *Water resources and management overview — Lachlan catchment* which is available from the NSW Department of Planning and Environment website.

# Accounting extent

The accounted river extent is illustrated in Figure 1 and includes the area managed by the water sharing plan for the Lachlan Regulated River Water Source, and the water sharing plan for the Belubula Regulated River Water Source.

Given that these two water sources are managed under separate allocation schemes (and utilise separate physical resources), individual accounting statements have been provided for each.

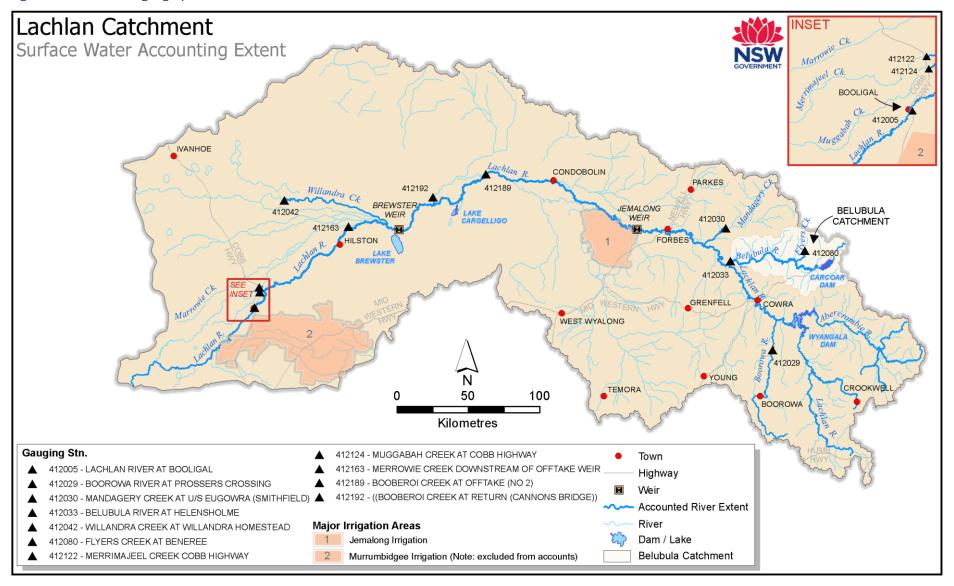
For the purposes of this GPWAR, the Lachlan accounting extent includes the Lachlan River from Wyangala Dam to Booligal, and Willandra Creek to the streamflow gauging station at Willandra Homestead.

While the unregulated licences and the associated allocations located on the effluents of Merrimajeel Creek and Muggabah Creek are not considered, the flow gauging sites available on these water courses form part of the end of system outflow calculated for the Lachlan Catchment. Gauged inflow for the Lachlan consists of inflow from the Belubula River, Mandagery Creek and the Boorowa River.

The Belubula accounting extent includes the Belubula River from Carcoar Dam to the Belubula River at Helensholme, situated near the river's junction with the Lachlan River. The only gauged inflow available for use in the Belubula is Flyers Creek.

Physical groundwater volumes that interact with the regulated river are included in GPWAR statements where possible. Other groundwater interactions not directly quantified form part of the unaccounted difference for the surface water balance. All other groundwater flows and groundwater management information are excluded from the GPWAR. Detailed annual reporting on groundwater is available at <a href="https://www.industry.nsw.gov.au/water/science/reporting">www.industry.nsw.gov.au/water/science/reporting</a>

Figure 1: Surface water geographical extent of the accounts



# **Snapshot**

The key indicators for 2021–22 relative to other years under water sharing plan management conditions are presented in Figure 2. The rainfall, temporary trading activities, major storage inflows, and effective allocation (carryover plus allocation) were all in the very high range in the water year, while the account usage was in the average usage range.

Rainfall

Major Storage Inflow

Account Usage

Carryover plus Allocation

Temp Trading Activity

Very Low

Low

Average

High

Very High

Figure 2: 2021–22 Summary indicators

# Climate

At Grenfell (middle-upper catchment), 986 mm of rainfall was recorded in the reporting period (Table 1, Figure 3 and Figure 4). Comparatively, this volume of rainfall is:

- 168% of the long-term median rainfall for this location
- 82% of the highest rainfall on record at the location.

Most rainfall fell in November (226 mm) 2021 and January (200 mm) of 2022.

At Booligal (lower catchment), 405 mm of rainfall was recorded in the reporting period (Table 2, Figure 3 and Figure 4). Comparatively, this volume of rainfall is:

• 130% of the long-term median rainfall for this location

• 43% of the highest rainfall on record at the location.

Most rainfall fell in November (103 mm) of 2021 and September (89 mm) of 2021.

Spatially, the rainfall was above the mean rainfall across the entire extent of the Lachlan (and Belubula) catchment (Figure 5 and Figure 6).

Figure 3: Reporting period monthly rainfall data against historical median rainfall at Grenfell and Booligal

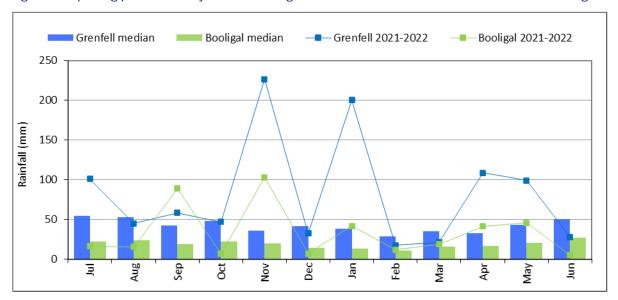


Figure 4: Reporting period monthly rainfall data deviations from historical median at Grenfell and Booligal

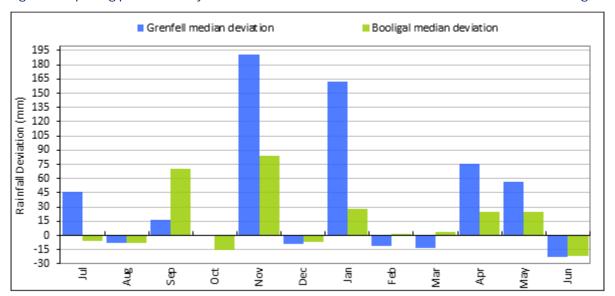


Table 1: 2021–22 monthly rainfall and historic monthly rainfall statistics at Grenfell<sup>1</sup>

| Grenfell                  | Jul   | Aug   | Sep   | Oct   | Nov   | Dec   | Jan   | Feb   | Mar   | Apr   | May   | June  | Annual  |
|---------------------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|---------|
| 2021-22                   | 101.2 | 45.2  | 58.4  | 47.2  | 226.4 | 32.6  | 200.4 | 17.6  | 21.4  | 108.8 | 99.3  | 27.7  | 986.2   |
| Historic mean             | 56.4  | 55.3  | 50.4  | 54.5  | 51.4  | 55.3  | 52.9  | 47.6  | 49.7  | 46.9  | 49.6  | 58.2  | 628.2   |
| Historic median           | 54.9  | 52.9  | 42.5  | 47.8  | 36.0  | 41.5  | 38.4  | 29.0  | 35.0  | 33.2  | 43.2  | 50.9  | 587.5   |
| Historic low              | 2.0   | 0.0   | 1.5   | 0.0   | 0.0   | 0.0   | 0.0   | 0.0   | 0.0   | 0.0   | 0.0   | 2.2   | 297.2   |
| Historic high             | 189.8 | 144.6 | 233.8 | 180.2 | 230.4 | 239.1 | 289.8 | 223.9 | 236.4 | 344.4 | 200.9 | 176.2 | 1203.9  |
| Year of high <sup>2</sup> | 1993  | 1886  | 2016  | 1973  | 2010  | 1947  | 1984  | 1959  | 1950  | 1990  | 1931  | 1923  | 1886-87 |

Table 2: 2021–22 monthly rainfall and historic monthly rainfall statistics at Booligal<sup>2</sup>

| Booligal        | Jul  | Aug  | Sep   | Oct   | Nov   | Dec   | Jan   | Feb   | Mar   | Apr   | May   | June  | Annual  |
|-----------------|------|------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|---------|
| 2021-22         | 16.5 | 15.9 | 89.1  | 6.8   | 103.2 | 7.2   | 42.0  | 12.3  | 19.1  | 41.4  | 45.9  | 5.1   | 404.5   |
| Historic mean   | 26.4 | 27.1 | 26.0  | 31.6  | 25.7  | 25.7  | 26.8  | 24.7  | 29.6  | 24.3  | 31.1  | 31.4  | 329.0   |
| Historic median | 22.2 | 24.1 | 18.8  | 22.6  | 19.6  | 14.6  | 13.8  | 11.2  | 15.8  | 17.1  | 20.7  | 27.1  | 311.3   |
| Historic low    | 0.1  | 0.0  | 0.0   | 0.0   | 0.0   | 0.0   | 0.0   | 0.0   | 0.0   | 0.0   | 0.0   | 0.0   | 107.3   |
| Historic high   | 90.9 | 73.2 | 110.3 | 168.1 | 132.0 | 152.6 | 257.0 | 159.0 | 263.8 | 136.5 | 127.6 | 139.5 | 932.1   |
| Year of high    | 1956 | 1907 | 1998  | 2010  | 1912  | 1992  | 1974  | 1947  | 1989  | 1988  | 1968  | 1923  | 1973-74 |

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Long-term statistics are from the Bureau of Meteorology using the climatic stations '73014 — Grenfell (Manganese Road)' and '75007 — Booligal (Belmont)'. Historic record statistics are 1886 to current for Grenfell and 1890 to current for Booligal

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Calendar year for monthly high and water year (July to June) for annual high

Figure 5: Annual rainfall for 2021–22

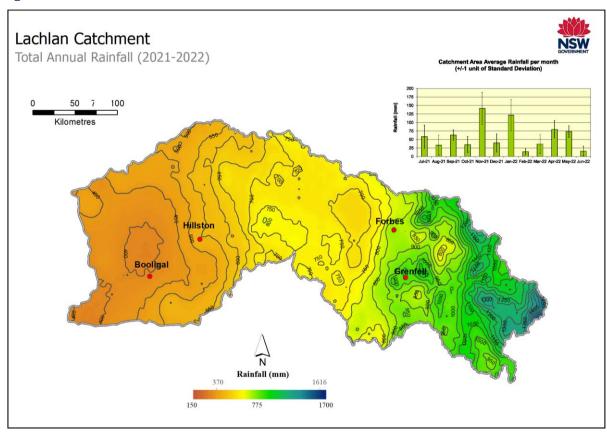
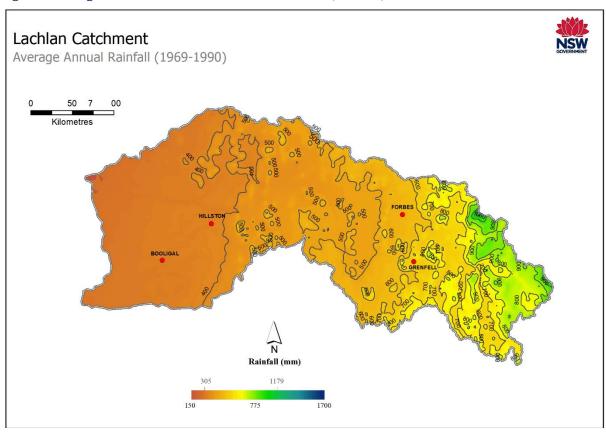


Figure 6: Average annual rainfall in the Lachlan catchment (1961–90)



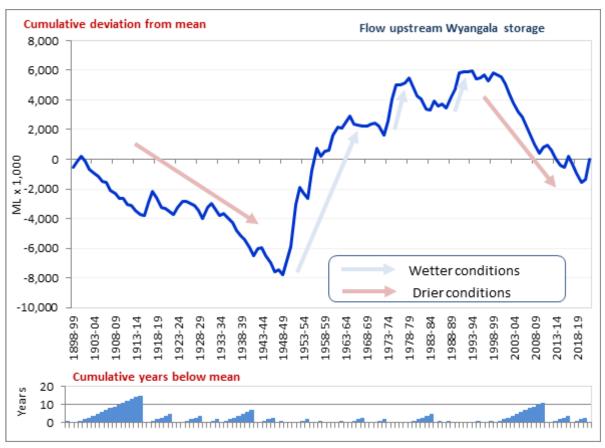
# Storage volumes and inflows

#### Inflow

Historically long-term average annual inflow<sup>3</sup> at the Wyangala storage site has varied significantly cycling through prolonged periods of wet and dry flow regimes. Broadly the data (Figure 7) illustrates predominantly:

- dry conditions 1900 to 1950
- wet conditions 1950 to 2000
- dry conditions 2000 to present.

Figure 7: Long-term annual inflow at Wyangala storage site, cumulative deviation from mean



### Wyangala

For the reporting period, the total inflow to Wyangala dam was 2,062,912 megalitres, which was:

- 285% of the long-term median annual inflow of 724,821 megalitres (Figure 8)
- very high relative to the long-term data set exceeding 97% of years in the dataset (1898–99 to 2021–22)
- the second consecutive year of above average inflow
- the highest inflow since 1974-75.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Inflows are back-calculated storage inflow for the period from storage construction to present and gauged or rainfall runoff model estimates for the prior period.

The maximum daily inflow for the reporting period was 115,822 megalitres, occurring on 13 November 2021 (

Figure 9)

#### Carcoar

For the reporting period, the total inflow to Carcoar dam was 38,314 megalitres, which was:

- 235% of the long-term median annual inflow of 16,311 megalitres (Figure 10)
- very high relative to the long-term data set exceeding 92% of years in the dataset (1894–95 to 2021–22)
- the end of a 4-year sequence of below average inflow.

The maximum daily inflow for the reporting period was 1,144 megalitres, occurring on 23 August 2021 (Figure 11).

Figure 8: Long-term inflows to Wyangala Dam against mean and reporting year inflow

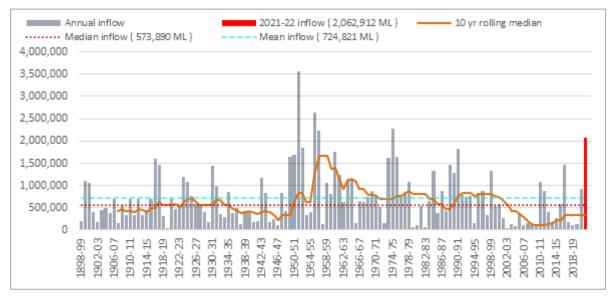


Figure 9: Daily inflows and rainfall at Wyangala Dam 2021–22

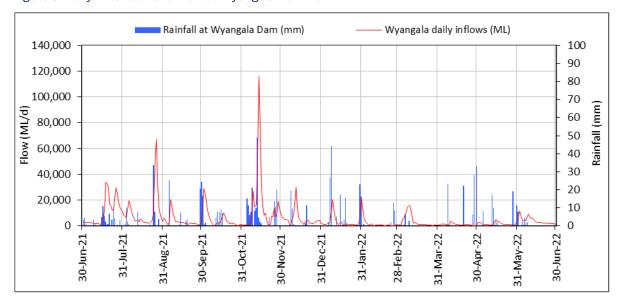
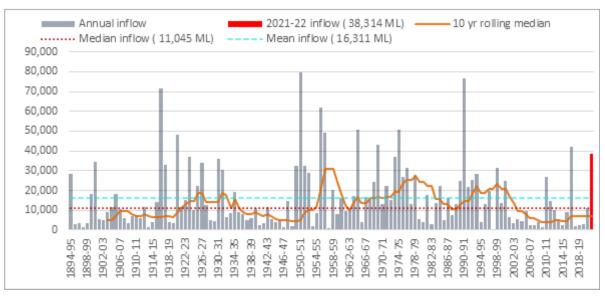


Figure 10: Long-term inflows to Carcoar Dam against mean and reporting year inflow



Rainfall at Carcoar Dam (mm) Carcoar daily inflows (ML) 1,400 1,200 10 1,000 20 Flow (ML/d) 800 30 600 40 400 50 200 0 60 31-Jul-21 31-0ct-21 31-Jan-22 31-Mar-22 30-Apr-22 31-May-22 30-Sep-21 30-Nov-21 31-Dec-21 28-Feb-22

Figure 11: Daily inflows and rainfall at Carcoar Dam 2021–22

# Volume

# Wyangala

Wyangala storage volume:

- began the reporting period at 913,580 megalitres or 75% of full supply capacity (Figure 12)
- ended the reporting period at 1,135,294 megalitres or 93% of full supply, an increase of 18% for the water year
- had a maximum volume during the reporting period of 1,274,217 megalitres or 105% of full supply, occurring on 13 November 2021.

#### Carcoar

Carcoar storage volume:

- began the reporting period at 12,256 megalitres or 34% of full supply capacity (Figure 13)
- ended the reporting period at 36,119 megalitres or 100% of full supply, an increase of 66% for the water year
- had a maximum volume during the reporting period of 36,664 megalitres or 101% of full supply, occurring on 27 November 2021.

Figure 12: Wyangala Dam storage volume and per cent full for 2021–22

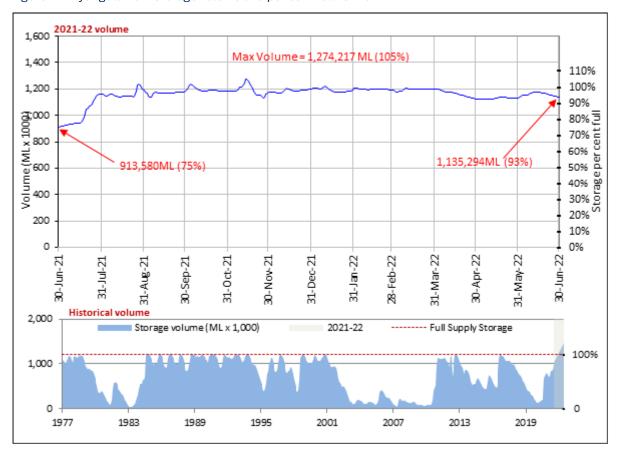
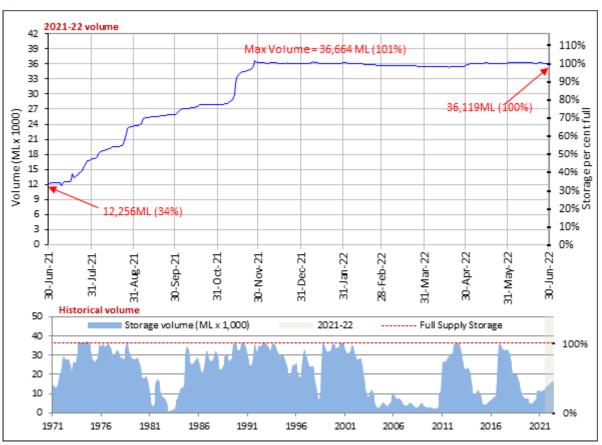


Figure 13: Carcoar Dam storage volume and per cent full for 2021–22



# Major flow events

There was one major high flow events in the Lachlan and Belubula systems during the reporting period, occurring on 19 November 2021, where river height at Forbes reached (6.9m).

The river height at Forbes was above the moderate flooding level (5.3m) three times throughout reporting period, once in late August, and twice in November 2021 (Figure 14).

There were four moderate flood events, in the Belubula catchments during 2021-22. The river level at Lyndon (upstream Canowindra) on the Belubula reached the moderate flood level (3.3m) once in July 2021, once in August 2021, and again twice in November 2021 (Figure 15).

Figure 14: Maximum daily river heights at Forbes

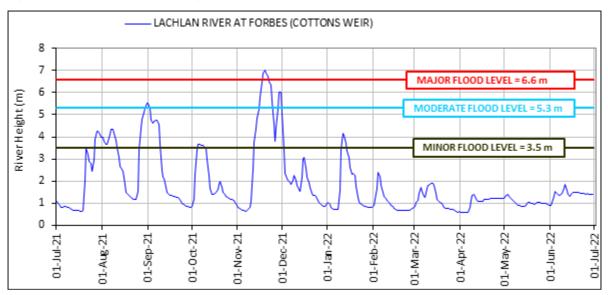
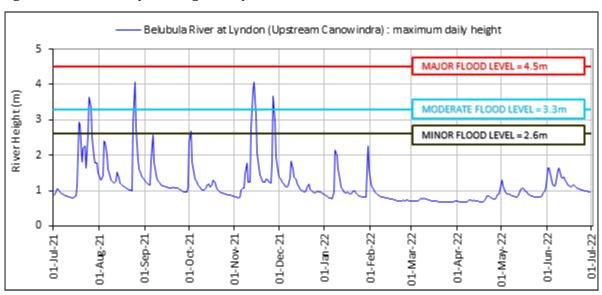


Figure 15: Maximum daily river heights at Lyndon



# Surface water resources and management — Lachlan Catchment

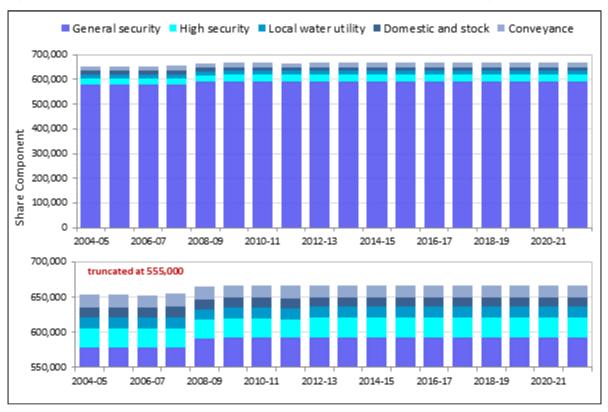
# Legislation

The Lachlan water source was managed under the conditions set out in the *Water Sharing Plan for the Lachlan Regulated River Water Source 2016*. The water sharing plan commenced on 1 July 2016 and will remain active until 30 June 2026, or alternatively until a replacement plan is gazetted. The water sharing plan was produced to meet the water management principles outlined in the NSW *Water Management Act 2000*.

# **Access rights**

- Issued access licence share component remained constant in the reporting period.
- Considering all categories of access licence, the total issued share component was 666,666 shares on 30 June 2022 (Figure 16).

Figure 16: Lachlan total issued share component since introduction of the water sharing plan



# Access licence account management

The account management rules applied to an access licence in the Lachlan regulated river water source is presented, by access licence category, in Table 3. General security access licence management adopts a flexible, continuous accounting approach, with licence holders able to store (and carry forward) up to 2 megalitres per share. Accounts are subject to a reset rule when Wyangala storage spills. Annual usage for this category is restricted to 1 megalitre per share, plus allocation assignments in minus allocation assignments out.

All other categories of access licence are effectively limited to a maximum available water determination (AWD) of 1 megalitre per share (or 100%) and are not allowed to carryover unused water to the following water year.

Table 3: Lachlan water allocation accounting rules.

| Licence category                   | Account limit | Carryover limit | Annual use limit | Maximum<br>AWD |
|------------------------------------|---------------|-----------------|------------------|----------------|
| Domestic and Stock                 | 100%          | 0%              | N/A              | 100%           |
| Domestic and Stock [Domestic]      | 100%          | 0%              | N/A              | 100%           |
| Domestic and Stock [Stock]         | 100%          | 0%              | N/A              | 100%           |
| Local Water Utility                | 100%          | 0%              | N/A              | 100%           |
| Regulated River (Conveyance)       | 1 ML/share    | 0 ML/share4     | 1 ML/share       | 1 ML/share     |
| Regulated River (General Security) | 2 ML/share    | 2 ML/share5     | 1 ML/share       | N/A            |
| Regulated River (High Security)    | 1 ML/share    | 0 ML/share      | N/A              | 1 ML/share     |

# Extreme events stage and temporary water restrictions (Lachlan)

The NSW Extreme Events Policy was released in October 2018 to provide a framework for managing extreme events in the major river systems of the NSW Murray-Darling Basin. This framework is based on a staged approach, providing a range of measures for water managers to implement as conditions deteriorate.

Temporary water restrictions can be implemented to manage a water shortage. These restrictions issued under section 324 of the *Water Management Act 2000* were imposed in several river valleys in 2019/20 to preserve water for critical needs. However, by July 2020, restrictions on general security account water were still in place in the Lachlan regulated river valley and these restrictions were fully lifted in August 2020.

Table 4 outlines the conditions that may be associated with different stages of criticality for surface water shortages. Further information is available at <a href="www.industry.nsw.gov.au/water/what-we-do/legislation-policies/eep">www.industry.nsw.gov.au/water/what-we-do/legislation-policies/eep</a>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Carryover was permitted into the 2011-12 water year for Conveyance access licences

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Inferred from account limit

Table 4: Determination of stages of criticality for surface water quantity<sup>6</sup>

| Stage | Stage description | Stage evidence base   |
|-------|-------------------|---|
| 1     | Normal management | Can deliver all account water under normal river operations practices.  |
| 2     | Emerging drought  | Unable to deliver 100% of high priority account water and maximum expected use of General Security under normal river operations practices. |
| 3     | Severe drought    | Only able to deliver restricted high priority demands and restricted remaining General Security account water.                              |
| 4     | Critical drought  | Only able to deliver restricted town water supply, stock and domestic and other restricted high priority demands.                           |

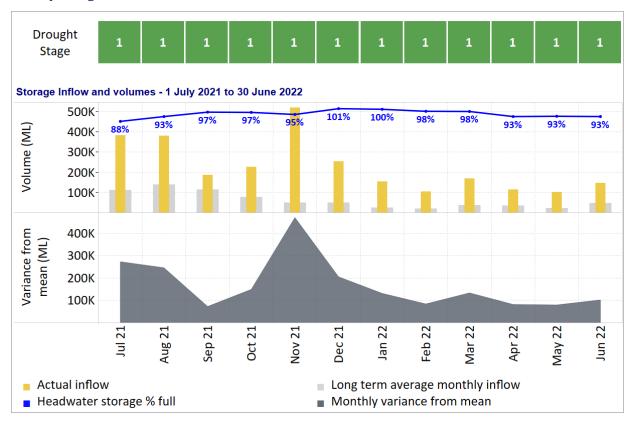
## Extreme events stage

- At the start of July 2021 Wyangala Dam was only at 88% and the Lachlan was in Stage 1 operating under normal management.
- With conditions remaining wetter than average for the remainder of the reporting period the Lachlan remained in Stage 1 for the entire period.

### **Temporary water restrictions**

No temporary water restrictions were applicable during the reporting period.

Figure 17: Lachlan drought stage for the reporting period referenced with monthly headwater storage inflows, and monthly storage inflow variance from mean



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Valleys may be declared in Stage 2 Recovering after good inflows when conditions are improving but are not yet back to normal operations.

# Allocation account summary

A summary illustration of the accounting for General Security and High Security access licence categories in the Lachlan is provided in Figure 18 and

Figure 19 respectively. Detailed information on the water accounts for all categories of licence issued are provided in Note 1 of this report.

Increase Decrease Total 2,500,000 1,399,013 2,000,000 1,500,000 M 1,000,000 89,540 0 0 358,620 732,722 (162,454) (82,030) 1,289,129) (3,308) 500,000 422,471

Tradein

Trade Out

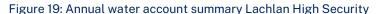
Spill Reset AWD

Spill Forfeit

Carry forward

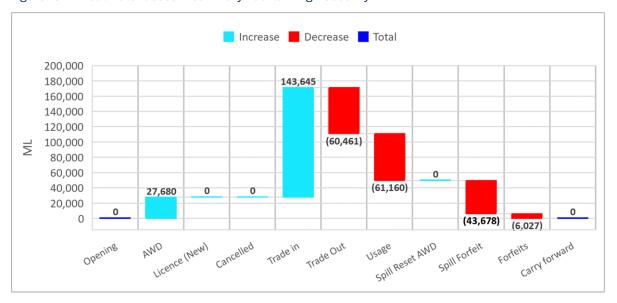
Forfeits

Figure 18: Annual water account summary Lachlan General Security



Ticeuce (Mem)

Cancelled



# Water availability

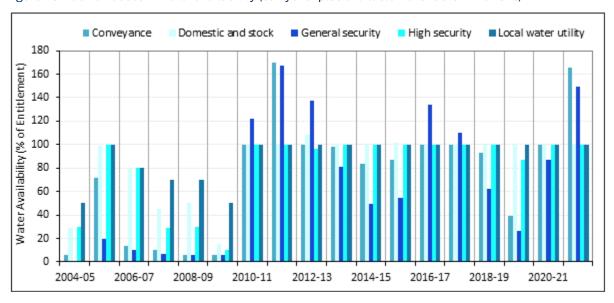
- Domestic and Stock, and Local Water Utility access licences (including sub-categories of these) received an opening available water determination (AWD) of 100% or 1 megalitre per share, the maximum amount allowable under the water sharing plan (Figure 20).
- Regulated River (Conveyance) access licence holders received an opening AWD of 1 megalitre per share on 1 July 2021 (17,911 megalitres), the maximum amount allowable under the water

- sharing plan. On 28 September 2021 and 23 March 2022 storage spills resulted in forfeiting of remaining account water and AWD resets of 1 megalitres per share.
- Regulated River (High Security) access licence holders received an opening AWD of 1 megalitre per share on 1 July 2021 (27,680 megalitres), the maximum amount allowable under the water sharing plan.
- Allocation water trade from Regulated River (General Security) to Regulated River (High Security) water accounts was forfeited because of Wyangala Dam spilling on 22 September 2021.
- General security access licences had a carryover of 422,471 megalitres into the reporting period, equating to approximately 71% of total issued general security share component.
- General security access licence holders received an opening AWD announcement of
  0 megalitres per share. A further 3 AWD announcements increased the total AWD to 0.47
  megalitre per share by 8 September 2021. On 22 September 2021 and 23 March 2022 storage
  spills resulted in forfeiting of account water and AWD resets of 1.15 and 1.21 megalitres per
  share respectively. An additional 4 AWD's following the initial storage spill reset increased
  the AWD prior to the second reset to 1.28 megalitres per share (Figure 21).
- Overall water availability (carryover plus available water determination) was very high being the highest since 2011-12 and the 2<sup>nd</sup> highest since the Water Sharing Plans commenced (Figure 20).

By volume 37% of the 252,417 megalitres of tributary inflows to the Lachlan River downstream of Wyangala dam was contributed by the Boorowa River with the remainder spread between the Belubula River and Booberoi and Mandagery Creeks (

• Figure 22).

Figure 20: Lachlan account water availability (carryover plus available water determinations)<sup>7</sup>



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> The 2011–12, 2016–17 and 2021-22 General Security availability considers water that was allocated but then withdrawn (forfeited) due to the storage spill accounting rules Information is inclusive of licences held by an environmental holder (see note 5 of this report for further clarification).

Figure 21: Incremental available water determination and carryover volumes for general security as a proportion of share component

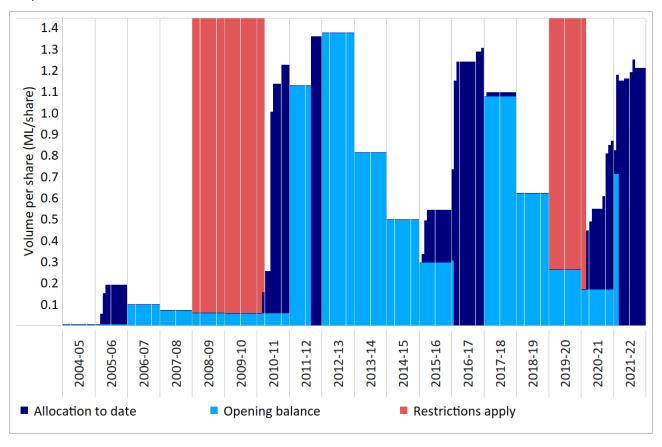
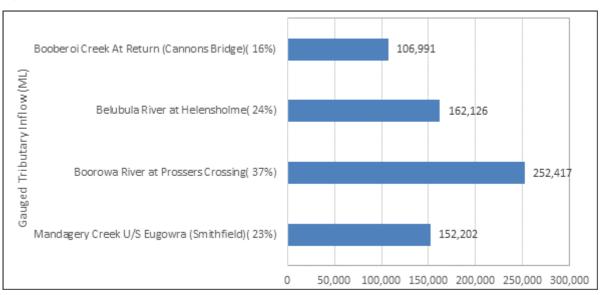


Figure 22: Measured tributary inflow contributions



# Account usage

- Total account usage from regulated supply totalled 161,693 megalitres for the reporting period (Figure 23).
- Average account usage (all categories) under water sharing plan management conditions is 153,133 megalitres.

Domestic and stock General security Conveyance High security Local water utility Moving average 450,000 400,000 Average usage is 153,133 megalites per 350,000 Usage (ML) year. No supplementary 300,000 usage has occured since the commencement of 250,000 the water sharing plan. 200,000 150,000 100,000 50.000 2010-11 2004-05 2006-07 2008-09 2012-13 2014-15 2016-17 2018-19 2020-21

Figure 23: Lachlan average annual account usage versus account usage

### Utilisation and inactive share.

- 27% of general security share component was inactive<sup>8</sup> for the reporting period, an increase of 9% on the prior reporting period (
- Table 5) reflecting the wetter than average conditions that prevailed during the reporting period.
- Considering all categories of access licence, 28% of issued share component was inactive, a increase of 11% on the prior reporting period.
- Utilisation of available water<sup>9</sup> from regulated supplies remained steady at 25%, together with the previous year being the lowest since 2011–12, reflecting wet conditions and low demand for licensed water (Figure 24).

-

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> An access licence is considered to be inactive for the reporting period if the holding does not use water or access the temporary trade market for the reporting period.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> Unrestricted water in accounts available to order for use

Figure 24: Percentage utilisation (water availability plus trade in from external water sources against account usage and trade out to external water sources)

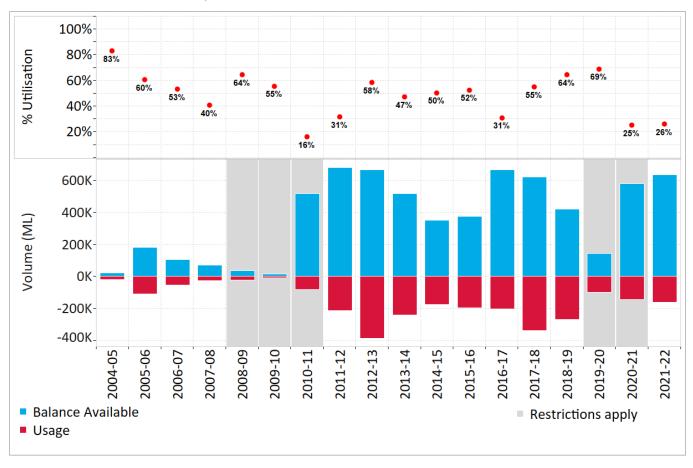


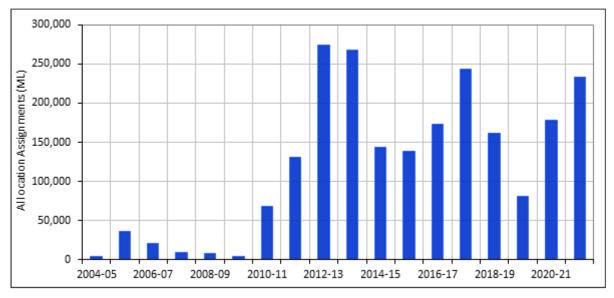
Table 5: Lachlan inactive licence summary

| Licence Category                   | Inactive<br>licences<br>(number)<br>2021–22 | Inactive<br>share<br>component<br>2021–22 | Inactive share<br>component %<br>of total<br>2021–22 | Inactive Share<br>Component % of<br>total prior year<br>2020-21 |
|------------------------------------|---|---|--|---|
| Domestic and Stock                 | 293   | 4,880                                     | 45%  | 43%   |
| Domestic and Stock [Stock]         | 152   | 1,180                                     | 74%  | 89%   |
| Domestic and Stock [Domestic]      | 78  | 176                                       | 99%  | 98%   |
| Local water utility                | 3   | 3,361                                     | 22%  | 5%  |
| Regulated river (General Security) | 568   | 157,935                                   | 27%  | 18%   |
| Regulated river (High Security)    | 109   | 1,483                                     | 5%   | 2%  |
| Regulated river (Conveyance)       | 0   | 0   | 0%   | 0%  |
| Total regulated supply             | 1,203                                       | 169,015                                   | 28%  | 17%   |

# Temporary trading (allocation assignments)

- The total volume of allocation assignments for the reporting period was 233,185 megalitres which was higher than the prior three water years (Figure 25).
- Water is not permitted to be traded between the Lachlan Regulated River Water Source and external water sources.

Figure 25: Total allocation assignments



### **Temporary commercial statistics**

For the reporting period, considering commercial trades only (> \$1 per megalitre), 142 transactions were processed. Temporary trading for the reporting period indicates that the:

- average price for water was \$72 per megalitre (weighted average \$65), a 35% decrease on the prior year
- maximum price for water was \$402 per megalitre
- total trade value being \$3,272,915 a 15% decrease on the prior water year, the lowest trade value since 2011-12 (Figure 26).

600 Price per ML (\$AU) 500 400 300 200 100 0 400 15,000-Number of trades /alue (\$ x 1,000) 300 10,000 200 5,000 100 2009-10 2007-08 2008-09 2018-19 2006-07 2010-11 2011-12 2012-13 2015-16 2017-18 2004-05 2005-06 2013-14 2019-20 2016-17 2021-22 Average of price per ML (\$) Number of trades Average of price per ML(\$) (volume weighted) ■ Trade value (\$ x 1,000) Maximum of price per ML (\$)

Figure 26: Allocation assignment commercial statistics — Lachlan<sup>10</sup>

# Permanent trading

#### Permanent commercial statistics

For the reporting period, considering commercial trades only (> than \$1 per megalitres), 25 general security share assignment transactions (Figure 27) were processed. Permanent trading for the reporting period indicates that the:

- average price for general security was \$680 per share (weighted average \$870), a 9% increase on the prior year
- maximum price was \$1,550 per share
- total trade value was \$4,649,195, the highest since 2009–10 and a 24% increase on the prior reporting period.
- No high security share assignments were processed in the reporting period (Figure 29).
- The general security sale price within the Lachlan relative to other NSW regulated river water sources selling share in the reporting period is provided in Figure 28.

In addition to permanent assignments of share, a total of 17,638 shares (all categories of licence considered) were subject to a change of holder for commercial purposes through 45 transactions. Note that reliable pricing information for change of holder dealings is unavailable as often the sale is bundled with land (

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>10</sup> Trade prices are all greater than \$1 per share. A limit is applied equal to the mean plus 3 times the standard deviation of trade prices.

# Figure 30).

Figure 27: Share assignments commercial statistics — Lachlan, General Security<sup>10</sup>

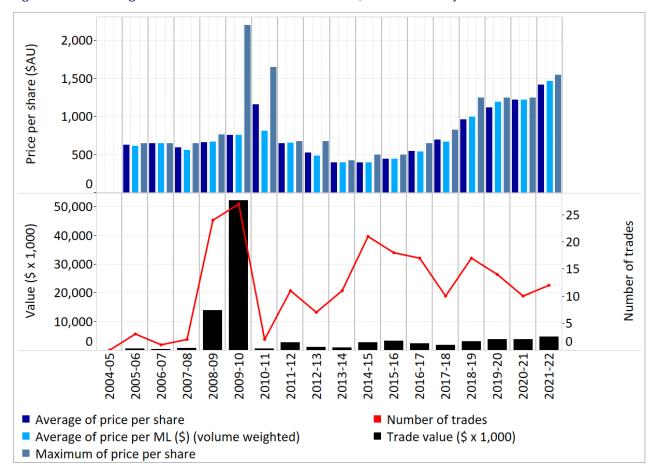


Figure 28: General Security average share price relative comparison for reporting period

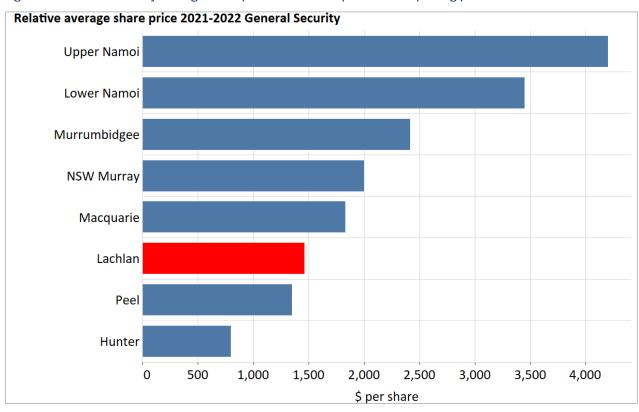


Figure 29: Share assignments commercial statistics — Lachlan, High Security 10

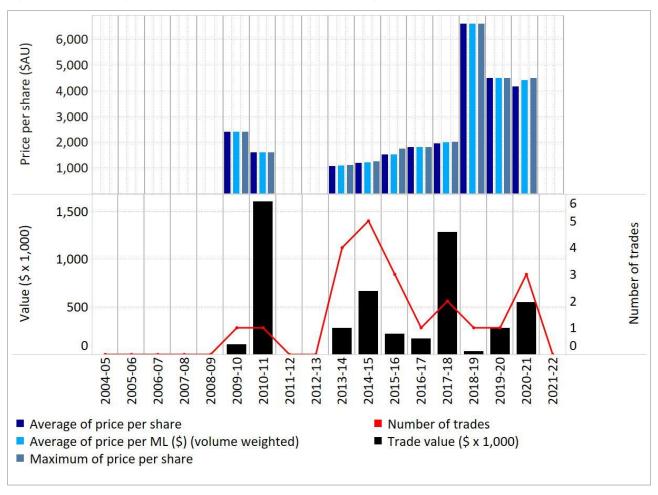
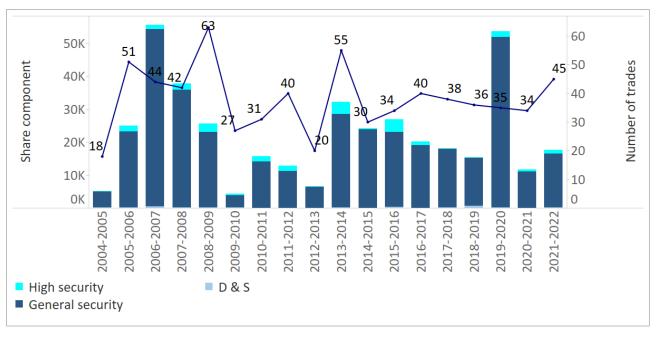


Figure 30: Change of holder commercial statistics, Lachlan<sup>11</sup>



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>11</sup> Only includes transactions where the total consideration of the dealing exceeds \$1. All licence categories have been included.

# Replenishment flows

For the reporting period no addition stock and domestic replenishment flows were required for Willandra Creek, Merrimajeel and Muggabah Creeks, Booberoi Creek and Merrowie Creek systems as surplus flows delivered the requirements of the water sharing plan.

#### Minimum flows

A visible flow at Geramy was successfully achieved for the entirety of the reporting period<sup>12</sup>.

# Surface water resources and management — Belubula

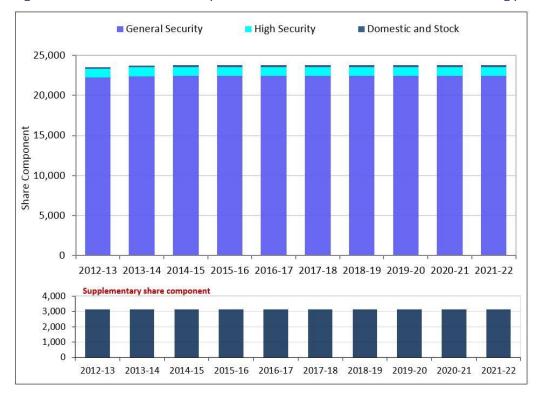
# Legislation

The Belubula water source was managed under the conditions set out in the *Water Sharing Plan for the Belubula Regulated River Water Source 2012*. The water sharing plan commenced on 4 October 2012 and will remain active until 30 June 2023, or alternatively until a replacement plan is gazetted. The water sharing plan was produced to meet the water management principles outlined in the *Water Management Act 2000*.

# **Access rights**

- Issued access licence share component remained constant in the reporting period.
- Total issued share component was 26,894 shares on 30 June 2022, which included 3,125 shares of supplementary water access licences (Figure 31).

Figure 31: Belubula total share component since the commencement of the water sharing plan



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>12</sup> Typically, an average flow of about 20 to 30 megalitres per day in cooler months and about 70 to 80 megalitres per day in warmer months at Booligal would maintain a visible flow at Geramy.

# Access licence account management

The account management rules applied to an access licence in the Belubula regulated river water source is presented, by access licence category in Table 6. General security access licence management adopts a flexible, continuous accounting approach, with licence holders able to store (and carry forward) up to 1.3 megalitres per share. Annual usage for this category is restricted to 1 megalitre per share, plus allocation assignments in from the A sub account (water that can be used in the current water year), minus allocation assignments out of the A sub account.

All other categories of access licence are effectively limited to a maximum available water determination (AWD) of 1 megalitre per share (or 100%) and are not allowed to carryover unused water to the following water year<sup>13</sup>.

Table 6: Belubula water allocation accounting rules

| Licence category                   | Account limit | Carryover limit | Annual use limit | Maximum AWD |
|------------------------------------|---------------|-----------------|------------------|-------------|
| Domestic and Stock                 | 100%          | 0%              | N/A              | 100%        |
| Domestic and Stock[Domestic]       | 100%          | 0%              | N/A              | 100%        |
| Domestic and Stock[Stock]          | 100%          | 0%              | N/A              | 100%        |
| Regulated River (General Security) | 1.3 ML/Share  | N/A             | 1 ML/Share       | N/A         |
| Regulated River (High Security)    | 1 ML/Share    | 0 ML/Share      | N/A              | 1 ML/Share  |
| Supplementary Water                | 1 ML/Share    | 0 ML/Share      | N/A              | 1 ML/share  |

# Extreme events stage and temporary water restrictions (Belubula)

Generic policy background on the NSW extreme events policy and temporary water restrictions is provided under 'Extreme events stage and temporary water restrictions (Lachlan)' of this document.

#### Extreme events stage

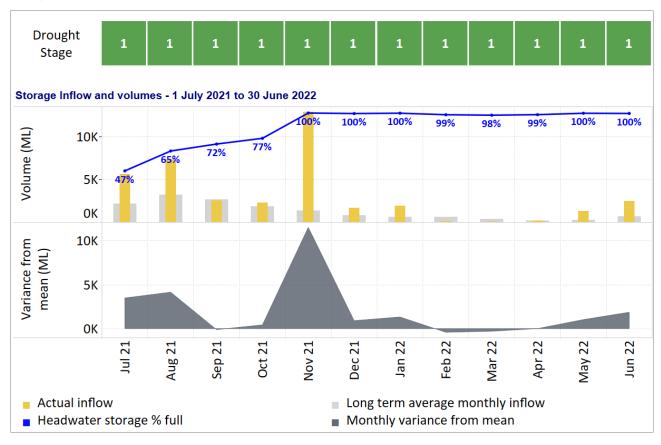
- At the start of July 2021 Carcoar Dam was at 47% and the Belubula was in Stage 1 operating under normal management (Figure 32).
- With Carcoar Dam reaching 100% capacity in November 2021 and conditions remaining wetter than average for the remainder of the reporting period the Belubula remained in Stage 1 for the entire period.

## **Drought Measures**

The suspension of the end of system flow requirement in the Belubula was extended until the
end of December 2020 and then expired. End of system flow requirements were met by
downstream tributary flows and therefore were not required to be provided by regulated
releases from Carcoar Dam.

 $<sup>^{13}</sup>$  An exception was applied to the 2013-14, 2014-15 and 2015-16 water years

Figure 32: Drought stage for the reporting period referenced with monthly headwater storage inflows, and monthly storage inflow variance from mean

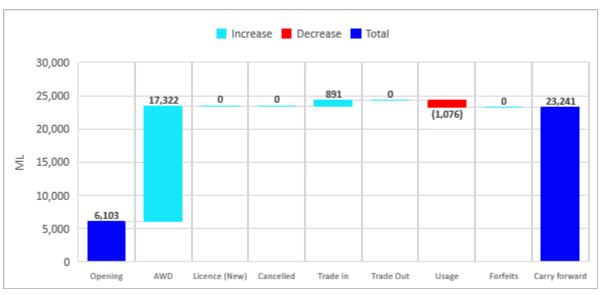


### Allocation account summary

A summary illustration of the accounting for General Security and High Security access licence categories in the Belubula is provide in Figure 33 and

Figure 34 respectively. Detailed information on the water accounts for all categories of licence issued are provided in Note 1 of this report.

Figure 33: Annual water account summary Belubula General Security



Increase Decrease Total 1,200 0 0 1,095 1,000 800 ₹ 600 400 200 (891) 0 Opening Licence (New) Cancelled Trade in Trade Out Usage Carry forward

Figure 34: Annual water account summary Belubula High Security

### Water availability

- Domestic and Stock and High Security access licences received an opening available water determination of 100% and 1 megalitre per share respectively, the maximum amount allowable under the water sharing plan.
- Supplementary access licences received an opening available water determination of 1 megalitre per share, the maximum amount allowable under the water sharing plan.

At the water source level 286 days of supplementary access was available in the reporting period. Historical and reporting period supplementary access periods are illustrated in

- Figure 37.
- General security access licences had a carryover of 6,103 megalitres into the reporting period, equating to 27% of total issued general security share component (Figure 35).
- General security access licence holders received an opening AWD 0.0 megalitre per share.
   Three addition AWD were made available to this category throughout the water year totalling 0.83 megalitres per share which increased the volume in accounts by 77% of share component.

The total water availability by licence category under water sharing plan management conditions is presented in Figure 36. Water availability for the reporting period was the highest under water sharing plan management conditions.

Figure 35: Belubula incremental available water determination and carryover volumes for general security as a proportion of share component

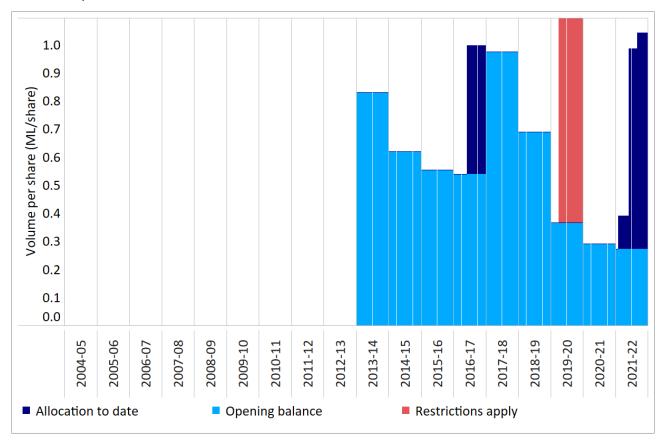
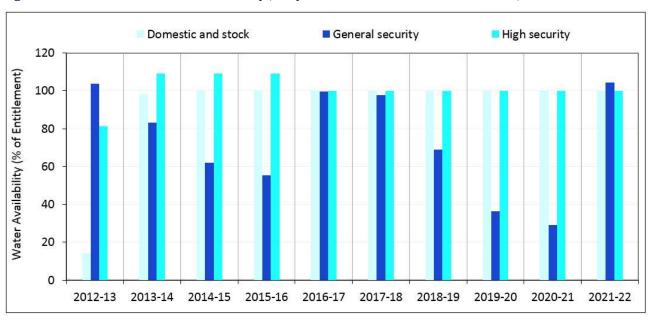
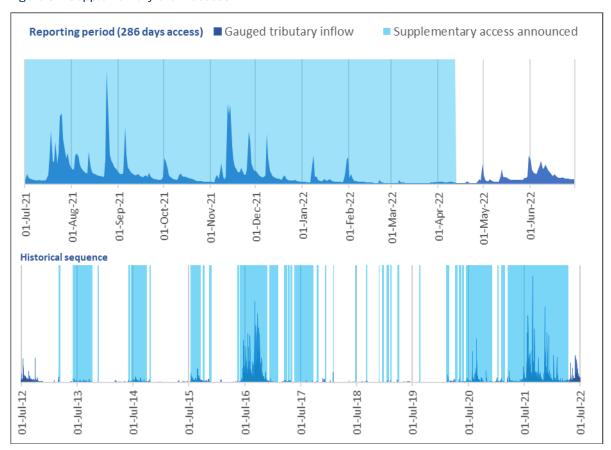


Figure 36: Belubula Account Water Availability (Carryover + Available Water Determinations)<sup>14</sup>



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>14</sup> Water availability also includes adjustments made as a result of the storage spill in 2012–13 and during year forfeits while still operating under the *Water Act 1912*. In addition, the 2012-13 figures have been adjusted to take into account the period of operation under the Water Act being 1 July 2012 to 4 October 2012.

Figure 37: Supplementary event access



### Account usage

Total account usage (all forms of take) was 4,349 megalitres for the reporting period including 3,125 megalitres supplementary usage. There was no additional uncontrolled flow usage (Figure 38).

Average usage (all categories of licence plus uncontrolled flow access) under water sharing plan management conditions is 5,497 megalitres per year and 4,001 megalitres per year excluding supplementary and uncontrolled flow access.

■ General security High security ■ Domestic and stock Moving average 9,000 Average usage is 4,001 8,000 megalites or 5,497 7,000 megalitres including supplementary water 6,000 access 5,000 4,000 3,000 2,000 1,000 0 2012-13 2013-14 2014-15 2015-16 2016-17 2017-18 2018-19 2019-20 2020-21 2021-22 ■ High Security Uncontrolled ■ Supplementary ■ General Security Uncontrolled 6,000 O00, 2,000 (ML)

2012-13 2013-14 2014-15 2015-16 2016-17 2017-18 2018-19 2019-20 2020-21 2021-22

Figure 38: Belubula average annual account usage versus account usage

### Utilisation and inactive share

- 62% of share component for licence categories with regulated supply was inactive<sup>15</sup> for the reporting period, an increase of 3% on the prior reporting period (
- Table 7).
- Utilisation of available water<sup>16</sup> from regulated supplies decreased (by 15%) to 5% (Figure 39).

Figure 39: Percentage utilisation (water availability plus trade in against usage and trade out external water sources). Excludes supplementary and uncontrolled flow access

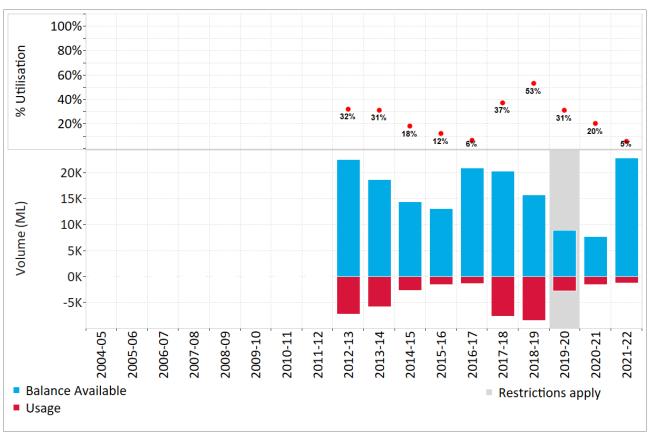


Table 7: Belubula inactive licence summary

| Licence category              | Inactive<br>licences<br>2021–22 | Inactive share<br>component<br>2021–22 | Inactive share component % 2021–22 | Inactive Share<br>Component % for prior<br>year: 2020–21 |
|-------------------------------|---------------------------------|--|------------------------------------|--|
| Domestic and Stock            | 18                              | 157                                    | 92%                                | 86%  |
| Domestic and Stock [Stock]    | 7                               | 39                                     | 89%                                | 100%   |
| Domestic and Stock [Domestic] | 2                               | 6                                      | 100%                               | 100%   |
| General Security              | 68                              | 13,968                                 | 62%                                | 62%  |
| High Security                 | 0                               | 0                                      | 0%                                 | 0%   |

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>15</sup> An access licence is considered to be inactive for the reporting period if the holding does not use water or access the temporary trade market for the reporting period. Regulated supply excludes supplementary access licences

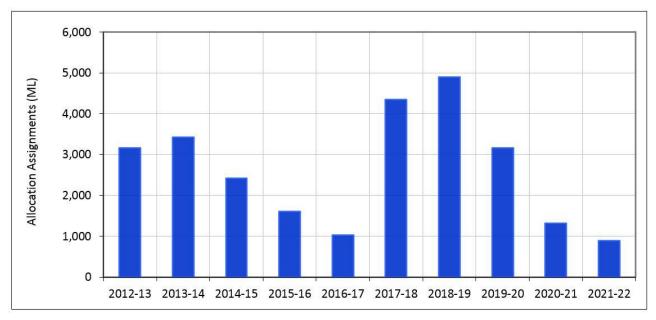
<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>16</sup> Carryover plus available water determinations for all categories of licence excluding supplementary.

| Licence category       | Inactive<br>licences<br>2021–22 | Inactive share<br>component<br>2021–22 | component % | Inactive Share<br>Component % for prior<br>year: 2020–21 |
|------------------------|---------------------------------|--|-------------|--|
| Total regulated supply | 95                              | 14,170                                 | 62%         | 59%  |

### Temporary trading (allocation assignments)

- The total volume of allocation assignments for the reporting period was 891 megalitres (a drop of 427 since the previous year reporting period) (Figure 40).
- Water is not permitted to be traded between the Belubula Regulated River Water Source and external water sources.

Figure 40: Total allocation assignments



### **Temporary commercial statistics**

For the reporting period, considering commercial trades only (>\$1 per megalitres), 5 transactions were processed (Figure 41). Temporary trading for the reporting period indicates that the:

- average price for water was \$1,000 per megalitre (weighted average \$1,000), a 110% increase on the prior reporting period
- maximum price for water was \$1,000 per megalitre
- total trade value was \$891,200, the fifth highest under water sharing plan management conditions and a 4% decrease on the prior reporting period.

1,000 Price per ML (\$AU) 800 600 400 200 50 2,500-40 Number of trades Value (\$ x 1,000) 2,000-30 1,500-20 1,000-10 500-0 2008-09 2006-07 2009-10 2014-15 2015-16 2017-18 2005-06 2007-08 2010-11 2011-12 2013-14 2018-19 2019-20 2016-17 Average of price per ML (\$) Number of trades Average of price per ML(\$) (volume weighted) ■ Trade value (\$ x 1,000) Maximum of price per ML (\$)

Figure 41: Allocation assignment commercial statistics — Belubula<sup>10</sup>

### Permanent water trading

#### Permanent commercial statistics

- No general security share assignments have been processed in this reporting period (Figure 42).
- No high security share assignments have been processed since the commencement of the water sharing plan.
- No licences were subject to change of holder for commercial purposes (
- Figure 43)<sup>17</sup>.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>17</sup> Pricing information for change of holder dealings are unavailable as sale is often coupled with land.

Figure 42: Share assignments commercial statistics — Belubula, General Security  $^{10}$ 

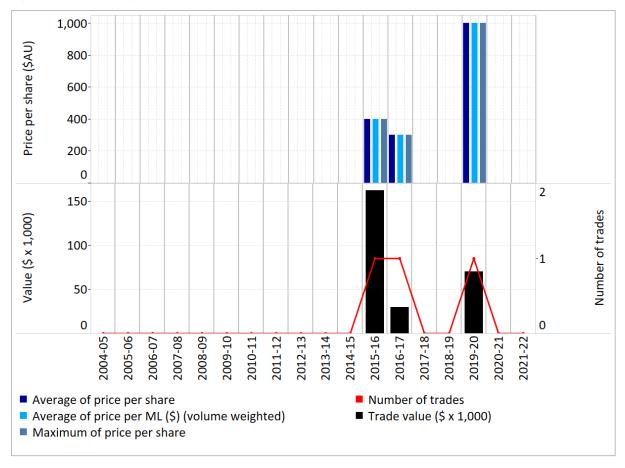
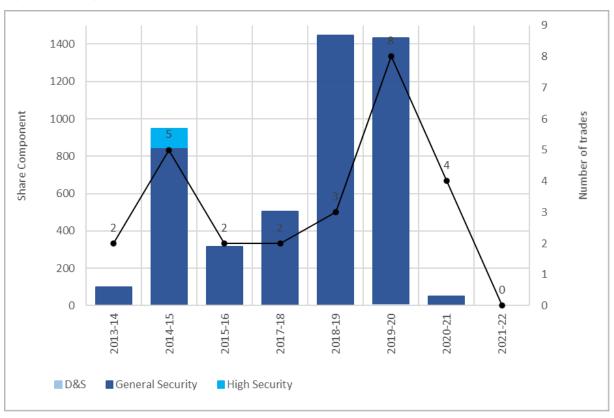


Figure 43: Change of holder commercial statistics, Belubula<sup>11</sup>



### **Environmental Water**

### Planned environmental water

- Translucent flow condition was triggered in July 2021 and a total of 350,000 megalitres was
  delivered from Lake Brewster between 29 July 2021 and 29 September 2021 as translucent
  environmental water and measured at Willandra weir. Delivery from Lake Brewster was to
  both optimising surcharged water in Lake Brewster and reducing upstream flood impacts.
- The environmental water allowance (EWA) was credited with 20,000 megalitres in on 1 July 2021. Lake Brewster was used during the year to deliver a total of 14,096 megalitres.
- The water quality allowance (WQA) was credited with 20,000 megalitres on 1 July 2021. No water was required to be used in the reporting period.
- There is currently no held environmental water in the Belubula.
- The water sharing plan minimum end of-system flow requirement in the Belubula was met for the entire reporting period.
- Further details on planned environmental water and historical accounting are available in Note 7 of this document.

#### Held environmental water

- Held environmental water share component remained constant throughout the period.
- Total held environmental water consists of 124,518 shares general security and 2,728 shares high security as of 30 June 2022 (Figure 44).

Total usage of held environmental water was 20,174 megalitres, being 11,000 megalitres of general security and 9,174 megalitres of high security (

- Figure 45).
- Details on held environmental are available in Note 6 of this GPWAR.
- Utilisation of available Held environmental water from regulated supplies decreased (by 32%) to 21%, being the third lowest since the commencement of the water sharing plan (Figure 46).

Figure 44: Held environmental water share in the Lachlan since commencement of the plan<sup>18</sup>

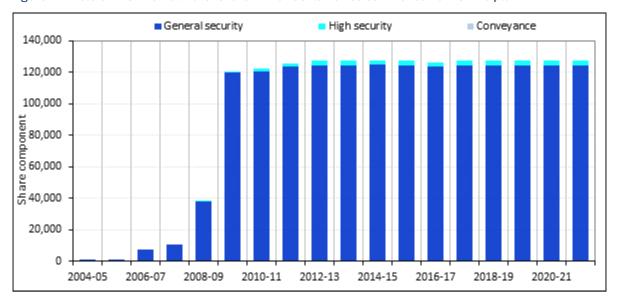
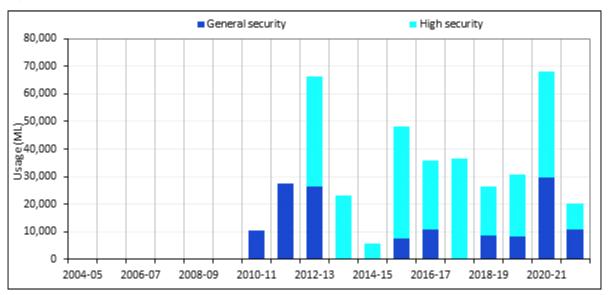


Figure 45: Held environmental account water used in the Lachlan since commencement of plan



 $<sup>^{\</sup>rm 18}$  These represent the number of shares at the conclusion of the water year.

Figure 46: Held Environmental Water percentage utilisation (water availability against account usage)



# Water accounting statements

### Significant water accounting policies

We have used an accrual basis of accounting to prepare the water accounting statements in this GPWAR. All figures are in megalitres (ML).

We have excluded the 'Statement of Physical Flows' from this GPWAR as all transactions have been presented in the statements 'Water Assets and Liabilities' and 'Changes in Water Assets and Water Liabilities'. We have included a physical flow diagram that represents the physical movements of water to more clearly depict those accounting processes associated with physical flow movement.

For general information on how to interpret the NSW Department of Planning and Environment, water accounting statements refer to the *Guide to General Purpose Water Accounting Reports* available for download on from the department's website (industry.nsw.gov.au/water).

### Quantification of data

### **Data accuracy**

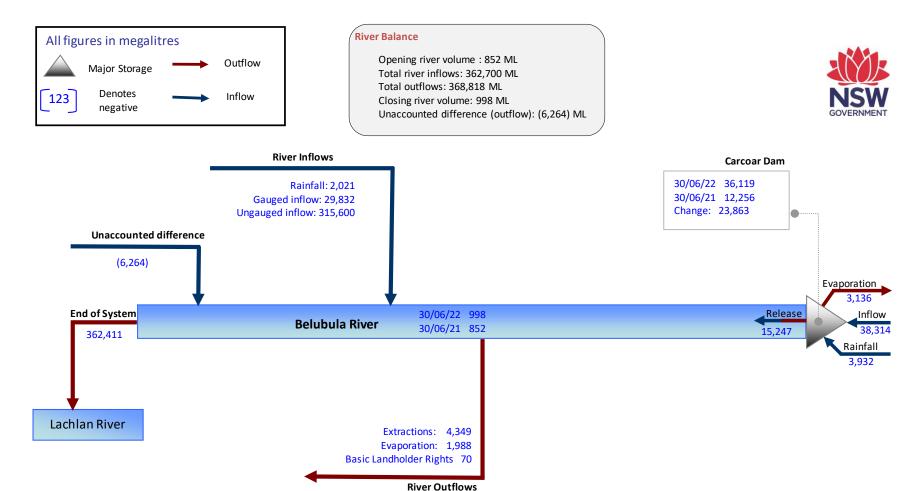
It is important to recognise that the data used to account for water movement and management in the reporting entity has been obtained from a variety of sources and systems. The data ranges from observed values where a high accuracy would be anticipated through to modelled results and estimates where accuracy can be highly variable depending on a range of factors. To address the inconsistencies in accuracy and prevent misuse of the data in the accounts, all figures in the water accounting statements will be accompanied by an assessment of accuracy (Table 8).

Table 8: Water account data accuracy estimates key

| Accuracy         | Description  |
|------------------|--|
| A1 <sup>19</sup> | +/- 0% Data is determined rather than estimated or measured. Therefore, the number contains no inaccuracies. |
| Α                | +/- 10%  |
| В                | +/- 25%  |
| С                | +/- 50%  |
| D                | +/- 100%   |

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>19</sup> Non-physical administration items, such as available water determinations, trading and carryover volumes, are assumed to have no inherent error for the purposes of this report. Items are reported as extracted from the NSW Department of Planning and Environment corporate database.

### Belubula 2021–22 physical flows mass balance diagram



1. A negative unaccounted difference indicates more system inflow is required to achieve balance on the river

### Belubula – Statement of water assets and liabilities

### For the year ended 30 June 2022

In all tables (..) denotes a negative value.

#### **Surface water assets**

| 1.Surface Water Storage            | Accuracy | Notes | 30-06-2022 | 30-06-2021 |
|------------------------------------|----------|-------|------------|------------|
| Storage                            | -        | -     | -          | -          |
| Carcoar Dam                        | А        | 8     | 36,119     | 12,256     |
| River                              | -        | -     | -          | -          |
| Storage                            | А        | 9     | 998        | 852        |
| Total surface water storage (Asws) | -        | -     | 37,117     | 13,108     |
| Change in surface water storage    | -        | _     | 24,010     | 6,595      |

### **Surface water liabilities**

| 2.Allocation account balances              | Accuracy | Notes | 30-06-2022 | 30-06-2021 |
|--|----------|-------|------------|------------|
| Domestic And Stock                         | А        | 1     | (0)        | 0          |
| Domestic And Stock (Domestic)              | А        | 1     | 0          | 0          |
| Domestic And Stock (Stock)                 | А        | 1     | 0          | 0          |
| General Security                           | А        | 1     | 23,241     | 6,103      |
| High Security                              | А        | 1     | 0          | 0          |
| Total allocation account balances (Lalloc) | -        | -     | 23,241     | 6,103      |
| Change in allocation accounts              | -        | -     | 17,138     | (442)      |

#### **Surface water net assets**

| 3 Net change                           | 30-06-2022 | 30-06-2021 |
|--|------------|------------|
| Net surface water assets (Asws-Lalloc) | 13,876     | 7,005      |
| Change in net surface water assets     | 6,872      | 7,037      |

### Belubula – Changes in water assets and liabilities

### For the year ended 30 June 2022 (1 of 2)

In all tables (...) denotes a negative value.

### 1. Belubula - Changes in Surface Water Storage (Physical Water Balance)

| Surface Water Storage Inflows                | Accuracy | Notes | 30-06-2022 | 30-06-2021 |
|--|----------|-------|------------|------------|
| Storage                                      | -        | -     | -          | -          |
| Inflow                                       | А        | 10    | 38,314     | 10,981     |
| Rainfall                                     | В        | 12    | 3,932      | 1,669      |
| River  | -        | -     | -          | -          |
| Rainfall                                     | В        | 13    | 2,021      | 1,281      |
| Gauged inflow                                | А        | 14    | 29,832     | 7,428      |
| Ungauged inflow                              | С        | 15    | 315,600    | 92,200     |
| Inflow from storage releases                 | А        | 16    | 15,247     | 4,895      |
| Total Surface Water Storage Increases (Isws) | -        | -     | 404,945    | 118,454    |

| Surface Water Storage Outflows               | Accuracy | Notes | 30-06-2022 | 30-06-2021 |
|--|----------|-------|------------|------------|
| Storage                                      | -        | -     | -          | -          |
| Evaporation                                  | В        | 12    | 3,136      | 1,626      |
| Release (valve/spillway)                     | А        | 16    | 15,247     | 4,895      |
| River  | -        | -     | -          | -          |
| Evaporation                                  | В        | 13    | 1,987      | 1,438      |
| Flow leaving                                 | А        | 18    | 362,411    | 84,531     |
| Basic Landholder Extractions                 | А        | 20    | 70         | 70         |
| Extractions                                  | А        | 19    | 4,349      | 7,219      |
| Unaccounted difference                       | А        | 24    | (6,264)    | 12,080     |
| Total Surface Water Storage Decreases (Dsws) | -        | -     | 380,935    | 111,859    |

| Net change in allocation accounts            | 30-06-2022 | 30-06-2021 |
|--|------------|------------|
| Net Surface Water Storage Inflow (Isws-Dsws) | 24,010     | 6,595      |

### 2. Belubula - Changes in Allocation Accounts

| Allocation Account Increases             | Accuracy | Notes | 30-06-2022 | 30-06-2021 |
|--|----------|-------|------------|------------|
| Available water determination            | -        | -     | -          | -          |
| Domestic And Stock                       | A1       | 2     | 170        | 170        |
| Domestic And Stock (Domestic)            | A1       | 2     | 6          | 6          |
| Domestic And Stock (Stock)               | A1       | 2     | 44         | 44         |
| General Security                         | A1       | 2     | 17,322     | 0          |
| High Security                            | A1       | 2     | 1,095      | 1,095      |
| Uncontrolled Flow                        | -        | -     | -          | -          |
| Uncontrolled Flow Provision (Demand)     | A1       | 21    | 0          | 2,541      |
| Supplementary Demand                     | А        | 21    | 3,125      | 3,125      |
| Assignments in                           | A1       | 4     | 891        | 1,318      |
| Total Allocation Account Increases (Iaa) | -        | -     | 22,653     | 8,298      |

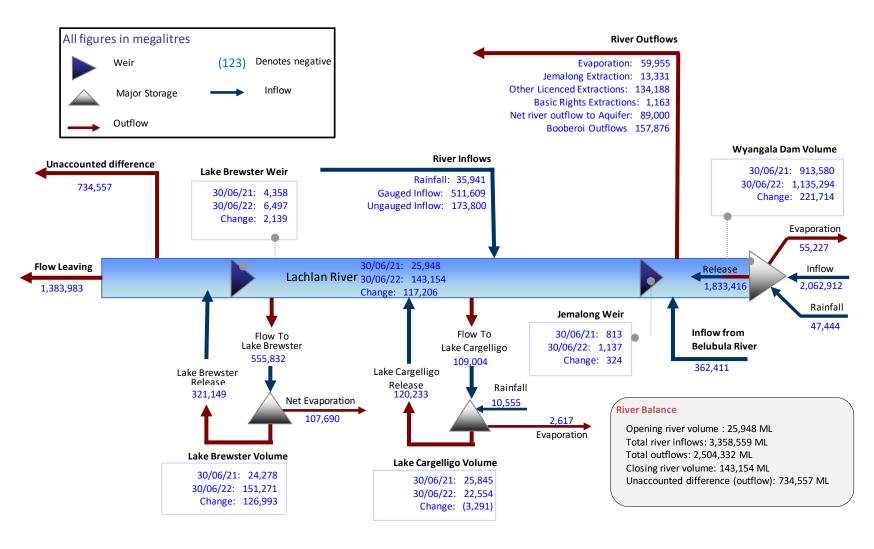
| Allocation Account Decreases             | Accuracy | Notes | 30-06-2022 | 30-06-2021 |
|--|----------|-------|------------|------------|
| Account usage                            | -        | -     | -          | -          |
| Domestic And Stock                       | А        | 3     | 4          | 17         |
| Domestic And Stock (Stock)               | А        | 3     | 0          | 0          |
| General Security                         | А        | 3     | 1,076      | 1,405      |
| High Security                            | А        | 3     | 145        | 132        |
| Account forfeits                         | -        | _     | -          | -          |
| Domestic And Stock                       | A1       | 1     | 166        | 154        |
| Domestic And Stock (Domestic)            | A1       | 1     | 6          | 6          |
| Domestic And Stock (Stock)               | A1       | 1     | 44         | 44         |
| General Security                         | A1       | 1     | 0          | 0          |
| High Security                            | A1       | 1     | 59         | 0          |
| Licence cancelled                        | -        | _     | -          | -          |
| Domestic And Stock (Domestic)            | A1       | 1     | 0          | 0          |
| Uncontrolled Flow                        | -        | -     | -          | -          |
| Uncontrolled Flow Provision (Supply)     | A1       | 21    | 0          | 2,541      |
| Supplementary Supply                     | А        | 21    | 3,125      | 3,125      |
| Assignments out                          | A1       | 4     | 891        | 1,318      |
| Total Allocation Account Decreases (Daa) | -        | -     | 5,515      | 8,740      |

| Net change in allocation accounts                  | 30-06-2022 | 30-06-2021 |
|--|------------|------------|
| Net Allocation Account Balance Increases (Iaa-Daa) | 17,138     | (442)      |

### 3. Belubula – Overall changes

| Surface water assets  | 30-06-2022 | 30-06-2021 |
|---|------------|------------|
| Change in Net Surface Water Assets (Isws-Dsws-Iaa+Daa+Dpew) | 6,872      | 7,037      |

### Lachlan 2021-22 physical flows mass balance diagram



### Lachlan - Statement of water assets and liabilities

### For the year ended 30 June 2022

In all tables (...) denotes a negative value.

#### **Surface water assets**

| 1. Surface Water Storage           | Accuracy | Notes | 30-06-2022 | 30-06-2021 |
|------------------------------------|----------|-------|------------|------------|
| Wyangala Dam                       | А        | 8     | 1,135,294  | 913,580    |
| Lake Cargelligo                    | А        | 8     | 22,554     | 25,845     |
| Lake Brewster                      | Α        | 8     | 151,271    | 24,278     |
| Jemalong Weir                      | Α        | 8     | 1,137      | 813        |
| Brewster Weir                      | Α        | 8     | 6,497      | 4,358      |
| Lachlan Regulated River            | А        | 9     | 143,154    | 25,948     |
| Total surface water storage (Asws) | -        | -     | 1,459,907  | 994,822    |
| Change in surface water storage    | -        | -     | 465,085    | 707,872    |

#### **Surface water liabilities**

| 2. Allocation account balances             | Accuracy | Notes | 30-06-2022 | 30-06-2021 |
|--|----------|-------|------------|------------|
| Domestic And Stock                         | А        | 1     | 0          | 0          |
| Domestic And Stock (Domestic)              | А        | 1     | 0          | 0          |
| Domestic And Stock (Stock)                 | А        | 1     | 0          | 0          |
| General Security                           | А        | 1     | 732,722    | 422,471    |
| High Security                              | А        | 1     | 43,678     | 0          |
| Local Water Utility                        | А        | 1     | 0          | (0)        |
| Conveyance                                 | А        | 1     | 24,010     | (0)        |
| Total allocation account balances (Lalloc) | -        | -     | 800,410    | 422,471    |
| Change in allocation accounts              | -        | -     | 377,939    | 323,182    |

| 3. Planned environmental water provisions      | Accuracy | Notes | 30-06-2022 | 30-06-2021 |
|--|----------|-------|------------|------------|
| Environmental water allowance                  | A1       | 7     | 0          | 0          |
| Water Quality Allowance                        | A1       | 7     | 0          | 0          |
| Total ECA balances (LPEW)                      | -        | -     | 0          | 0          |
| Change in planned environmental water balances | -        | -     | 0          | 0          |

### **Surface water net assets**

| 4. Surface water net assets                 | 30-06-2022 | 30-06-2021 |
|---|------------|------------|
| Net surface water assets (Asws-Lalloc-LPEW) | 659,498    | 572,352    |
| Change in net surface water assets          | 87,146     | 384,690    |

### Lachlan – Changes in water assets and liabilities

### For the year ended 30 June 2022

1. Lachlan - Changes in surface water storage (physical water balance)

| Surface Water Storage Inflows                | Accuracy | Notes | 30-06-2022 | 30-06-2021 |
|--|----------|-------|------------|------------|
| Wyangala Dam                                 | -        | -     | -          | -          |
| Inflow                                       | А        | 10    | 2,062,912  | 920,989    |
| Rainfall                                     | В        | 12    | 47,444     | 29,473     |
| Lake Cargelligo                              | -        | -     | _          | -          |
| Inflow                                       | А        | 11    | 109,004    | 44,276     |
| Rainfall                                     | В        | 12    | 10,555     | 7,381      |
| Lake Brewster                                | -        | -     | -          | -          |
| Inflow                                       | А        | 11    | 555,832    | 146,362    |
| River  | -        | -     | -          | -          |
| Rainfall                                     | В        | 13    | 35,941     | 20,094     |
| Gauged inflow                                | А        | 14    | 767,029    | 265,229    |
| Ungauged inflow                              | С        | 15    | 173,800    | 97,100     |
| Inflow other (Booberoi Creek return)         | В        | 14    | 106,991    | 10,292     |
| Inflow from storage releases                 | А        | 16    | 2,274,798  | 384,422    |
| Total Surface Water Storage Increases (Isws) | -        | -     | 6,144,306  | 1,925,618  |

| Surface Water Storage Outflows  | Accuracy | Notes   | 30-06-2022 | 30-06-2021 |
|---|----------|---------|------------|------------|
| Wyangala Dam  | -        | -       | -          | -          |
| Evaporation   | В        | 12      | 55,227     | 46,462     |
| Release (valve/spillway)  | А        | 16      | 1,833,416  | 194,172    |
| Lake Cargelligo   | -        | -       | -          | _          |
| Evaporation   | В        | 12      | 2,617      | 13,317     |
| Release (valve/spillway)  | А        | 16      | 120,233    | 45,250     |
| Lake Brewster   | -        | -       | -          | -          |
| Net Evaporation   | В        | 12      | 107,690    | 7,431      |
| Release (valve/spillway)  | А        | 16      | 321,149    | 145,001    |
| River   | -        | -       | -          | _          |
| Evaporation   | В        | 13      | 59,955     | 40,992     |
| Other river outflows (Booberoi CK-Lake Cargelligo-<br>Lake Brewster)            | А        | 11 & 22 | 822,712    | 214,439    |
| Flow leaving (Merrowie Ck-Merrimajeel Ck-Mugabah<br>Ck-Willandra Ck-Lachlan Rv) | А        | 18      | 1,383,983  | 232,721    |
| Extractions access licences (environmental water adjusted)                      | А        | 19      | 147,519    | 77,949     |

| Surface Water Storage Outflows                        | Accuracy | Notes | 30-06-2022 | 30-06-2021 |
|---|----------|-------|------------|------------|
| Other extractions (estimated basic landholder rights) | А        | 20    | 1,163      | 1,163      |
| Loss to groundwater                                   | С        | 23    | 89,000     | 56,000     |
| Unaccounted difference                                | Α        | 24    | 734,557    | 198,849    |
| Total Surface Water Storage Decreases (Dsws)          | -        | -     | 5,679,221  | 1,217,746  |

| Net surface water storage changes            | 30-06-2022 | 30-06-2021 |
|--|------------|------------|
| Net Surface Water Storage Inflow (Isws-Dsws) | 465,085    | 707,872    |

### 2. Lachlan – Changes in allocation accounts

| Allocation Account Increases             | Accuracy | Notes | 30-06-2022 | 30-06-2021 |
|--|----------|-------|------------|------------|
| Available water determination            | -        | -     | -          | -          |
| Domestic And Stock                       | A1       | 2     | 10,954     | 10,954     |
| Domestic And Stock (Domestic)            | A1       | 2     | 176        | 176        |
| Domestic And Stock (Stock)               | A1       | 2     | 1,599      | 1,599      |
| General Security                         | A1       | 2     | 1,757,633  | 414,790    |
| High Security                            | A1       | 2     | 27,680     | 27,680     |
| Local Water Utility                      | A1       | 2     | 15,545     | 15,545     |
| Conveyance                               | A1       | 2     | 53,733     | 17,911     |
| Assignments in                           | -        | -     | 233,185    | 178,146    |
| Total Allocation Account Increases (Iaa) | -        | -     | 2,100,504  | 666,801    |

| Allocation Account Decreases  | Accuracy | Notes | 30-06-2022 | 30-06-2021 |
|-------------------------------|----------|-------|------------|------------|
| Account usage                 | -        | -     | -          | -          |
| Domestic And Stock            | A1       | 3     | 3,163      | 4,396      |
| Domestic And Stock (Domestic) | A1       | 3     | 0          | 2          |
| Domestic And Stock (Stock)    | A1       | 3     | 171        | 142        |
| General Security              | A1       | 3     | 82,030     | 69,362     |
| High Security                 | A1       | 3     | 61,160     | 59,164     |
| Local Water Utility           | A1       | 3     | 3,356      | 4,304      |
| Conveyance                    | A1       | 3     | 11,812     | 7,037      |
| Account forfeits              | -        | -     | -          | -          |
| Domestic And Stock            | A1       | 1     | 7,791      | 6,550      |
| Domestic And Stock (Domestic) | A1       | 1     | 176        | 174        |
| Domestic And Stock (Stock)    | A1       | 1     | 1,428      | 1,457      |
| General Security              | A1       | 1     | 1,292,437  | 287        |
| High Security                 | A1       | 1     | 6,027      | 1,627      |

| Allocation Account Decreases             | Accuracy | Notes | 30-06-2022 | 30-06-2021 |
|--|----------|-------|------------|------------|
| Local Water Utility                      | A1       | 1     | 11,919     | 10,971     |
| Conveyance                               | A1       | 1     | 7,911      | 0          |
| Licence cancelled                        | -        | -     | -          | -          |
| Domestic And Stock                       | A1       | 1     | 0          | 0          |
| Domestic And Stock (Domestic)            | A1       | 1     | 0          | 0          |
| Assignments out                          | -        | -     | 233,185    | 178,146    |
| Total Allocation Account Decreases (Daa) | -        | -     | 1,722,565  | 343,619    |

| Net change in allocation accounts                  | 30-06-2022 | 30-06-2021 |
|--|------------|------------|
| Net Allocation Account Balance Increases (Iaa-Daa) | 377,939    | 323,182    |

### 3. Lachlan – Changes in planned environmental water provisions (PEW) (see disclosure note for details)

| Increases                          | Accuracy | Notes | 30-06-2022 | 30-06-2021 |
|------------------------------------|----------|-------|------------|------------|
| Account increases                  | A1       | 7     | 40,000     | 40,000     |
| Total PEW account increases (Ipew) | -        | -     | 40,000     | 40,000     |

| Decreases  | Accuracy | Notes | 30-06-2022 | 30-06-2021 |
|--|----------|-------|------------|------------|
| Account usage  | A1       | 7     | 14,096     | 19,562     |
| Other account decreases  | A1       | 7     | 25,904     | 20,438     |
| Total PEW account decreases (Dpew)                             | -        | -     | 40,000     | 40,000     |
| Net Environmental Contingency Allowance increase (Ipew - Dpew) | -        | _     | 0          | 0          |

### 4. Lachlan – Total change in net surface water assets

| Change in surface water net assets                                   | 30-06-2022 | 30-06-2021 |
|--|------------|------------|
| Change in Net Surface Water Assets (Isws-Dsws-Usws-laa+Daa-Ipew+Dpew | 87,146     | 384,690    |

# Note disclosures

### Reconciliation and future prospect descriptions

This section contains reconciliation and future prospect descriptions for the Belubula and Lachlan regulated water sources. In all tables (...) denotes a negative value.

| Belubula catchment: Reconciliation of change in net water asset to net change in physical water storage | 2021-22<br>(ML) | 2020-21<br>(ML) |
|---|-----------------|-----------------|
| Change in net surface water assets  | 6,872           | 7,037           |
| Non-physical adjustments  | -               | -               |
| Net change in allocation accounts   | 17,138          | (442)           |
| Net change in physical surface water storage  | 24,010          | 6,595           |

| Belubula catchment: Reconciliation of closing water storage to total surface water assets | 2021-22<br>(ML) | 2020-21<br>(ML) |
|---|-----------------|-----------------|
| Closing water storage   | -               | -               |
| Surface water storage   | 37,117          | 13,108          |
| Adjustments for non-physical assets   | 0               | 0               |
| Total surface water assets  | 37,117          | 13,108          |

| Lachlan catchment: Reconciliation of change in net water asset to net change in physical water storage | 2021-22<br>(ML) | 2020-21<br>(ML) |
|--|-----------------|-----------------|
| Change in net surface water assets   | 87,146          | 384,690         |
| Non-physical adjustments   | -               | -               |
| Net change in allocation accounts  | 377,939         | 323,182         |
| Net change in claims to water: EWA   | 0               | 0               |
| Net change in physical surface water storage   | 465,085         | 707,872         |

| Lachlan catchment: Reconciliation of closing water storage to total surface water assets | 2021-22<br>(ML) | 2020-21<br>(ML) |
|--|-----------------|-----------------|
| Closing water storage  | -               | -               |
| Surface water storage  | 1,459,907       | 994,822         |
| Adjustments for non-physical assets  | 0               | 0               |
| Total surface water assets   | 1,459,907       | 994,822         |

**Note:** All figures can be derived from or found directly in the 'Water accounting statements' section of this accounting report.

## Water assets available to settle water liabilities and future commitments within 12-months of reporting date

Final datasets for reporting in the GPWAR, including meter readings by field staff were not available in time to produce an informative 12-month forecast for report users.

In lieu of this, the links below give the latest water availability information for the Lachlan and Belubula water sources. This includes carryovers and available water determinations at the time of reporting, along with probability information about the Lachlan and Belubula systems' reliability.

### Latest water availability

You can find the latest information on water availability, including water allocation statements, water allocations summaries and 2022-23 available water determinations, on the NSW Department of Planning and Environment webpage at <a href="industry.nsw.gov.au/water/allocations">industry.nsw.gov.au/water/allocations</a>-availability/allocations

You can also subscribe to receive the latest updates.

### Latest storage volumes

See real-time information on storage volumes at realtimedata.waternsw.com.au

### Significant events since the reporting period

The Lachlan and Belubula catchments have experienced wet conditions resulting in continual storage inflows since the close of the reporting period. At the time of writing (March 2023), Wyangala and Carcoar Dams were at 97% and 99% of full supply capacity respectively, both having filled and spilled multiple times.

Lachlan and Belubula Rivers experienced flood flows since the closure of the previous reporting period. The Lachlan River at Forbes had multiple events reaching minor to moderate flood level from early-August 2022 to mid-October 2022, moderate to major flood levels from mid-October 2022 to mid-November 2022 with flood levels receding back below minor flood levels by late-November 2022. The Belubula River at Lyndon had multiple events exceeding moderate flood levels from September 2022 to October 2022 and two events that exceeded major flood levels in November 2022 with flood levels receding back below minor flood levels by late-November 2022.

No temporary water restrictions were enforced within the Lachlan and Belubula Regulated River water sources since the reporting period.

### System reliability/long-term water availability

Long term planning models simulated rules and management under the water sharing plans can provide indicative system reliability information for the commencement and closure of a watering season<sup>20</sup>. Using this information as an outlook assumes rules, infrastructure and user behaviour remain constant and that the future climate will be representative of the historic climate.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>20</sup> Models used by MDBA and state water agencies are subject to continuous improvements and updates. The reliability described in this report represents the information available when the report was compiled and may vary from reliability computed in the latest version of the models. Modelled data simulated as July to June water year. Simulation period 1 June 1892 to 30 June 2017

In any given year, the latest simulation indicates high security entitlements are likely to a have full allocation at 100% of the time for both Lachlan and Belubula water sources.

At the commencement of a water year, over the long-term, the Lachlan General Security licence holders equal or exceed 100% of their entitlement 31% of the time (Figure 47). For the Belubula water source, the simulation indicates that the General Security licence holders will fail to reach 100% availability at the beginning of the year, but equal or exceed 66% of entitlement 50% of the time (Figure 48).

Availabilities increase throughout the water year as storages are supplemented from new inflow. By the end of the water year, simulation results indicate a water availability of 100% of entitlement or greater, 61% of the time in the Lachlan (Figure 49) and 83% of entitlement or greater, 50% of the time in the Belubula (Figure 50).

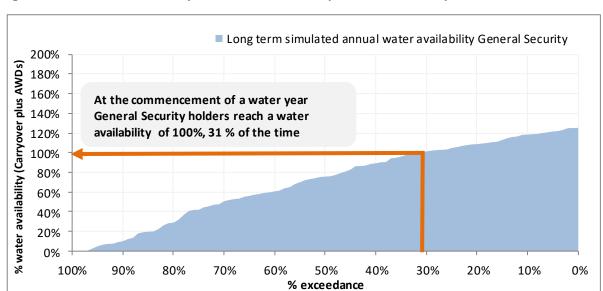


Figure 47: Lachlan start of water year simulated availability for General Security access licences



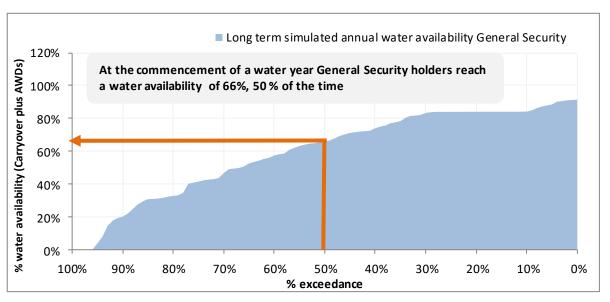


Figure 49: Lachlan end of water year simulated availability for General Security access licences

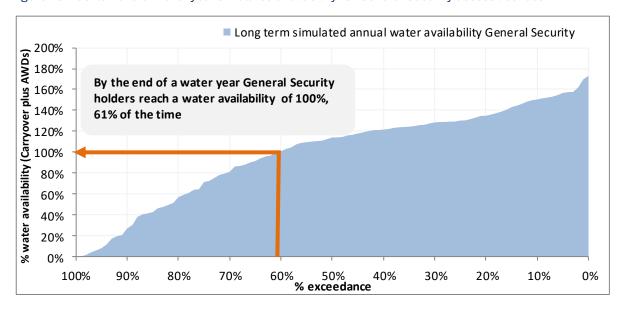


Figure 50: Belubula end of water year simulated availability for General Security access licences

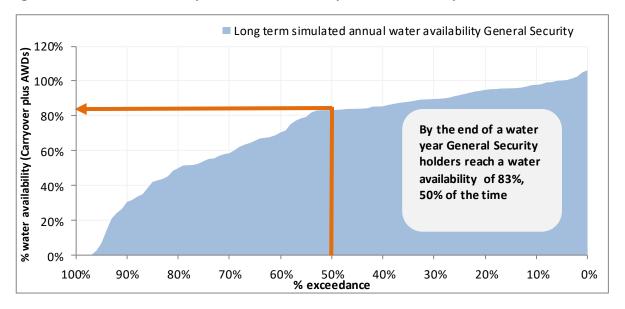


Table 9: Lachlan carryovers and available water determinations since reporting period close (as of March 2023)

| Date               | Individual announcement | Share component | Allocation<br>volume (ML) | Cumulative<br>volume (ML) | Allocation<br>volume (%) | Cumulative<br>volume (%) | Balance<br>available (ML) | Balance not<br>available<br>(ML) | Balance<br>total (ML) | Balance<br>available (%) | Balance<br>total (%) |
|--------------------|-------------------------|-----------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|---------------------------|----------------------------------|-----------------------|--------------------------|----------------------|
| Domestic and stock |                         |                 |                           |                           |                          |                          |                           |                                  |                       |                          |                      |
| 1-Jul-22           | Opening                 | 10,954          | -                         | -                         | 0.0%                     | 0.0%                     | 0                         | 0                                | 0                     | 0.0%                     | 0.0%                 |
| 1-Jul-22           | AWD 100.0 %             | 10,954          | 10,954                    | 10,954                    | 100.0%                   | 100.0%                   | 10,954                    | 0                                | 10,954                | 100.0%                   | 100.0%               |
| Domestic an        | d stock (domestic)      |                 |                           |                           |                          |                          |                           |                                  |                       |                          |                      |
| 1-Jul-22           | Opening                 | 177             | -                         | -                         | 0.0%                     | 0.0%                     | 0                         | 0                                | 0                     | 0.0%                     | 0.0%                 |
| 1-Jul-22           | AWD 100.0 %             | 177             | 177                       | 177                       | 100.0%                   | 100.0%                   | 177                       | 0                                | 177                   | 100.0%                   | 100.0%               |
| Domestic an        | d stock (stock)         |                 |                           |                           |                          |                          |                           |                                  |                       |                          |                      |
| 1-Jul-22           | Opening                 | 1,599           | -                         | -                         | 0.0%                     | 0.0%                     | 0                         | 0                                | 0                     | 0.0%                     | 0.0%                 |
| 1-Jul-22           | AWD 100.0 %             | 1,599           | 1,599                     | 1,599                     | 100.0%                   | 100.0%                   | 1,599                     | 0                                | 1,599                 | 100.0%                   | 100.0%               |
| Local water        | utility                 |                 |                           |                           |                          |                          |                           |                                  |                       |                          |                      |
| 1-Jul-22           | Opening                 | 15,545          | -                         | -                         | 0.0%                     | 0.0%                     | 0                         | 0                                | 0                     | 0.0%                     | 0.0%                 |
| 1-Jul-22           | AWD 100.0 %             | 15,545          | 15,545                    | 15,545                    | 100.0%                   | 100.0%                   | 15,545                    | 0                                | 15,545                | 100.0%                   | 100.0%               |
| Regulated ri       | ver (conveyance)        |                 |                           |                           |                          |                          |                           |                                  |                       |                          |                      |
| 1-Jul-22           | Opening                 | 17,911          | -                         | -                         | 0.0%                     | 0.0%                     | 0                         | 0                                | 0                     | 0.0%                     | 0.0%                 |
| 1-Jul-22           | AWD 1.0 ML per Share    | 17,911          | 17,911                    | 17,911                    | 100.0%                   | 100.0%                   | 17,911                    | 0                                | 17,911                | 100.0%                   | 100.0%               |
| 27-Sep-22          | Storage Spill           | 17,911          | -                         | -                         | -                        | -                        | 0                         | 0                                | 0                     | 0.0%                     | 0.0%                 |
| 28-Sep-22          | AWD 1.0 ML per Share    | 17,911          | 17,911                    | 17,911                    | 100.0%                   | 100.0%                   | 17,911                    | 0                                | 17,911                | 100.0%                   | 100.0%               |
| General Sec        | urity                   |                 |                           |                           |                          |                          |                           |                                  |                       |                          |                      |
| 1-Jul-22           | Opening                 | 592,801         | -                         | -                         | 0.0%                     | 0.0%                     | 588,909                   | 144,015                          | 732,924               | 99.3%                    | 123.6%               |
| 1-Jul-22           | AWD 0.0 ML per Share    | 592,801         | 0                         | 0                         | 0.0%                     | 0.0%                     | 588,909                   | 144,015                          | 732,924               | 99.3%                    | 123.6%               |
| 27-Sep-22          | Storage Spill           | 592,801         | -                         | -                         | -                        | -                        | 0                         | 0                                | 0                     | 0.0%                     | 0.0%                 |
| 28-Sep-22          | AWD 1.15 ML per Share   | 592,801         | 681,738                   | 681,738                   | 115.0%                   | 115.00%                  | 572,162                   | 109,797                          | 681,859               | 96.5%                    | 115.0%               |
| High Securit       | ty                      |                 |                           |                           |                          |                          |                           |                                  |                       |                          |                      |
| 1-Jul-22           | Opening                 | 27,680          | -                         | -                         | 0.0%                     | 0.0%                     | 0                         | 0                                | 0                     | 0.0%                     | 0.0%                 |
| 1-Jul-22           | AWD 1.0 ML per Share    | 27,680          | 27,680                    | 27,680                    | 100.0%                   | 100.0%                   | 27,680                    | 0                                | 27,680                | 100.0%                   | 100.0%               |

Table 10: Belubula carryovers and available water determinations since reporting period close (as of March 2023)

| Date        | Individual<br>Announcement | Share<br>Component | Allocation<br>Volume<br>(ML) | Cumulative<br>Volume<br>(ML) | Allocation<br>Volume<br>(%) | Cumulative<br>Volume<br>(%) | Balance<br>Available<br>(ML) | Balance Not<br>Available<br>(ML) | Balance<br>Total<br>(ML) | Balance<br>Available<br>(%) | Balance<br>Total<br>(%) |
|-------------|----------------------------|--------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|------------------------------|----------------------------------|--------------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------------|
| Domestic a  | Domestic and stock         |                    |                              |                              |                             |                             |                              |                                  |                          |                             |                         |
| 1-Jul-22    | Opening                    | -                  | -                            | -                            | 0.0%                        | 0.0%                        | 0                            | 0                                | 0                        | 0.0%                        | 0.0%                    |
| 1-Jul-22    | AWD 100.0 %                | 170                | 170                          | 170                          | 100.0%                      | 100.0%                      | 170                          | 0                                | 170                      | 100.0%                      | 100.0%                  |
| Domestic a  | nd stock (domestic)        |                    |                              |                              |                             |                             |                              |                                  |                          |                             |                         |
| 1-Jul-22    | Opening                    | 6                  | -                            | -                            | 0.0%                        | 0.0%                        | 0                            | 0                                | 0                        | 0.0%                        | 0.0%                    |
| 1-Jul-22    | AWD 100.0 %                | 6                  | 6                            | 6                            | 100.0%                      | 100.0%                      | 6                            | 0                                | 6                        | 100.0%                      | 100.0%                  |
| Domestic a  | nd stock (stock)           |                    |                              |                              |                             |                             |                              |                                  |                          |                             |                         |
| 1-Jul-22    | Opening                    | 44                 | -                            | -                            | 0.0%                        | 0.0%                        | 0                            | 0                                | 0                        | 0.0%                        | 0.0%                    |
| 1-Jul-22    | AWD 100.0 %                | 44                 | 44                           | 44                           | 100.0%                      | 100.0%                      | 44                           | 0                                | 44                       | 100.0%                      | 100.0%                  |
| General sec | curity                     |                    |                              |                              |                             |                             |                              |                                  |                          |                             |                         |
| 1-Jul-22    | Opening                    | 22,454             | -                            | -                            | 0.0%                        | 0.0%                        | 21,161                       | 2,079                            | 23,241                   | 94.2 %                      | 103.5%                  |
| 1-Jul-22    | AWD 0.0 ML per Share       | 22,454             | 0                            | 0                            | 0.0%                        | 0.0%                        | 21,161                       | 2,079                            | 23,241                   | 94.2 %                      | 103.5%                  |
| High securi | ty                         |                    |                              |                              |                             |                             |                              |                                  |                          |                             |                         |
| 1-Jul-22    | Opening                    | 1,095              | -                            | -                            | 0.0%                        | 0.0%                        | 0                            | 0                                | 0                        | 0.0%                        | 0.0%                    |
| 1-Jul-22    | AWD 1.0 ML per Share       | 1,095              | 1,095                        | 1,095                        | 100.0%                      | 100.0%                      | 1,095                        | 0                                | 1,095                    | 100.0%                      | 100.0%                  |
| Supplemen   | Supplementary water        |                    |                              |                              |                             |                             |                              |                                  |                          |                             |                         |
| 1-Jul-22    | Opening                    | 3,125              | -                            | -                            | 0.0%                        | 0.0%                        | 0                            | 0                                | 0                        | 0.0%                        | 0.0%                    |
| 1-Jul-22    | AWD 1.0 ML per Share       | 3,125              | 3,125                        | 3,125                        | 100.0%                      | 100.0%                      | 3,125                        | 0                                | 3,125                    | 100.0%                      | 100.0%                  |

### Detailed item notes

### Note 1 — Allocation accounts

This note is reference for the volume held in the allocation accounts at the time of reporting and is also relevant for the various processes that occur to either increase or decrease an allocation account throughout the water year.

The volume of water that is in the licence allocation accounts at the time of reporting is a net balance for the relevant licence category and represents that water that can be carried forward to the next water year as dictated by the carryover rules in place for that year or required under the water sharing plan.

A negative number for the carryover figure indicates that more usage has occurred than has been allocated to the account, and the deficit must be carried forward to the next season.

Water that is in the accounts at the end of a water year but is not permitted to be carried over is forfeited and has been represented as a decrease in water liability.

The accounting presented is relevant to licence category and is therefore inclusive of licences held by environmental holders (these are also detailed separately in Note 6).

### Data type

Derived from measured data

### **Policy**

- Water Act 1912
- Water Sharing Plan for the Lachlan Regulated River Water Source 2016
- Water Sharing Plan for the Belubula Regulated River Water Source 2012

Available on the department's website at https://www.industry.nsw.gov.au/water

### Data accuracy

A1 — Nil inaccuracy +/- 0%

### Providing agency

NSW Department of Planning and Environment

#### Data source

Water Accounting System (WaterNSW)

### Methodology

The carryover volume of water in the allocation account for each licence category is determined once all transactions and end of year forfeit rules have been applied. Below is list of typical transactions that can apply to an allocation account:

- AWD (detailed in Note 2)
- licensed account usage (see Note 3)
- forfeiture due to:
  - carryover rules
  - account spillage because of AWD
  - licence conversions
- licence conversion
- trade of allocation water between accounts (detailed in Note 4).

### Additional information

Table 12 and

Table 13 provide a balanced summary of the water allocation accounts for each category of access licence for the Lachlan and Belubula respectively. Table 11 provides a description of each of the table components.

Table 11: Explanatory information for allocation account summary (Table 12, Table 13 and Table 23)

| Heading                 | Description  |
|-------------------------|--|
| Share                   | This is the total volume of entitlement in the specific licence category.  |
| Opening balance         | The volume of water that has been carried forward from previous years allocation account.  |
| AWD                     | <b>Available water determination</b> : The total annual volume of water added to the allocation account as a result of allocation assessments. This figure includes additional AWD made as a result of a storage spill reset as defined in the water sharing plan. |
| Lic New                 | <b>Licences – New</b> : Increase in account water as a result of either issuing new access licences or increasing the volume of licensed account water.  |
| Lic Cancel              | <b>Licences – Cancelled</b> : Decrease in account water as a result of licence cancellation or decrease in the volume of licensed account water.   |
| Drought sus In          | <b>Drought suspension – In</b> : Temporary water restriction applied, reducing account water available for use in reported water year  |
| Drought sus Out         | <b>Drought suspension – Out</b> : Temporary water restriction re-credit increasing account water available for use in reported water year  |
| Asn In                  | Assignment – In: Increase in account water as a result of temporary trade in.  |
| Asn Out                 | Assignment - Out: Decrease in account water as a result of temporary trade out.  |
| Usage                   | Volume of water that is extracted or diverted from the river under controlled river conditions and is accountable against the licence.   |
| Uncontrolled flow usage | Volume of water that is taken under high flow conditions that is not accountable against a licence. This differs from supplementary water in that it becomes accountable once specific allocation levels are exceeded.   |

| Heading             | Description   |
|---------------------|---|
| During year forfeit | Account water forfeited throughout the year because of the accounting rules specified in the water sharing plan. Forfeited water may occur due to account limits being reached, conversions between licence categories and various types of other licence dealings.  Also included is the forfeit because of Wyangala Dam spilling. General security, and Conveyance accounts forfeit all remaining water. The accounts are then reset via an AWD to a level as defined in the water sharing plan. Allocation water traded from general security to high security accounts in the current water year will also be forfeited when Wyangala spills. |
| EoY avail           | End of year balance – Available: Account balance that is available to be taken at the conclusion of the water year.   |
| EoY NA              | End of year balance – Not available: That part of the remaining account balance that is not available to be taken at the conclusion of the water year. This is water in accounts that is more than the annual take limit.   |
| EoY forfeit         | <b>End of year forfeit</b> : Account water that is forfeited at the end of the water year because of carryover rules that restrict the carry forward volume.  |
| Carry fwd           | <b>Carry forward</b> : This represents the account water that is permitted to be carried forward into the next water year as determined by the carryover rules.   |
| UCF                 | Uncontrolled flow usage   |

Table 12: Allocation account balance summary for the reporting period — Lachlan regulated river (see Table 11 for explanation of headings)

| Category                      | Share<br>30 June<br>2022 | Opening<br>balance | AWD       |   | Lic<br>Can | Drought<br>sus In | Drought<br>sus Out | Asn In  | Asn Out | Usage  | During<br>year<br>forfeit | EoY<br>Avail | EoY NA  | EoY<br>forfeit | Carry<br>fwd |
|-------------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------|-----------|---|------------|-------------------|--------------------|---------|---------|--------|---------------------------|--------------|---------|----------------|--------------|
| Domestic and Stock            | 10,954                   | 0                  | 10,954    | 0 | 0          | 0                 | 0                  | 0       | 0       | 3,163  | 0                         | 7,791        | 0       | 7,791          | 0            |
| Domestic and Stock [Domestic] | 177                      | 0                  | 176       | 0 | 0          | 0                 | 0                  | 0       | 0       | 0      | 0                         | 176          | 0       | 176            | 0            |
| Domestic and Stock [Stock]    | 1,599                    | 0                  | 1,599     | 0 | 0          | 0                 | 0                  | 0       | 0       | 171    | 0                         | 1,428        | 0       | 1,428          | 0            |
| Local Water Utility           | 15,545                   | 0                  | 15,545    | 0 | 0          | 0                 | 0                  | 0       | 270     | 3,356  | 0                         | 11,919       | 0       | 11,919         | 0            |
| Regulated River (Conveyance)  | 17,911                   | 0                  | 53,733    | 0 | 0          | 0                 | 0                  | 0       | 10,000  | 11,812 | 24,010                    | 7,911        | 0       | 7,911          | 0            |
| General Security              | 592,801                  | 422,471            | 1,757,633 | 0 | 0          | 0                 | 0                  | 89,540  | 162,454 | 82,030 | 1,292,437                 | 437,809      | 294,913 | 0              | 732,722      |
| High Security                 | 27,680                   | 0                  | 27,680    | 0 | 0          | 0                 | 0                  | 143,645 | 60,461  | 61,160 | 43,678                    | 6,027        | 0       | 6,027          | 0            |

Table 13: Allocation account balance summary for the reporting period — Belubula regulated river (see Table 11 for explanation of headings)

| Category                      | Share<br>30 June<br>2022 | Opening<br>balance | AWD    | Lic<br>New | Lic<br>Can | Drought<br>sus In | Drought<br>sus Out | Asn<br>In | Asn<br>Out | Usage | UCF   | During<br>year<br>forfeit | EoY<br>Avail | EoY NA | EoY<br>forfeit | Carry<br>fwd |
|-------------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------|--------|------------|------------|-------------------|--------------------|-----------|------------|-------|-------|---------------------------|--------------|--------|----------------|--------------|
| Domestic and Stock            | 170                      | 0                  | 170    | 0          | 0          | 0                 | 0                  | 0         | 0          | 4     | 0     | 0                         | 166          | 0      | 166            | 0            |
| Domestic and Stock [Domestic] | 6                        | 0                  | 6      | 0          | 0          | 0                 | 0                  | 0         | 0          | 0     | 0     | 0                         | 6            | 0      | 6              | 0            |
| Domestic and Stock [Stock]    | 44                       | 0                  | 44     | 0          | 0          | 0                 | 0                  | 0         | 0          | 0     | 0     | 0                         | 44           | 0      | 44             | 0            |
| General Security              | 22,454                   | 6,103              | 17,322 | 0          | 0          | 0                 | 0                  | 891       | 0          | 1,076 | 0     | 0                         | 21,269       | 1,972  | 0              | 23,241       |
| High Security                 | 1,095                    | 0                  | 1,095  | 0          | 0          | 0                 | 0                  | 0         | 891        | 145   | 0     | 0                         | 59           | 0      | 59             | 0            |
| Supplementary Water           | 3,125                    | 0                  | 3,125  | 0          | 0          | 0                 | 0                  | 0         | 0          | 0     | 3,125 | 0                         | 0            | 0      | 0              | 0            |

# Note 2 — Available water determination (allocation announcement)

This is the process by which the regulated surface water asset available for use within the regulated system is determined and shared. It determines the volume of water that is to be added to an individual's licence allocation account. Announcements of allocations are made on a seasonal basis — usually corresponding with the financial year and are updated on a regular basis or following significant inflow events. Under the NSW *Water Management Act 2000* the announcements are termed available water determinations (AWD).

Additional AWD for the Lachlan River is also permitted in the event of a storage spill when general security accounts are reset. For addition details see Note 5.

### Data type

Derived from measured data.

### **Policy**

Water Management Act 2000 (NSW).

- Chapter 3 Part 2 Access Licences.
  - Clause 59 Available Water Determinations.

Water Sharing Plan for the Lachlan Regulated River Water Source 2016.

- Part 6 Limits to the availability of water
  - Division 5 Available Water Determinations.

Water Sharing Plan for the Belubula Regulated River Water Source 2012.

- Part 7 Limits to the availability of water
  - Division 5 Available Water Determinations.

Available on the NSW Department of Planning and Environment website at industry.nsw.gov.au/water

### Data accuracy

A1 — Nil inaccuracy +/- 0%

### **Providing agency**

NSW Department of Planning and Environment.

#### Data source

Water Accounting System (WaterNSW)

Available Water Determination Register — NSW Department of Planning and Environment website at industry.nsw.gov.au/water

## Methodology

Stock.

The AWD procedure itself is generally divided into 2 sections: the available water asset, and system commitments. Once system commitments have been met the available water asset is then available for distribution to the access licence categories in order of priority (Table 14). The volume of the announced allocation is expressed as either a volume per share or as a percentage of the share component of the licence.

Table 14: Priority of access licence categories

| Licence category                 | AWD priority |
|----------------------------------|--------------|
| General Security                 | Low          |
| High Security                    | High         |
| Conveyance                       | Low          |
| Domestic and Stock <sup>21</sup> | Very High    |
| Local Water Utility              | Very High    |

Available water asset is calculated by summing the water currently available in storage, future (minimum) inflows to the system, and additional volumes due to recessions of inflows from the current levels to the minimum inflow levels. Also taken into consideration is the reduction of the total inflows to the system for those that arrive too late in the season to be useful.

System commitments is an assessment of the existing commitments that have to be delivered from the available water asset in either the current or future years. Key components include:

- essential supplies such as town water supplies, stock and domestic requirements, industrial use and permanent plantings (e.g. orchards, vineyards) and environmental allowances
- undelivered account water-water that is already in accounts that is yet to be provided
- end of system flow requirement, which is an estimate of the flow to pass through the system as a result of operation of the system
- losses, which are estimated as the amount of water that will be lost by the system either through evaporation or in the process of delivering the water via transmission losses.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>21</sup> Domestic and Stock is further broken down into three sub-categories: Domestic and Stock, Domestic and Stock (Domestic) and Domestic and Stock (Stock). For the purposes of this report and the general-purpose water account they were all treated as Domestic and

## Additional information

Table 16 and Table 17 provide allocation summary reports for the reporting period, for the Lachlan and Belubula respectively. Table 15 provides notes to help interpret these reports.

Table 15: Allocation summary report notes

| Heading                       | Description  |
|-------------------------------|--|
| Opening                       | Remaining allocation account balances at the conclusion of the previous season that is allowed to be carried forward to this season. |
| AWD announced                 | Actual announcement made to each licence category  |
| Share component (entitlement) | Sum of the licensed volume of water within the licence category on the announcement date.  |
| Allocation volume             | Volume of water credited to accounts within a licence category as a result of the announcement made.                                 |
| Cumulative volume             | Cumulative total of the announced volumes for the water year and licence category.   |
| Allocation % entitlement      | This is the announced volume expressed as a percentage of the entitlement applicable on the particular date.                         |
| Allocation cumulative %       | This is the cumulative volume expressed as a percentage of the entitlement applicable on the particular date.                        |
| Balance available             | Sum of water available in allocation accounts that has been made available to be taken during the season.                            |
| Balance not available         | Water allocated that is not accessible at this point in time.  |
| Balance total                 | Sum of the total volume of account water in accounts.  |
| Balance available %           | Balance available expressed as a percentage of the entitlement.  |
| Balance total %               | Balance total expressed as a percentage of the entitlement   |

Table 16: Allocation announcements for the reporting period — Lachlan regulated river water source (see Table 15 for explanation of headings)

| Date        | Individual<br>Announcement | Share<br>Component | Allocation<br>Volume<br>(ML) | Cumulative<br>Volume<br>(ML) | Allocation<br>Volume<br>(%) | Cumulative<br>Volume<br>(%) | Balance<br>Available<br>(ML) | Balance Not<br>Available<br>(ML) | Balance<br>Total<br>(ML) | Balance<br>Available<br>(%) | Balance<br>Total<br>(%) |
|-------------|----------------------------|--------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|------------------------------|----------------------------------|--------------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------------|
| Domestic ar | nd stock                   |                    | ,                            | ·                            | ·                           | ,                           |                              | ,                                | ,                        |                             |                         |
| 1-Jul-21    | Opening                    | 10,954             |                              |                              | 0.0%                        | 0.0%                        | 0                            | 0                                | 0                        | 0.0%                        | 0.0                     |
| 1-Jul-21    | AWD 100.0 %                | 10,954             | 10,954                       | 10,954                       | 100.0%                      | 100.0%                      | 10,954                       | 0                                | 10,954                   | 100.0%                      | 100.0%                  |
| Domestic ar | nd stock (domestic)        |                    |                              |                              |                             |                             |                              |                                  |                          |                             |                         |
| 1-Jul-21    | Opening                    | 176                |                              |                              | 0.0%                        | 0.0%                        | 0                            | 0                                | 0                        | 0.0%                        | 0.0%                    |
| 1-Jul-21    | AWD 100.0 %                | 176                | 176                          | 176                          | 100.0%                      | 100.0%                      | 176                          | 0                                | 176                      | 100.0%                      | 100.0%                  |
| Domestic ar | nd stock (stock)           |                    |                              |                              |                             |                             |                              |                                  |                          |                             |                         |
| 1-Jul-21    | Opening                    | 1,599              |                              |                              | 0.0%                        | 0.0%                        | 0                            | 0                                | 0                        | 0.0%                        | 0.0%                    |
| 1-Jul-21    | AWD 100.0 %                | 1,599              | 1,599                        | 1,599                        | 100.0%                      | 100.0%                      | 1,599                        | 0                                | 1,599                    | 100.0%                      | 100.0%                  |
| Local water | utility                    |                    |                              |                              |                             |                             |                              |                                  |                          |                             |                         |
| 1-Jul-21    | Opening                    | 15,545             |                              |                              | 0.0%                        | 0.0%                        | 0                            | 0                                | 0                        | 0.0%                        | 0.0%                    |
| 1-Jul-21    | AWD 100.0 %                | 15,545             | 15,545                       | 15,545                       | 100.0%                      | 100.0%                      | 15,545                       | 0                                | 15,545                   | 100.0%                      | 100.0%                  |
| Regulated r | iver (conveyance)          |                    |                              |                              |                             |                             |                              |                                  |                          |                             |                         |
| 1-Jul-21    | Opening                    | 17,911             |                              |                              | 0.0%                        | 0.0%                        | 0                            | 0                                | 0                        | 0.0%                        | 0.0%                    |
| 1-Jul-21    | AWD 1.0 ML per Share       | 17,911             | 17,911                       | 17,911                       | 100.0%                      | 100.0%                      | 17,911                       | 0                                | 17,911                   | 100.0%                      | 100.0%                  |
| 27-Sep-21   | Storage Spill Reset        | 17,911             |                              |                              |                             |                             | 0                            | 0                                | 0                        | 0.0%                        | 0.0%                    |
| 28-Sep-21   | AWD 1.0 ML per Share       | 17,911             | 17,911                       | 17,911                       | 100.0%                      | 100.0%                      | 17,911                       | 0                                | 17,911                   | 100.0%                      | 100.0%                  |
| 23-Mar-22   | Storage Spill              | 17,911             |                              |                              |                             |                             | 0                            | 0                                | 0                        | 0.0%                        | 0.0%                    |
| 24-Mar-22   | AWD 1.0 ML per Share       | 17,911             | 17,911                       | 17,911                       | 100.0%                      | 100.0%                      | 17,911                       | 0                                | 17,911                   | 100.0%                      | 100.0%                  |
| General sec | urity                      |                    |                              |                              |                             |                             |                              |                                  |                          |                             |                         |
| 1-Jul-21    | Opening                    | 592,801            |                              |                              | 0.0%                        | 0.0%                        | 397,991                      | 24,479                           | 422,471                  | 67.1%                       | 71.3%                   |
| 1-Jul-21    | AWD 0.0 ML per Share       | 592,801            | 0                            | 0                            | 0.0%                        | 0.0%                        | 397,991                      | 24,479                           | 422,471                  | 67.1%                       | 71.3%                   |
| 8-Jul-21    | AWD 0.11 ML per Share      | 592,801            | 64,853                       | 64,853                       | 10.9%                       | 10.9%                       | 449,954                      | 37,370                           | 487,324                  | 75.9%                       | 82.2%                   |
| 9-Aug-21    | AWD 0.36 ML per Share      | 592,801            | 210,833                      | 275,686                      | 35.6%                       | 46.5%                       | 556,188                      | 141,970                          | 698,157                  | 93.8%                       | 117.8%                  |
| 8-Sep-21    | AWD 0.01 ML per Share      | 592,801            | 5,878                        | 281,564                      | 1.0%                        | 47.5%                       | 558,083                      | 145,952                          | 704,035                  | 94.1%                       | 118.8%                  |

| Date          | Individual<br>Announcement  | Share<br>Component | Allocation<br>Volume<br>(ML) | Cumulative<br>Volume<br>(ML) | Allocation<br>Volume<br>(%) | Cumulative<br>Volume<br>(%) | Balance<br>Available<br>(ML) | Balance Not<br>Available<br>(ML) | Balance<br>Total<br>(ML) | Balance<br>Available<br>(%) | Balance<br>Total<br>(%) |
|---------------|-----------------------------|--------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|------------------------------|----------------------------------|--------------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------------|
| 22-Sep-21     | Storage Spill Reset Opening | 592,801            |                              |                              |                             |                             | (254)                        | 0                                | (254)                    | (0.0)%                      | (0.0)%                  |
| 23-Sep-21     | AWD 1.15 ML per Share       | 592,801            | 681,723                      | 681,723                      | 115.0%                      | 115.0%                      | 504,876                      | 176,592                          | 681,468                  | 85.2%                       | 115.0%                  |
| 8-Nov-21      | AWD 0.01 ML per Share       | 592,801            | 5,922                        | 687,645                      | 1.0%                        | 116.0%                      | 505,650                      | 181,741                          | 687,390                  | 85.3%                       | 116.0%                  |
| 18-Jan-22     | AWD 0.03 ML per Share       | 592,801            | 17,783                       | 705,427                      | 3.0%                        | 119.0%                      | 505,736                      | 199,437                          | 705,173                  | 85.3%                       | 119.0%                  |
| 8-Feb-22      | AWD 0.06 ML per Share       | 592,801            | 35,570                       | 740,997                      | 6.0%                        | 125.0%                      | 505,939                      | 234,804                          | 740,743                  | 85.3%                       | 125.0%                  |
| 8-Mar-22      | AWD 0.03 ML per Share       | 592,801            | 17,777                       | 758,774                      | 3.0%                        | 128.0%                      | 506,041                      | 252,479                          | 758,520                  | 86.2%                       | 128.0%                  |
| 23-Mar-22     | Storage Spill Rest Opening  | 592,801            |                              |                              |                             |                             | 0                            | 0                                | 0                        | 0.0%                        | 0.0%                    |
| 24-Mar-22     | AWD 1.21 ML per Share       | 592,801            | 717,290                      | 717,290                      | 121.0%                      | 121.0%                      | 421,663                      | 295,628                          | 717,290                  | 71.2%                       | 121.0%                  |
| High security | У                           |                    |                              |                              |                             |                             |                              |                                  |                          |                             |                         |
| 1-Jul-21      | Opening                     | 27,680             |                              |                              | 0.0%                        | 0.0%                        | 0                            | 0                                | 0                        | 0.0%                        | 0.0%                    |
| 1-Jul-21      | AWD 1.0 ML per Share        | 27,680             | 27,680                       | 27,680                       | 100.0%                      | 100.0%                      | 27,680                       | 0                                | 27,680                   | 100.0%                      | 100.0%                  |

Table 17: Allocation announcements for the reporting period — Belubula regulated river (see Table 15 for explanation of headings)

| Date          | Individual<br>Announcement |        |        | Cumulative<br>Volume<br>(ML) | Volume Volume A |        | Balance<br>Available<br>(ML) | Balance Not<br>Available<br>(ML) | Balance<br>Total<br>(ML) | Balance<br>Available<br>(%) | Balance<br>Total<br>(%) |
|---------------|----------------------------|--------|--------|------------------------------|-----------------|--------|------------------------------|----------------------------------|--------------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------------|
| Domestic and  | d stock                    | •      |        |                              |                 |        |                              |                                  |                          |                             |                         |
| 1-Jul-21      | Opening                    | 170    |        |                              | 0.0%            | 0.0%   | 0                            | 0                                | 0                        | 0.0%                        | 0.0%                    |
| 1-Jul-21      | AWD 100.0 %                | 170    | 170    | 170                          | 100.0%          | 100.0% | 170                          | 0                                | 170                      | 100.0%                      | 100.0%                  |
| Domestic and  | d stock (domestic)         |        |        |                              |                 |        |                              |                                  |                          |                             |                         |
| 1-Jul-21      | Opening                    | 6      |        |                              | 0.0%            | 0.0%   | 0                            | 0                                | 0                        | 0.0%                        | 0.0%                    |
| 1-Jul-21      | AWD 100.0 %                | 6      | 6      | 6                            | 100.0%          | 100.0% | 6                            | 0                                | 6                        | 100.0%                      | 100.0%                  |
| Domestic and  | d stock (stock)            |        |        |                              |                 |        |                              |                                  |                          |                             |                         |
| 1-Jul-21      | Opening                    | 44     |        |                              | 0.0%            | 0.0%   | 0                            | 0                                | 0                        | 0.0%                        | 0.0%                    |
| 1-Jul-21      | AWD 100.0 %                | 44     | 44     | 44                           | 100.0%          | 100.0% | 44                           | 0                                | 44                       | 100.0%                      | 100.0%                  |
| General secu  | rity                       |        |        |                              |                 |        |                              |                                  |                          |                             |                         |
| 1-Jul-21      | Opening                    | 22,454 |        |                              | 0.0%            | 0.0%   | 6,001                        | 102                              | 6,103                    | 26.7%                       | 27.2%                   |
| 1-Jul-21      | AWD 0.0 ML per Share       | 22,454 | 0      | 0                            | 0.0%            | 0.0%   | 6,001                        | 102                              | 6,103                    | 26.7%                       | 27.2%                   |
| 27-Aug-21     | AWD 0.12 ML per Share      | 22,454 | 2,672  | 2,672                        | 11.9%           | 11.9%  | 8,633                        | 142                              | 8,774                    | 38.4%                       | 39.1%                   |
| 10-Dec-21     | AWD 0.64 ML per Share      | 22,454 | 13,390 | 16,062                       | 59.6%           | 71.5%  | 20,544                       | 1,621                            | 22,165                   | 91.5%                       | 98.7%                   |
| 29-Mar-22     | AWD 0.07 ML per Share      | 22,454 | 1,260  | 17,322                       | 5.6%            | 77.1%  | 21,453                       | 1,972                            | 23,425                   | 95.5%                       | 104.3%                  |
| High security | 1                          |        |        |                              |                 |        |                              |                                  |                          |                             |                         |
| 1-Jul-21      | Opening                    | 1,095  |        |                              | 0.0%            | 0.0%   | 0                            | 0                                | 0                        | 0.0%                        | 0.0%                    |
| 1-Jul-21      | AWD 1.0 ML per Share       | 1,095  | 1,095  | 1,095                        | 100.0%          | 100.0% | 1,095                        | 0                                | 1,095                    | 100.0%                      | 100.0%                  |
| Supplementa   | ary Water                  | •      | ·      |                              | •               |        |                              | •                                |                          |                             | •                       |
| 1-Jul-21      | Opening                    | 3,125  |        |                              | 0.0%            | 0.0%   | 0                            | 0                                | 0                        | 0.0%                        | 0.0%                    |
| 1-Jul-21      | AWD 1.0 ML per Share       | 3,125  | 3,125  | 3,125                        | 100.0%          | 100.0% | 3,125                        | 0                                | 3,125                    | 100.0%                      | 100.0%                  |

## Note 3 — Allocation account usage

This is the volume of water that is extracted, diverted or measured as usage under controlled river conditions and is accountable against an access licence.

## Data type

Measured data

## **Policy**

Not applicable

## Data accuracy

A-Estimated in the range +/- 10%

## **Providing agency**

NSW Department of Planning and Environment

#### Data source

Water Accounting System (WaterNSW)

## Methodology

Usage information is determined by either on-farm meters that measure extraction, gauges on diversion works or orders/releases when the volume cannot be effectively metered, such as an environmental watering event.

Meter readings are collected for individual licence holders at intervals during the year and converted via a calibration factor to a volume of water extracted. Water diverted from the river is measured by recording the height at either the gauge or weir with the volume diverted being derived by passing these heights through a rating table. However, with multiple categories of access licences being extracted through the same pumps additional information and methodologies are required to separate use under the various licence categories. The methods are based on:

- periods of announcement during periods of supplementary water announcements extractions can be debited against the supplementary water licences (note there are no supplementary licences in the Lachlan)
- usage is based on water orders users place orders for water against an access licence and usages are debited against accounts in proportion to the orders placed.
- licence category apportionment if no water orders are available water extracted is apportioned against categories of access licence in order of priority. The prioritising is based on the nature of and rules around each of the licence categories. Table 18 provides the order in which extractions are apportioned to access licence categories. In the table following licensed extractions are apportioned in order of priority starting at priority 1. This is a generic list where not all categories will necessarily appear in this GPWAR. There are also various subcategories of licence associated with some of the categories.

Table 18: Licence category metered usage apportionment table

| Priority | Surface water                    |
|----------|----------------------------------|
| 1        | Supplementary                    |
| 2        | Uncontrolled Flow                |
| 3        | Domestic and Stock               |
| 4        | Regulated River High Security    |
| 5        | Regulated River General Security |
| 6        | Conveyance                       |
| 7        | Local Water Utility              |
| 8        | Major Water Utility              |

## **Additional Information**

Table 19 provides a summary of usage for both the Lachlan and Belubula catchments broken up into licence categories for the reporting period

Table 19: Allocation account usage

| Account usage                      | Lachlan | Belubula |
|------------------------------------|---------|----------|
| Domestic and Stock                 | 3,163   | 4        |
| Domestic and Stock [Domestic]      | 0       | 0        |
| Domestic and Stock [Stock]         | 171     | 0        |
| Local Water Utility                | 3,356   | N/A      |
| Regulated River (Conveyance)       | 11,812  | N/A      |
| Regulated River (General Security) | 82,030  | 1,076    |
| Regulated River (High Security)    | 61,160  | 145      |
| Supplementary Water                | N/A     | 3,125    |
| Total account usage                | 161,693 | 4,349    |

# Note 4 — Internal trading (allocation assignments)

This represents the temporary trading (allocation assignments) of water between allocation accounts within the regulated Lachlan and Belubula water sources.

## Data type

Administration

## **Policy**

Water Sharing Plan for the Lachlan Regulated River Water Source 2016

- Part 9 Access licence dealing rules
  - Clause 49 assignments of water allocations dealings

Available on the NSW Department of Planning and Environment website at <a href="mailto:industry.nsw.gov.au/water">industry.nsw.gov.au/water</a>

Water Sharing Plan for the Belubula Regulated River Water Source 2012

- Part 10 Access licence dealing rules
  - Clause 53 assignment of water allocations dealings

Available on the NSW Department of Planning and Environment website at <a href="mailto:industry.nsw.gov.au/water">industry.nsw.gov.au/water</a>

## Data accuracy

A1 - Nil inaccuracy +/- 0%

## **Providing agency**

NSW Department of Planning and Environment

#### Data source

Water Accounting System (WaterNSW)

## Methodology

Trading data is extracted from the Water Accounting System.

Trading is permitted between certain categories of access licences and between certain water sources. This is detailed in the water sharing plan or stipulated under the licence holder's conditions. There are also limits in place on the amount of water that can be interchanged upstream and downstream of Cargelligo Weir. Trading is not permitted between the Lachlan and Belubula water sources.

The net internal trade for each licence category is zero for a water year. As such, trades occur as both a water liability decrease (sellers of water) and a water liability increase (buyers of water).

Additional informationTable 20 and Table 21 provide the internal trading figures between licence categories for the Lachlan and Belubula respectively. All figures represent a volume in megalitres.

Table 20: Lachlan regulated river internal trade summary

| From                | To<br>General security | To<br>High security | Total   |
|---------------------|------------------------|---------------------|---------|
| General security    | 32,088                 | 130,365             | 162,454 |
| High security       | 47,181                 | 13,280              | 60,461  |
| Local Water Utility | 270                    | -                   | 270     |
| RR conveyance       | 10,000                 | -                   | 10,000  |
| Total               | 89,540                 | 143,645             | 233,185 |

Table 21: Belubula regulated river internal trade summary

| From          | To<br>General security | Total |
|---------------|------------------------|-------|
| High security | 891                    | 891   |
| Total         | 891                    | 891   |

# Note 5 — Spill reset and forfeiture

## Wyangala Dam

As set out in the water sharing plan this refers to the resetting of the general security allocation accounts to level as defined in the water sharing plan when Wyangala Dam either spills or releases water to maintain airspace and both Lake Brewster and Lake Cargelligo are full. When this occurs all remaining water in the general security accounts is withdrawn and an AWD up to 1.36 megalitres per share (value deemed to be the maximum that general security accounts can hold) is made to reset the accounts. In addition any high security account water traded from general security licences prior to the spill will also be forfeited.

#### Carcoar Dam

With the *Water Act 1912*, when Carcoar Dam spills the volume of spill progressively reduces any carryover water until such time as all carryover water is withdrawn from accounts. In 2012–13 the spill and reset volumes applied occurred while operating under the rules of the *Water Act 1912*. There is no spill reset process however set out in the *Water Sharing Plan for the Regulated Belubula River 2012*.

## Data type

Administration

## **Policy**

Water Act 1912

Water Sharing Plan for the Lachlan Regulated River Water Source 2016.

- Part 6 Limits to the availability of water
  - Clause 56 Available water determinations for regulated river (general security) access licences
- Part 8 Operation of water allocation accounts and managing access licences
  - Clause 43 Subaccounts of regulated river (high security) access licences

Available from the NSW Department of Planning and Environment website at <a href="https://www.industry.nsw.gov.au/water">www.industry.nsw.gov.au/water</a>

## Data accuracy

A1 — Nil inaccuracy +/- 0%

## Providing agency

NSW Department of Planning and Environment

#### Data source

Water Accounting System

## Methodology

Data is extracted directly from the corporate databases which results in a reduction and\or increase in the associated general security account.

For Carcoar Dam the carryover account is reduced by the volume of spill recorded (only applicable under the *Water Act 1912*).

## Additional information

Total forfeitures and available water determination volumes resulting from 2 separate spill transactions in the reporting period are provided in Table 22.

Table 22: Storage spill forfeitures and resets

| Storage      | Spill Forfeiture | Spill AWD Reset |
|--------------|------------------|-----------------|
| Wyangala Dam | 1,356,817        | 1,434,835       |

# Note 6 — Held environmental water

This represents that environmental water that is held as part of a licensed volumetric entitlement. These licences are either purchased on the market by environmental agencies or issued as a result of water savings achieved through investment by those relevant agencies.

These licences are held within the same licence categories as all other water access licences and are subject to the same operating rules. Therefore, they are subject to the following key rules:

- available water determinations (AWD) for their share of the entitlement to be added to accounts
- carryover rules the forfeiting of unused water that cannot be carried over
- provide water orders prior to use.

These licences are used to provide environmental benefit and outcomes to the catchment by either providing water to, or supplementing water requirements of, a specific environmental events or incidents.

## Data type

Measured

## **Policy**

Water Management Act 2000

- Dealings with access licences (Division 4)
- 71T Assignment of water allocations between access licences.

Water Sharing Plan for the Lachlan Regulated River Water Source 2016

Water Sharing Plan for the Belubula Regulated River Water Source 2012

Available on the NSW Department of Planning and Environment website at <a href="mailto:industry.nsw.gov.au/water">industry.nsw.gov.au/water</a>

## Data accuracy

A — Estimated in the range +/- 10%

## **Providing agency**

NSW Department of Planning and Environment

#### Data source

NSW Department of Planning and Environment Environmental Water Portal (internal system)

Available Water Determination Register — NSW Department of Planning and Environment website at <a href="industry.nsw.gov.au/water">industry.nsw.gov.au/water</a>

## Methodology

The water held for the environment represents a volume of water in corresponding allocation accounts. This allocation account represents the sum of the remaining volume of held environmental water at the conclusion of the water year once all transactions and forfeit rules have been applied

to the accounts. These environmental balances are at the licence category level and represent the water that can be carried forward for use in the next year.

Below is a list of typical transactions that can apply to an environmental allocation account:

- AWD (including pro rata of AWD for new licences)
- licensed extractions
- forfeiture due to:
  - carryover rules
  - account spillage as a result of AWD
  - licence conversions
  - excess orders (where water order debiting is in place)
- licence conversion
- trade of allocation water between accounts.

In addition, the trade and purchase of environmental water is tracked to capture the movement of environmental entitlement both in number of entitlements, and volume.

#### Additional information

Information on how environmental agencies manage their entitlements can be obtained from:

- www.environment.nsw.gov.au
- <u>www.mdba.gov.au</u>
- www.environment.gov.au

Table 23 provides a summary of held environmental water for the reporting period. **Error! Reference source not found.** provides a description of each component presented.

Table 24 presents the changes in environmental holdings relative to the previous reporting period.

Table 25 provides a summary of temporary trading associated with the environmental water holdings. The trade is presented from the perspective of purpose of use, whereby a trade to a consumptive holder for the delivery of environmental water is considered to be an environmental-to-environmental movement.

Table 23: Lachlan regulated river environmental account summary (see Table 11 for an explanation of table headings)

| Category         | Share<br>30 June<br>2022 | Opening<br>balance | AWD     | Lic<br>New | Cancel | Drought<br>sus<br>New | Drought<br>sus<br>Can | Asn<br>In | Asn<br>Out | Usage  | During<br>year forfeit | EoY<br>Avail | EoY<br>NA | EoYr<br>forfeit | Carry<br>fwd |
|------------------|--------------------------|--------------------|---------|------------|--------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------|------------|--------|------------------------|--------------|-----------|-----------------|--------------|
| General Security | 124,518                  | 63,228             | 368,738 | 0          | 0      | 0                     | 0                     | 46,116    | 87,855     | 11,000 | 227,626                | 71,779       | 79,821    | 0               | 151,600      |
| High Security    | 2,728                    | 0                  | 2,728   | 0          | 0      | 0                     | 0                     | 72,372    | 31,933     | 9,174  | 32,198                 | 1,795        | 0         | 1,795           | 0            |

Table 24: Lachlan regulated river environmental licence changes for the reporting period

| Category                | Share 30 June<br>2021 | Share 30 June<br>2022 | Share Difference | No. Licences 30<br>June 2021 | No. Licences 30<br>June 2022 | No. Licence<br>Difference |
|-------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|---------------------------|
| <b>General Security</b> | 124,518               | 124,518               | 0                | 10                           | 10                           | 0                         |
| High Security           | 2,728                 | 2,728                 | 0                | 7                            | 7                            | 0                         |

Table 25: Lachlan regulated river environmental trade summary<sup>22</sup>

| From                      | To Enviro<br>General security | To Enviro<br>High security | To Non-Enviro<br>General security | To Non-Enviro<br>High security | Total   |
|---------------------------|-------------------------------|----------------------------|-----------------------------------|--------------------------------|---------|
| Enviro – General security | 16,116                        | 70,439                     | -                                 | 1,300                          | 87,855  |
| Enviro – High security    | 30,000                        | 1,933                      | -                                 | -                              | 31,933  |
| Total                     | 46,116                        | 72,372                     | 0                                 | 1,300                          | 119,788 |

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>22</sup> No environmental licences currently exist in the Belubula.

# Note 7 — Environmental provisions

There are several planned environmental provisions for the Lachlan catchment implemented under the water sharing plan, with the aim of enhancing environmental benefits.

## Environmental contingency and water quality allowances

The Wyangala Environmental Contingency Allowance (WECA) and the Lake Brewster Environmental Contingency Allowance (LBECA) are credited up to a maximum of 10,000 megalitres (each) based on triggers linked to general security allocation account volumes. These trigger levels are:

- If on 1 July, the total water held in allocation accounts exceeds 50% of general security share component.
- If 50% not achieved on 1 July, then if carryover plus AWD volume exceeds 75% at any time during the year

The water can be called upon for release by the NSW Department of Planning and Environment (Environment, Energy and Science), for ecological purposes, including, but not limited to, completion of waterbird breeding events, promotion of fish breeding, promotion of fish passage, wetland watering and increasing flow variability.

Any water remaining in the WECA or LBECA at the end of the water year must be forfeited. For the purposes of this GPWAR the WECA and LBECA, have been represented as one allowance and termed the Environmental Contingency Allowance (ECA).

The plan also states the requirement for a Water Quality Allowance (WQA) to be used for any water quality management purpose, but in particular for reduction of salinity levels and mitigation of bluegreen algae impacts. This account is to be credited 20,000 megalitres on 1 July each year. The balance remaining at the end of a water year must be forfeited.

#### Translucent flows

The water sharing plan sets out to improve natural variation in the flow regime by passing a proportion of inflows through Wyangala Dam (called 'translucent' releases) and prohibiting the extraction of tributary inflows or diversions into Lakes Brewster or Cargelligo. The rules apply from 15 May to 15 November at Wyangala once a total of 250,000 megalitres of inflows have entered the dam after 1 January.

Translucent releases are made when the combination of dam inflows and downstream tributary inflows are sufficient to produce target flows in the range of 3,500 to 8,000 megalitres per day at Brewster Weir. The rules also prohibit the extraction of some tributary inflows or the diversion of flows into Lakes Brewster or Cargelligo from 1 June to 30 November. The plan provides for a total volume of translucent and tributary flows of up to 350,000 megalitres per year measured at Brewster Weir.

## Long-term extraction limit

Lachlan River extractions must be limited to a long-term average of 305,000 megalitres while the Belubula River extractions are limited to a long-term average of 7,370 megalitres. All water in excess of these limits is reserved for environmental benefits.

#### **Environmental Release Rules Carcoar Dam**

The water supply system in the Belubula water source must be managed to maintain a flow at the Helensholme gauge (412033) of 10 megalitres per day. Carcoar releases must be made when necessary to meet this requirement.

## Data type

Measured/Administration

## **Policy**

Water Sharing Plan for the Lachlan Regulated River Water Source 2016.

Part 4 Environmental Water Provisions

Water Sharing Plan for the Belubula Regulated River Water Source 2012.

- Part 4 Planned Environmental Water Provisions
- Part 6 System Operation Rules
  - Clause 26 Environmental Release rules for Carcoar Dam

Available on the NSW Department of Planning and Environment website at <a href="https://www.industry.nsw.gov.au/water">www.industry.nsw.gov.au/water</a>

## **Data accuracy**

A1—Nil inaccuracy +/- 0%

## Providing agency

NSW Department of Planning and Environment

#### Data source

WaterNSW Annual Compliance Report (internal document)

## Methodology

Credits and debits to the environmental provisions were adopted from the WaterNSW annual compliance report.

#### Additional Information

Performance against the minimum flow requirement for the reporting period is presented in Figure 51. A summary of the water quality allowance (WQA) and environmental contingency allowance (ECA) account balances are provided in Table 26 and Table 27 respectively.

Figure 51: Belubula performance against environmental end of system target

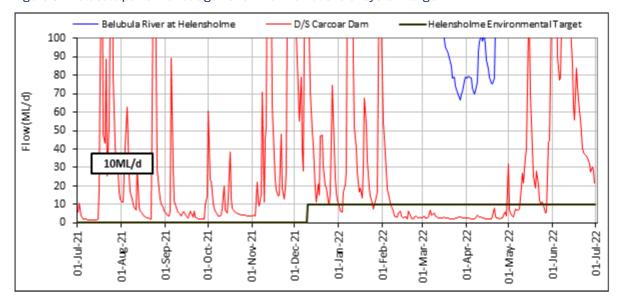


Table 26: Summary of WQA account balance (figures in ML)

| Water year            | WQA<br>Water credited | WQA<br>Usage         | WQA<br>Forfeit | WQA<br>Balance |
|-----------------------|-----------------------|----------------------|----------------|----------------|
| 2009-10 <sup>23</sup> | 0                     | 0                    | 0              | 0              |
| 2010-11               | 20,000                | 9,600                | 10,400         | 0              |
| 2011–12               | 20,000                | 0                    | 20,000         | 0              |
| 2012-13               | 20,000                | 0                    | 20,000         | 0              |
| 2013-14               | 20,000                | 0                    | 20,000         | 0              |
| 2014-15               | 20,000                | 0                    | 20,000         | 0              |
| 2015–16               | 20,000                | 0                    | 20,000         | 0              |
| 2016–17               | 20,000                | 16,027 <sup>24</sup> | 3,973          | 0              |
| 2017-18               | 20,000                | 0                    | 20,000         | 0              |
| 2018-19               | 20,000                | 4,936                | 15,064         | 0              |
| 2019-20               | 20,000                | 1,329                | 18,671         | 0              |
| 2020-21               | 20,000                | 6,319                | 13,681         | 0              |
| 2021-22               | 20,000                | 0                    | 20,000         | 0              |

Table 27 Summary of EWA account balance (figures in ML)

| Water year | EWA<br>Water<br>credited | EWA<br>Usage | EWA<br>Forfeit | EWA<br>Balance |
|------------|--------------------------|--------------|----------------|----------------|
| 2009-10    | 0                        | 0            | 0              | 0              |

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>23</sup> No credits occurred in 2009-10 due to the plan being switched off for the entire period and the system being operated through critical drought planning.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>24</sup> 15,000 delivery and 1,027 evaporation losses applied

| Water year | EWA<br>Water<br>credited | EWA<br>Usage        | EWA<br>Forfeit | EWA<br>Balance |
|------------|--------------------------|---------------------|----------------|----------------|
| 2010-11    | 20,000                   | 20,000              | 0              | 0              |
| 2011–12    | 20,000                   | 0                   | 20,000         | 0              |
| 2012-13    | 20,000                   | 0                   | 20,000         | 0              |
| 2013-14    | 20,000                   | 0                   | 20,000         | 0              |
| 2014–15    | 0                        | 0                   | 0              | 0              |
| 2015–16    | 0                        | 0                   | 0              | 0              |
| 2016–17    | 20,000 <sup>25</sup>     | 5,084 <sup>26</sup> | 14,916         | 0              |
| 2017–18    | 20,000                   | 17,295              | 2,705          | 0              |
| 2018-19    | 10,000                   | 9,271               | 729            | 0              |
| 2019–20    | 0                        | 0                   | 0              | 0              |
| 2020-21    | 20,000                   | 13,243              | 6,757          | 0              |
| 2021-22    | 20,000                   | 14,096              | 5,904          | 0              |

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 $<sup>^{25}</sup>$  No opening credits, 20,000 was credited when the storage spilled in August 2016

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>26</sup> Usage of 3,571 and 1,513 evaporation losses applied

# Note 8 — Surface water storage

This is the actual volume of water stored in the individual surface water storages at the date of reporting. The volumes provided represent the total volume of water in the storage, including dead storage which is the volume of water which can't be accessed under normal operating conditions e.g. volume below low-level outlet. It is assumed that the dead storage can be accessed if required via alternative access methods e.g. syphons.

## Data type

Derived from measured data

## **Policy**

Not applicable

## Data accuracy

A — Estimated in the range +/- 10%

## **Providing agency**

NSW Department of Planning and Environment

#### Data source

NSW Department of Planning and Environment — HYDSTRA

## Methodology

Storage volumes are calculated by processing a gauged storage elevation through a rating table that converts it to a volume.

#### Additional information

Storage capacity and dead storage volumes for the main storage in the Lachlan and Belubula are presented in Table 28.

Daily storage volumes and percentages for Lake Brewster are provided in

Figure 52. A storage trace has not been provided for Lake Cargelligo due to significant gauging issues in flood events. For plots of Wyangala and Carcoar storages refer to section 'Surface water resources and management' earlier in this report.

Table 28: Capacity and dead storage summary table

| Storage                          | Capacity (ML) | Dead storage (ML) |
|----------------------------------|---------------|-------------------|
| Carcoar Dam                      | 36,130        | 214               |
| Wyangala Dam                     | 1,217,670     | 728               |
| Lake Cargelligo                  | 36,550        | 6,350             |
| Lake Brewster                    | 153,610       | 4,550             |
| Jemalong Weir <sup>27</sup>      | 2,780         | -                 |
| Lake Brewster Weir <sup>27</sup> | 7,190         | -                 |

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>27</sup> Operated as a re-regulatory weir to improve day to day water delivery.

Figure 52: Lake Brewster storage volume and per cent full

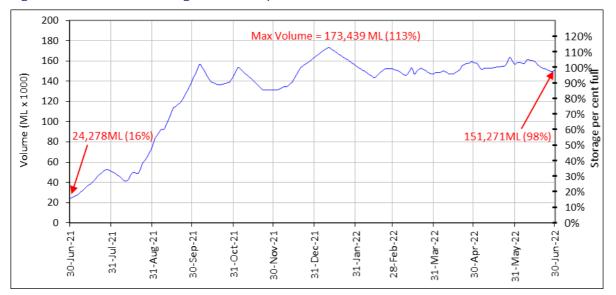
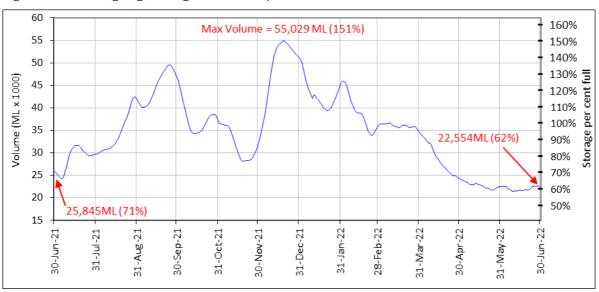


Figure 53: Lake Cargelligo storage volume and per cent full



# Note 9 — River channel storage

The volume of water stored in the river channel on the day of reporting.

## **Policy**

Not applicable

## Data type

Derived from measured data

## Data accuracy

B — Estimated in the range +/- 25%

## **Providing agency**

NSW Department of Planning and Environment

#### Data sources

NSW Department of Planning and Environment: HYDSTRA, CAIRO

## Methodology

For any river section *i*, the volume of water in the section is:

$$V_i = Q_i \times T_i$$

The river channel storage will be equal to the sum of all river section volumes.

Total river volume = 
$$\sum_{i=1}^{n} V_i$$

Descriptions of each component in this calculation are presented in Table 29.

Table 29: Summary of river channel storage calculation components

| Symbol         | Variable  | Data<br>Source | Unit |
|----------------|---|----------------|------|
| Qi             | Average flow in the river section i. Calculated by averaging the daily flows at the upstream and downstream river gauges. | HYDSTRA        | ML/d |
| Vi             | Volume in each river section i.   | Calculated     | ML   |
| T <sub>i</sub> | Average travel time for a parcel of water to travel through the river section i.  | CAIRO          | days |
| n              | Total number of sections in the river   |                |      |

Assumptions and approximations:

- Travel times are estimated to the nearest day.
- Daily flow change between gauging sites assumed to be linear.

# Note 10 — Storage inflow — Carcoar and Wyangala

Storage inflow refers to the volume of water flowing into the major headwater storages — Carcoar Dam and Wyangala Dam.

## **Policy**

Not applicable

## Data type

Derived from measured data

## Data accuracy

A — Estimated in the range +/- 10%

## **Providing agency**

NSW Department of Planning and Environment

#### **Data sources**

NSW Department of Planning and Environment: HYDSTRA, SILO (Queensland government climatic information)

## Methodology

In most of the major storages in NSW there is no direct measurement of inflows. However, it is possible to calculate inflows by using a mass balance approach (based on balancing the change in storage volume) where inflow is the only unknown (seepage assumed as zero). This is referred to as a back-calculation of inflows.

The back-calculation figures were derived using a one-day time step with the inflow calculated according to the equation below. Descriptions of each component in this calculation are presented in Table 30.

$$I = \sum_{i=1}^{n} \left( \Delta S_i + O_i + Se_i + \frac{(E_i - R_i) * A_i}{100} \right)$$

Table 30: Components for back-calculation of inflow

| Symbol         | Variable   | Unit   |
|----------------|--|--------|
| 1              | Inflow   | ML/day |
| $\Delta S_{i}$ | Change in storage volume at time i   | ML     |
| O <sub>i</sub> | Outflow at time i  | ML/day |
| Sei            | Seepage at time i  | ML/day |
| R <sub>i</sub> | Rainfall at time i   | mm/day |
| Ei             | Evaporation (Mortons shallow lake estimation, SILO) at time i              | mm/day |
| Ai             | Surface area at time i — derived from height to surface areas lookup curve | ha     |
| n              | The number of days in the year   |        |

# Note 11 — Storage inflow — Lake Cargelligo and Lake Brewster

This is the estimated total annual inflow to Lake Cargelligo or Lake Brewster.

## **Policy**

Not applicable

## Data type

Measured data

## Data accuracy

A — Estimated in the range +/- 10%

## **Providing agency**

NSW Department of Planning and Environment

#### Data sources

NSW Department of Planning and Environment/WaterNSW: CAIRO

## Methodology

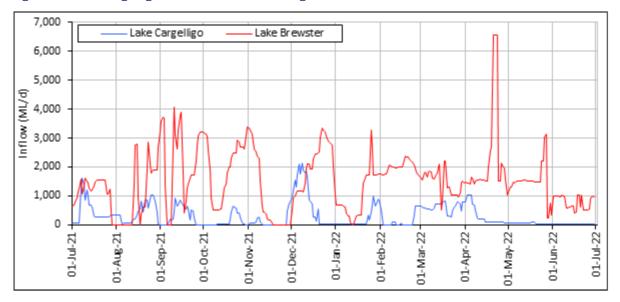
The inflow to Lake Cargelligo used in these accounts is the gauged (measured) flow indicated in the operations database (CAIRO), which is obtained from the gauging site 412101 (Lake Cargelligo Intake upstream Lake Cargelligo Weir).

The inflow to Lake Brewster used in these accounts is the gauged (measured) flow indicated in the operations database (CAIRO), which is obtained from the gauging site 412102 (Lake Brewster Intake downstream Lake Brewster Weir Pool Regulator).

#### Additional information

Daily storage inflows for Lake Cargelligo and Lake Brewster off river storages are presented in Figure 54.

Figure 54: Lake Cargelligo and Lake Brewster storage inflow



# Note 12 — Storage evaporation and storage rainfall

This refers to the volume of water effective on Carcoar and Wyangala Dams that is either lost as a result of evaporation or gained as a result of rainfall.

## Data type

Derived from measured data

## **Policy**

Not applicable

## Data accuracy

B - Estimated in the range +/- 25%

## **Providing agency**

NSW Department of Planning and Environment

#### Data source

NSW Department of Planning and Environment — HYDSTRA, SILO (Queensland government climatic information)

## Methodology

## **Wyangala and Carcoar**

Daily rainfall and Morton's shallow lake evaporation data (accessed via SILO) are applied to storage surface area time-series from HYDSTRA to achieve a volume in megalitres which is then aggregated to an annual figure. The rainfall and evaporation data utilised is equivalent to the data used in the storage inflow back-calculation (note 10). Descriptions of each component in this calculation are presented in Table 31.

$$V = \sum_{i=0}^{n} \left( \frac{R_i \times A_i}{100} \right)$$

Evaporation:  

$$V = \sum_{i=0}^{n} \left( \frac{E_i \times A_i}{100} \right)$$

Table 31: Components for storage evaporation and rainfall

| Symbol | Variable   | Unit    |
|--------|--|---------|
| V      | Volume   | ML/year |
| R      | Rainfall   | mm/day  |
| Α      | Surface area — derived from height to surface areas lookup curve | На      |
| Е      | Evaporation (Mortons shallow lake estimation, SILO)              | mm/day  |

## Lake Cargelligo

Similarly, the rainfall and evaporation volumes for Lake Cargelligo were estimated by using the storage surface area and observed evaporation and rainfall readings. For rainfall the data collected at the storage was used, whereas for evaporation data at Lake Cargelligo Airport (75039) was used, as the storage data had a large range of erratic data.

#### **Lake Brewster**

As Lake Brewster is physically compartmentalised for operation (resulting in saving water to evaporation), calculating an individual rainfall and evaporation volume is a much more difficult task which would include operational information and multiple storage rating curves. For the purpose of this GPWAR a more simplistic approach was adopted whereby only net evaporation is reported, and this net-evaporation is the balancing (unknown) component of the storage mass-balance.

Net Evaporation = Inflow - Change in Storage - Outflow

(all figures are in megalitres)

# Note 13 — River evaporation and river rainfall

This refers to the volume of water effective on the accounted river reach that is either lost as a result of evaporation or gained as a result of rainfall.

## Data type

Derived from measured data

## **Policy**

Not applicable

## Data accuracy

C — Estimated in the range +/- 50%

## **Providing agency**

NSW Department of Planning and Environment

#### Data source

NSW Department of Planning and Environment: HYDSTRA, ARCGIS

QLD Department of Natural Resources: SILO

## Methodology

The volume applied for evaporation and rainfall on the regulated river is achieved by first calculating a daily time-series of river area. This is achieved by breaking the river up into reaches and utilising the cross sections recorded at river gauging locations to determine the average width of the river with a given daily flow. River length is then determined between two gauging locations using ARCGIS and as such an area for each reach can be defined.

Area  $(m^2)$  = Average W (m) x L (m)

Where W is the daily width determined from the gauging cross sections and L is the length as determined through ARCGIS analysis.

With daily area determined, various climate stations are selected based on their proximity to each river reach. Rainfall and evaporation data is then extracted from SILO and applied to the area timeseries to achieve a volume in megalitres which is then aggregated to an annual figure. Descriptions of each component in this calculation are presented in Table 32.

Rainfall:

$$V = \sum_{i=1}^{n} \left( \frac{R_i \times A_i}{10^6} \right)$$

Evaporation:

$$V = \sum_{i=1}^{n} \left( \frac{ETO_i \times K_c \times A_i}{10^6} \right)$$

Table 32: Components for storage evaporation and rainfall

| Component | Variable   | Unit           |
|-----------|--|----------------|
| V         | Volume   | ML/year        |
| R         | Rainfall   | mm/day         |
| Α         | Surface area — derived from height to surface areas lookup curve | m <sup>2</sup> |
| ETO       | reference evapotranspiration from SILO                           | mm/day         |
| Kc        | Crop coefficient for open water (1.05)                           | -              |

# Note 14 — Gauged tributary inflow

The inflow into the regulated river that occurs downstream of the headwater storages that is measured at known gauging stations.

## **Policy**

Not applicable

## Data type

Measured data

## Data accuracy

A — Estimated in the range +/- 10%

## **Providing agency**

NSW Department of Planning and Environment

#### Data sources

NSW Department of Planning and Environment: HYDSTRA

## Methodology

The flows are obtained by measuring river heights at gauging stations along the river, and then passing these heights through a rating table that converts them to a daily flow volume.

#### Additional information

The total gauged inflow for the reporting period is the sum of the inflows for the gauged tributaries defined in Table 33 and

Table 34.

Table 33: Belubula — Summary of gauged tributary inflow (annual volume in megalitres)

| Station | Station name               | Area (km2) | Volume (ML) |
|---------|----------------------------|------------|-------------|
| 412080  | Flyers Creek At<br>Beneree | 98         | 29,832      |
| Total   | -                          | 98         | 29,832      |

Table 34. Lachlan — Summary of gauged tributary inflow (annual volume in megalitres)

| Station | Station name                              | Area (km2) | Volume (ML) |
|---------|---|------------|-------------|
| 412030  | Mandagery Creek U/S Eugowra (Smithfield)  | 1,630      | 152,202     |
| 412029  | Boorowa River At Prossers Crossing        | 1,530      | 252,417     |
| 412033  | Belubula River At Helensholme             | 2,560      | 362,411     |
| 412192  | Booberoi Creek At Return (Cannons Bridge) | N/A        | 106,991     |
| Total   | -   | 5,720      | 874,020     |

# Note 15 — Ungauged runoff estimate

The inflow into the river that occurs downstream of the headwater storages that is not measured.

## **Policy**

Not applicable

## Data type

**Estimated** 

## Data accuracy

C — Estimated in the range +/- 50%

## **Providing agency**

NSW Department of Planning and Environment

#### Data sources

NSW Department of Planning and Environment, WaterNSW: CAIRO

## Methodology

To derive an estimate a simple mass balance approach was adopted whereby known inflows and outflows were combined with an assumed loss factor. No estimate was made for the areas below Lake Cargelligo for the Lachlan or below the Helensholme gauging station for the Belubula, however these contributions are likely to be negligible.

$$UI = EoS - SR - GI + E + LE$$

Where:

- **UI** = Ungauged Inflow Estimate
- **EoS** = Gauged Flow at the point in the system where no further inflow is estimated downstream for the purposes of this ungauged calculation (Helensholme in the Belubula and Lake Cargelligo in the Lachlan)
- SR = Storage Release
- GI = Gauged Inflows
- E = Extractions (excluding any that are below the nominated 'EoS')
- **LE** = Estimated Losses. These were assumed to be 15% for Lachlan in 2021–22 and 20% in Belubula of the measured flows (gauged flow plus storage releases) entering the system.

#### Additional information

The estimate of river inflow resulting from ungauged tributary contributions for the reporting period are presented in Table 35.

Table 35: Summary of ungauged inflow estimate for the reporting period

| Station name | Volume (ML) |
|--------------|-------------|
| Belubula     | 315,600     |
| Lachlan      | 173,800     |

# Note 16 — Dam releases, river inflow from dam releases

The volume of water released from Wyangala Dam, Carcoar Dam, Lake Brewster or Lake Cargelligo. In the GPWAR accounting process this release volume decreases the relative storage asset, while increasing the river asset volume.

## **Policy**

Not applicable

## Data type

Measured data

## **Data accuracy**

A — Estimated in the range +/- 10%

## **Providing agency**

NSW Department of Planning and Environment

#### **Data sources**

NSW Department of Planning and Environment: HYDSTRA

## Methodology

The flows are obtained by measuring river heights at a gauging station downstream of the dam wall or lake storage, and then passing these heights through a rating table that converts them to a daily flow volume.

#### Additional information

A summary of the release components for the reporting period is presented in Table 31. Daily releases from Wyangala Dam, Carcoar Dam, Lake Cargelligo and Lake Brewster for the reporting period is presented in

|  | - |  |
|--|---|--|
|  |   |  |

Figure 55,

Figure 56, Figure 57 and

Figure 58 respectively.

Table 36: Summary of releases (ML)

| River system             | Storage                | Release<br>(ML) | Increase to river asset (ML) |
|--------------------------|------------------------|-----------------|------------------------------|
| Belubula regulated river | Carcoar                | 15,249          | 15,249                       |
| Lachlan regulated river  | Wyangala               | 1,833,416       | -                            |
| Lachlan regulated river  | Lake Brewster          | 321,149         | -                            |
| Lachlan regulated river  | Lake Cargelligo        | 120,233         | -                            |
| Lachlan regulated river  | Total Lachlan increase | -               | 2,274,798                    |

Figure 55: Wyangala Dam storage releases

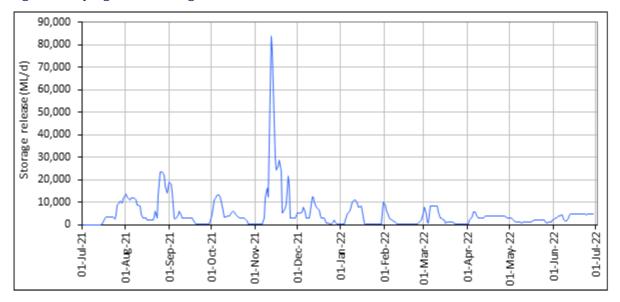


Figure 56: Carcoar Dam storage releases

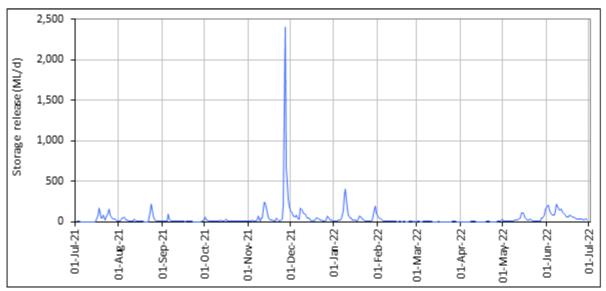


Figure 57: Lake Cargelligo storage releases

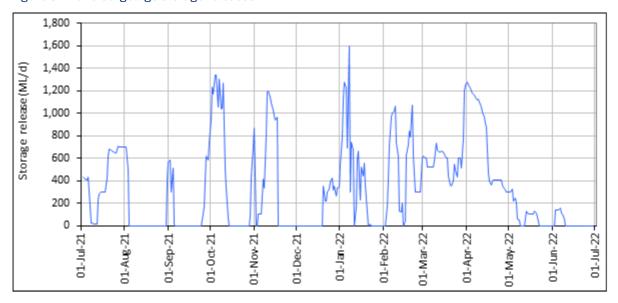
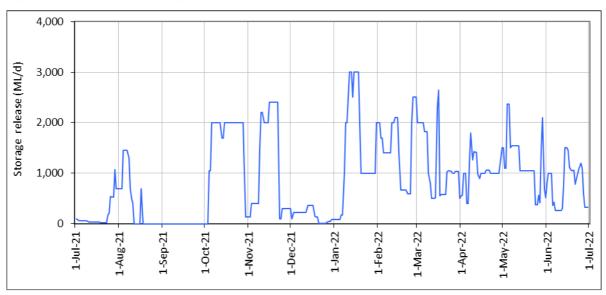


Figure 58: Lake Brewster storage release



# Note 17 — Regulated effluents

This refers to flow that leaves the river via regulated effluents. Specifically, this is the regulated offtake that divert water to be stored in the off-river storages of Lake Cargelligo or Lake Brewster. The effluents to Lake Cargelligo and Lake Brewster are represented as both a decrease to the river asset volume and an increase to the relative storage asset.

## Data type

Derived from measured data

## **Policy**

Not applicable

## **Data accuracy**

A — Estimated in the range +/- 10%

## **Providing agency**

NSW Department of Planning and Environment

#### Data source

NSW Department of Planning and Environment — HYDSTRA

## Methodology

Flows were extracted at gauging sites situated within the channel of the effluent flow. The gauges record the time series of heights which are converted to a volume of water based on a derived height to flow conversion relationship (rating table).

#### Additional information

Regulated effluents from the river during the reporting period are presented in Table 37.

Table 37: Summary of regulated effluents (ML)

| Station name   | Station code | River outflow (storage inflow) (ML) |
|--|--------------|-------------------------------------|
| Lake Cargelligo Intake Upstream Lake Cargelligo Weir         | 412101       | 109,004                             |
| Lake Brewster Inlet D/S Lake Brewster Weir Pool<br>Regulator | 412102       | 555,832                             |
| Booberoi Creek at offtake No. 2                              | 412189       | 157,876                             |
| Total Decrease to River Asset                                | -            | 822,712                             |

Effluent outflows other than those defined in this note have not been included in this GPWAR and as such form part of the unaccounted difference presented in the statements, except for regular water diverted:

- to Jemalong irrigation scheme (13,331 megalitres) which forms part of the allocation account usages and river extraction volume
- out of the system for replenishment purposes which is accounted for as replenishment 'flows leaving'.

# Note 18 — Flow leaving

This refers to flow that leaves the entity and does not return to the entity. The line item includes regulated water leaving the defined accounting extent for replenishment purposes and licensed environmental water ordered to flow beyond the accounting extent to achieve environmental benefits. More information on licensed held environmental water is available in Note 6 of this GPWAR.

## Data type

Derived from measured data

## **Policy**

Not applicable

## Data accuracy

A — Estimated in the range +/- 10%

## **Providing agency**

NSW Department of Planning and Environment

## Data source

NSW Department of Planning and Environment — HYDSTRA

## Methodology

The end of system flow is calculated by adding the flows at the specified end of system gauging stations. Replenishment flows detailed below are as advised by WaterNSW in the operational data, while the held environmental water is separated based on orders. There are no replenishment or environmental flows leaving the Belubula system. A summary of flow leaving the regulated accounting extent for the reporting period are presented in Table 38 and Table 39. Daily time series plots of flow leaving for the Belubula and Lachlan accounting extents are presented in Figure 59 and

Figure 60 respectively.

Table 38: Belubula flows leaving summary

| Station | Location                      | Total flow (ML) |
|---------|-------------------------------|-----------------|
| 412033  | Belubula River at Helensholme | 87,705          |
| Total   | -                             | 87,705          |

#### Table 39: Lachlan flows leaving summary

| Station | Location                                  | Total flow (ML) |
|---------|---|-----------------|
| 412163  | Merrowie Creek Downstream of Offtake Weir | 224,151         |
| 412122  | Merrimajeel Creek at Cobb Highway         | 136,330         |
| 412124  | Mugtabah Creek at Cobb Highway            | 70,954          |
| 412042  | Willandra Creek at Willandra Homestead    | 157,811         |
| 412005  | Lachlan River at Booligal                 | 794,737         |

| Station | Location | Total flow (ML) |
|---------|----------|-----------------|
| Total   | -        | 1,383,983       |

Figure 59: Belubula flow leaving chart

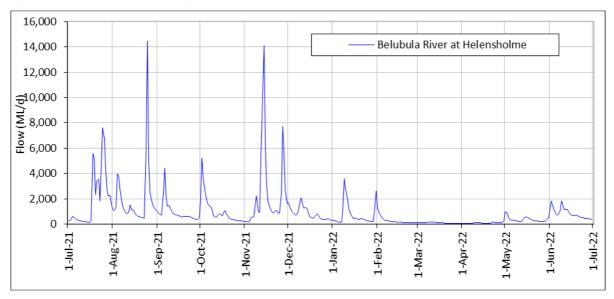
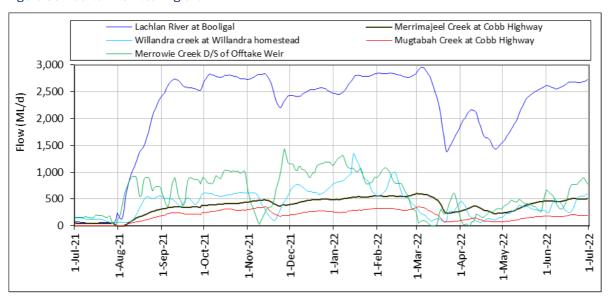


Figure 60: Lachlan flow leaving chart



### Note 19 — Extractions from river

This is the actual volume of water directly pumped or diverted from the regulated river by licence holders.

Occasionally (generally in the case of environmental water) volumes are ordered against a licence account for in-stream benefits or to pass through end of system targets. As such the volume reported to be physically extracted from the river will not always be equal to the amount of water debited against accounts for usage, which has been described in Note 3. The figure also excludes basic rights extractions, which is reported as a separate line item and detailed in Note 20.

### Data type

Measured data

### **Policy**

Not applicable

### Data accuracy

A — Estimated in the range +/- 10%

### **Providing agency**

NSW Department of Planning and Environment

Water Accounting System (jointly owned by WaterNSW and NSW Department of Planning and Environment)

NSW Department of Planning and Environment — Water Ordering and Usage database

### Methodology

For the purposes of this GPWAR extraction from the river is considered to be the total volume metered and debited to the allocation accounts minus any licensed account water that can be identified as being used within the system or ordered to be passed through the system. These volumes are generally associated with environmental water orders and have already been accounted for in other line items.

Extractions from river includes that diverted to an irrigation corporation for distribution (i.e. Jemalong Irrigation diversion).

### Additional information

The calculation to estimate the physical extractions from river is presented in Table 40.

Table 40: Reconciliation of physical extraction to account usage

| Parameter   | Operator | Lachlan (ML) | Belubula (ML) |
|---|----------|--------------|---------------|
| Estimated extractions from river <sup>28</sup>  | Plus     | 147,519      | 4,349         |
| Uncontrolled Flow Usage   | Minus    | 0            | 0             |
| Licensed flow leaving System <sup>29</sup> plus<br>In-stream licensed usage <sup>30</sup> | Plus     | 14,174       | 0             |
| Total account usage <sup>31</sup>   | -        | 161,693      | 4,349         |

 $<sup>^{\</sup>rm 28}$  Direct licensed extractions from the river excluding basic rights usage estimate

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>29</sup> Licensed water ordered to leave the accounted Lachlan extent for environmental benefits. This number is obtained from the Matter 9.3 report.

 $<sup>^{30}</sup>$  Water ordered and used within the accounted system for environmental benefit (not extracted from the river)

 $<sup>^{</sup>m 31}$  The total amount of water accounted for usage against the allocation accounts

## Note 20 — Basic rights

This is the non-licensed right to extract water to meet basic requirements for household purposes (non-commercial uses in and around the house and garden) and for watering of stock. It is available for anyone who has access to river frontage on their property.

This water cannot be used for irrigating crops or garden produce that will be sold or bartered, for washing down machinery sheds or for intensive livestock operations.

In times of limited supply, there may be restrictions on taking water for domestic and stock use.

### Data Type

**Estimated** 

### **Policy**

Water Sharing Plan for the Lachlan Regulated River Water Source 2016

- Part 5 Requirements for water
  - Division 2 Requirements for water for basic landholder rights
    - Clause 18 Domestic and stock rights

Water Sharing Plan for the Belubula Regulated River Water Source 2012

- Part 5 Requirements for water
  - Division 2 Requirements for water for basic landholder rights
    - Clause 17 Domestic and stock rights

Available on the NSW Department of Planning and Environment website at www.industry.nsw.gov.au/water

### Data accuracy

C — Estimated in the range +/- 50%

### **Providing agency**

NSW Department of Planning and Environment

#### Data source

Water Sharing Plan for the Lachlan Regulated River Water Source 2016

Water Sharing Plan for the Belubula Regulated River Water Source 2012

#### Methodology

In this GPWAR the annual extraction for domestic and stock rights for the Lachlan is assumed to be the estimated figure stated in the Water Sharing Plan for the Lachlan Regulated River Water Source 2016 (1,163 megalitres). For the Belubula the annual extraction for domestic and stock rights is assumed to be the estimated figure stated in the Water Sharing Plan for the Belubula Regulated River Water Source 2012 (70 megalitres). These figures are produced from a series of estimates for water usage, stocking rates, population and property shape based on local knowledge to calculate riparian (stock and domestic) requirements in megalitres per year.

## Note 21 — Supplementary/Uncontrolled flows extractions

This is the volume of water extracted or diverted under supplementary access licences during announced periods of supplementary water. Supplementary flow events are announced periodically during the season when high flow events occur with the period of extraction and volume of water to be extracted determined based on the rules as set out in the water sharing plans. It is important to note that supplementary access licences differ from other categories of access licence in that the volume of water in the account refers to an annual upper limit for extractions and its provision is totally reliant on the occurrence of high flow events.

Uncontrolled flow refers to a specific volume of non-debit water that is pumped or diverted from the river by general and high security licence holders under specific licence and river flow conditions defined in the water sharing plan. The Water Sharing Plan also defines rules by which the non-debit uncontrolled flow that has been taken is to be debited back to the general and high security licence accounts.

### Data type

Measured data

### **Policy**

Water Sharing Plan for the Belubula Regulated River Water Source 2012

- Part 7 Limits to the availability of water
  - Division 5 Available water determinations
    - Clause 43 Available water determinations for supplementary water access licences
- Part 9 Operation of water allocation accounts and managing access licences
  - Division 3 Uncontrolled flow and supplementary water access rules
    - Clause 47-Taking of uncontrolled flows under regulated river (high security) access
    - Clause 48-Taking of uncontrolled flows under regulated river (general security) access licences
    - o Clause 49-Taking of water under supplementary water access licences

Refer to applicable Water Sharing Plan on the NSW Department of Planning and Environment website at <a href="https://www.industry.nsw.gov.au/water">www.industry.nsw.gov.au/water</a>

### Data accuracy

A - Estimated in the range +/- 10%

### **Providing agency**

NSW Department of Planning and Environment

#### Data source

Water Accounting System (WaterNSW)

### Methodology

Supplementary and uncontrolled water extraction and diversion data is collected by either on farm meters that measure extraction or gauges on diversion works. Meter readings are collected for individual licence holders at intervals during the year and converted via a calibration factor to a volume of water extracted. Water diverted from the river is measured by recording the height at either the gauge or weir with the volume diverted being derived by passing these heights through a rating table. However, with supplementary water and uncontrolled flow being extracted through the same pumps as those extracting water under other categories of access licences additional information is required to separate out the supplementary and uncontrolled flow extractions. Licence holders are therefore required to provide notification of their intention to pump prior to pumping or diverting water during the declared supplementary or uncontrolled flow events and provide meter readings both at the commencement and conclusion of pumping. This enables the supplementary and uncontrolled flow extractions.

The Lachlan has no access to supplementary water or uncontrolled flow.

#### Additional Information

Supplementary access in the Belubula was available in the reporting period during the period indicated in Table 41. Uncontrolled Flow usage for the reporting period was debited back to general security account usage in accordance with Water Sharing Plan rules on 10 December 2022. Plot showing daily usage for supplementary and uncontrolled flow is provided in Figure 61.

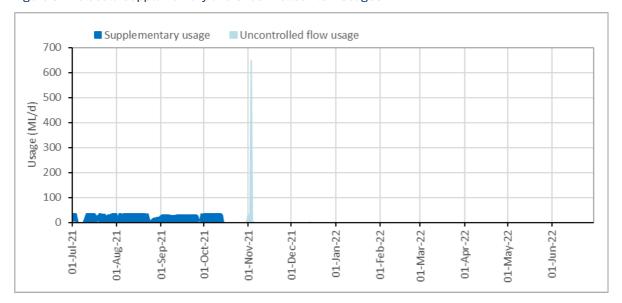
Supplementary or uncontrolled flow access is not available in the Lachlan.

Table 41: Belubula supplementary event announcements, uncontrolled flow and usage for the reporting period

| Announce date | % use<br>limit | Section                                    | Section start date | Section end date | Supp.<br>usage | UCF<br>usage <sup>32</sup> |
|---------------|----------------|--|--------------------|------------------|----------------|----------------------------|
| 1-Jul-21      | 100            | Carcoar Dam To Needles (Gs412056)          | 1-Jul-21           | 14-Dec-21        | 3125           | 710                        |
| 1-Jul-21      | 100            | Needles (Gs412056) To Bells (Gs412165)     | 1-Jul-21           | 14-Dec-21        | 0              | 0                          |
| 1-Jul-21      | 100            | Bells (Gs412165) To Helensholme (Gs412033) | 1-Jul-21           | 14-Dec-21        | 0              | 14.2                       |
| 1-Jul-21      | 100            | Helensholem (Gs412033) To Lachlan Junction | 1-Jul-21           | 14-Dec-21        | 0              | 0                          |
| 1-Jul-21      | 100            | Carcoar Dam To Needles (Gs412056)          | 1-Jul-21           | 12-Apr-22        | 0              | 0                          |

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>32</sup> UCF – Uncontrolled Flow – All UCF usage revered back to general security account usage on 10 December 2021 in accordance with the Water Sharing Plan rules.

Figure 61: Belubula Supplementary and Uncontrolled Flow Usage32



## Note 22 — Replenishments flows

This refers to water that is set aside as part of the essential requirements for the provision of flows to Willandra Creek, Merrowie Creek, Muggabah Creek, Merrimajeel Creek and Booberoi Creek. The water is to supply water for households, town use and stock and for accounting purposes is treated as water leaving the system/entity. The annual limits to be delivered are detailed in the water sharing plan.

### Data type

Calculated from measured data

### **Policy**

Water Sharing Plan for the Lachlan Regulated River Water Source 2016.

- Part 10 System operation rules
  - Division 4 General system operations rules
    - o Clause 59 Replenishment flows

Available on the NSW Department of Planning and Environment website at www.industry.nsw.gov.au/water

### Data accuracy

A — Estimated in the range +/- 10%

### **Providing agency**

NSW Department of Planning and Environment

#### Data source

NSW Department of Planning and Environment — WaterNSW Compliance Report (Internal document)

### Methodology

Replenishment flows are delivered at certain times of the year and the volume can be assessed by the flow recorded at the gauging station for that period. For Booberoi creek water may return to the Lachlan River and as such the replenishment is considered to be the outflow minus any return flow.

The following table summarises the assessed replenishment flows for the reporting period.

### **Additional Information**

A summary of replenishment flows for the reporting period is illustrated in Table 42. For 2021-22 reporting period all replenishments were met by surplus flows in the system.

Table 42: Replenishment flow summary

| Station | Area of replenishment                       | Annual regulated replenishment limit (ML) | Delivered in reporting period (ML) |
|---------|---|---|------------------------------------|
| 412042  | Willandra Creek at Willandra Homestead      | Up to 12,000                              | Met by Surplus Flows               |
| 412163  | Merrowie Creek downstream from offtake weir | Up to 9,000                               | Met by Surplus Flows               |
| N/A     | Muggabah and Merrimajeel creeks             | Up to 9,000                               | Met by Surplus Flows               |
| 412189  | Booberoi Creek at Offtake No.2              | Up to 12,500                              | Met by Surplus Flows               |
|         |   | TOTAL                                     | 34,450                             |

## Note 23 — River and groundwater interaction

This note refers to water that has been identified as either flowing from the connected alluvium to the accounted river extent (increase in water asset), or alternatively from the accounted river extent to the alluvium aquifer (decrease in water asset). The estimate covers the area of the Upper and Lower Lachlan groundwater management areas (GMA). Any interaction outside of these areas is excluded and would therefore form part of the unaccounted difference.

### Data type

Modelled

### **Policy**

Not applicable

### Data accuracy

D — Estimated in the range +/- 100%

### **Providing agency**

NSW Department of Planning and Environment

### Data source

NSW Department of Planning and Environment MODFLOW (Data inputs from HYDSTRA, GDS)

NSW Department of Planning and Environment Method B — Water Table Fluctuation Method (Data inputs from HYDSTRA, GDS)

### Methodology

For the Upper and Lower Lachlan groundwater sources, the method used to calculate the net flow from the accounted river extent to the alluvium aquifer can be either of the following.

If available, use the annual net river – aquifer interaction estimates from the NSW Department of Planning and Environment MODFLOW models for the Lower Lachlan Groundwater Management Area and the Upper Lachlan Groundwater Management Area (for a more detailed explanation of the Method, see 'Method A' in the document NSW General Purpose Water Accounting Reports — Groundwater Methodologies, available for download from the NSW Department of Planning and Environment website at <a href="https://www.industry.nsw.gov.au/water">www.industry.nsw.gov.au/water</a>. The model areas are illustrated in Figure 62.

Alternatively, an estimation based on the relationships developed between the river stage and historical MODFLOW model results is used. The river gauging site 412005 (Lachlan River at Booligal) was used to develop the relationship for the Lower Lachlan Groundwater Management Area. Similarly, the gauging station 412004(Lachlan River at Forbes) was used to develop the relationship for the Upper Lachlan Groundwater Management Area.

The resulting equations used for estimating the accounting inputs are as follows:

- Lower Lachlan Groundwater management Area: Net River Flow to Aquifer =  $16.234 \times \overline{H} + 11.301$
- Upper Lachlan Groundwater management Area: Net River Flow to Aquifer =  $9.44 \times \overline{H} + 27.732$ Where H is the average annual river stage.

No estimates were made for interactions with the river outside the area covered by the lower Macquarie groundwater source

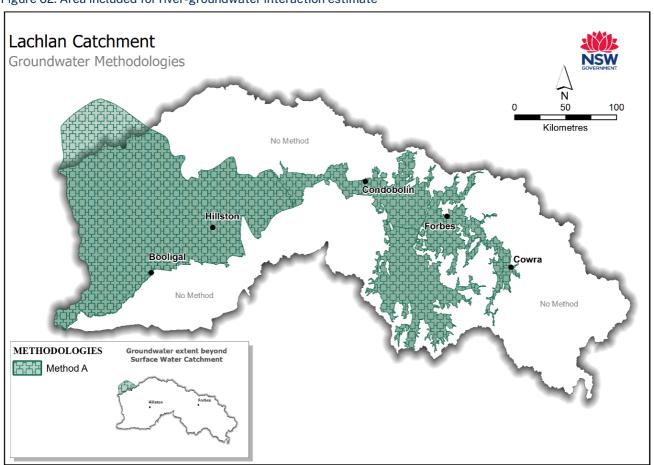
#### Additional information

The estimated total net flow to the aquifer for the reporting year is shown in Table 43.

Table 43: Lachlan River Net Flow to Aquifer

| Groundwater Management<br>Area | Gauging Station | Average Annual river<br>Stage (m) | Net River Flow to Aquifer (ML) |  |
|--------------------------------|-----------------|-----------------------------------|--------------------------------|--|
| Lower Lachlan                  | 412005          | 2.017                             | 44,000                         |  |
| Upper Lachlan                  | 412004          | 1.862                             | 45,000                         |  |
|                                |                 | TOTAL                             | 89,000                         |  |

Figure 62: Area included for river-groundwater interaction estimate



### Note 24 — Unaccounted difference

In theory if all the processes of a water balance could be accurately accounted for the unaccounted difference would be zero. Due to the large uncertainties in many of the volumes presented in the accounts, the various sources from which the data has been obtained and the fact that not all processes of the water cycle have been accounted, the statements are not balanced at the end of the accounting process. In order to balance the accounts a final balancing entry is required, and this is termed the unaccounted difference. As technology progresses and accuracy improves in the account estimates, it is anticipated that relatively, this figure will reduce in future accounts.

### Data type

Not applicable

### **Policy**

Not applicable

### **Data accuracy**

D — Estimated in the range +/- 100%

### **Providing agency**

Not applicable

#### Data source

Not applicable

### Methodology

The unaccounted difference is equal to the amount required to obtain the correct volume in river at the end of the reporting period, after all the known physical inflows and outflows have been accounted. The double-entry accounting process attempted to represent the physical movement of water by creating a river asset. The opening and closing balance of the river volume was estimated according to Note 9.

Surface Water unaccounted difference:

$$UVSW = Rs - Rc + RI - Ro$$

Where:

- UVSW = Unaccounted difference for Surface Water
- **Rs** = Opening river volume estimate
- Rc = Closing river volume estimate
- Ro = Physical outflows from the river (e.g. extractions)
- RI = Physical inflows to the river (e.g. runoff, return flows, dam releases)

In addition to the unaccounted river asset volume an unaccounted difference was also required to be applied to the Lake Cargelligo storage to achieve mass balance. With the storage balance estimates were made for evaporation and rainfall volumes, while observed readings were used for inflow, release, and storage volume. With all these processes combined there was an unexplained

mass balance error. To achieve the correct storage balance an unaccounted difference was therefore applied (

Figure 45). Note figures in brackets and red represent negative Unaccounted Difference.

Table 44: Unaccounted Difference Breakdown

| Process          | Unaccounted difference |  |
|------------------|------------------------|--|
| River (Lachlan)  | 734,557                |  |
| River (Belubula) | (6,264)                |  |

## Note 25 — Adjusting entry

As opposed to the unaccounted difference which corrects the physical balance of the river (detailed in Note 24), this is a line item that is used to correct non-physical balances of the accounts. The double entry accounting being utilised to produce this GPWAR is a continuous process whereby the opening balance of one year is the closing balance for the preceding year. Occasionally corrections are required for a variety of reasons including:

- when an error has been identified in a prior year of the published GPWAR report
- when a figure in the corporate database has changed since the publication of the GPWAR as a result of an error being identified, or improved information becoming available
- when a process that had previously been reported is unable to be supplied and the associated asset or liability must be removed to maintain the integrity of the statements.

### Data type

Calculated

### **Accuracy**

A1 - Nil inaccuracy +/- 0%

### **Providing agency**

NSW Department of Planning and Environment.

#### Data source

Not applicable

### Methodology

A double entry journal transaction in the prior reporting period under the line item adjusting entry (account corrections) that ensures the correct opening balance for the current reporting period is achieved.

#### Additional information

A journal entry is placed in the comparative year to ensure correct opening balances are achieved in the reporting year. No adjusting entries were applied for the reporting period for either Lachlan or Belubula systems.

# References

| WASB 2012, Australian Water Accounting Standard 1 Preparation and Presentation of General |
|---|
| Purpose Water Accounting Reports (AWAS 1), Bureau of Meteorology                          |
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